

CITY OF OAKBROOK TERRACE, ILLINOIS

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR

THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

CITY OF OAKBROOK TERRACE, ILLINOIS ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

Prepared by City of Oakbrook Terrace Finance Department Amy Marrero, City Administrator

City of Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois April 30, 2021

Contents

Introductory Section	
List of City Officials	i
Organization Chart	ii
Letter of Transmittal	iii
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	viii
Financial Section	
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Activities	16
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	20
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	22
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund	23
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Fund	24
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund	25
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Pension Trust Fund	26
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Pension Trust Fund	27
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	28

City of Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois April 30, 2021

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - Regular Plan
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel Fund
Police Pension Fund
Schedule of City Contributions
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - Regular Plan
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel Fund78
Police Pension Fund
Schedule of Investment Returns
Police Pension Fund80
Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules
General Fund
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Combining Balance Sheet
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances90
Special Revenue Funds
Motor Fuel Tax Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Debt Service Funds
Combining Balance Sheet
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

City of Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois April 30, 2021

Debt Service Fund - SSA II	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	94
2010 Bond Fund	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	95
2012/2021 Bond Fund (Major Fund)	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	96
Capital Projects Funds	
Capital Improvements Fund (Major Fund)	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	97
Proprietary Fund Type	
Enterprise Fund	
Water Fund	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual	98
Other Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Capital Assets by Source	100
Schedule by Function and Activity	101
Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity	103
Long-Term Debt Requirements	
Special Service Area No. 2 Bonds	104
General Obligation Taxable Business District Bond Series 2012B	105
General Obligation (Refunding) Bond Series 2013	106
General Obligation Refunding Bond Series 2021	107

April 30, 2021

Statistical Section

Financial Trends	
Net Position by Component	108
Changes in Net Position	110
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	114
Changes in Fund Balance and Percentage of Debt Service to Noncapital Expenditures of Governmental Funds	116
Revenue Capacity	
Taxable Sales by Category	118
Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates	120
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	122
Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments	123
Principal Property Taxpayers	125
Retailers' Occupation, Service Occupation and Use Tax	126
Property Tax Levies and Collections	127
Hotel Tax Collections	129
Debt Capacity	
Outstanding Debt by Type	131
Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita	133
Schedule of Direct and Overlapping Debt - General Obligation Debt	
Schedule of Legal Debt Margin	136
Demographic and Economic Information	
Demographic and Economic Statistics	137
Principal City Employers	138
Operating Information	
Operating Indicators	139
Ten Largest Consumers - Waterworks and Sewerage Systems	141
Full-Time Equivalent Employees	142
Capital Asset Statistics	144
Surety Bonds of Principal Officials	146



List of City Officials

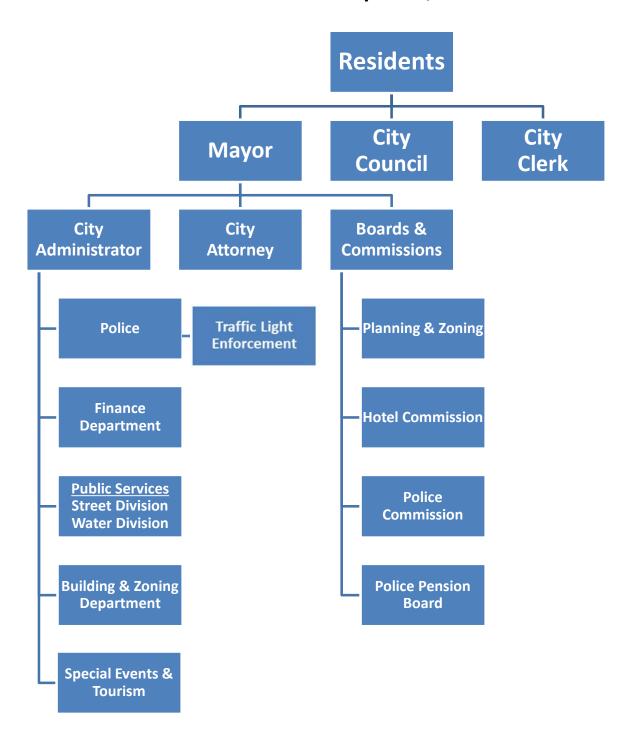
ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor Paul Esposito Charlie Barbari Alderman Alderman Joseph Beckwith Alderman Dennis Greco Mary Fitzgerald Alderwoman Alderman Robert Rada Alderman Frank Vlach Michael Shadley City Clerk

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

City Attorney
Storino, Ramello, & Durkin
City Administrator
Amy Marrero
Police Chief
Casey Calvello
Building and Zoning Administrator
Public Services Director
Craig Ward

City of Oakbrook Terrace Organization Chart Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2021



MAYOR Paul Esposito

CITY CLERK Michael Shadley

CITY ADMINISTRATOR Amy Marrero



WARD 1 Alderman Charlie Barbari Alderman Joseph Beckwith

WARD 2

Alderman Frank Vlach Alderman Dennis Greco

WARD 3

Alderman Robert Rada Alderwoman Mary Fitzgerald

CITY OF OAKBROOK TERRACE

17W275 BUTTERFIELD ROAD OAKBROOK TERRACE, IL 60181 630-941-8300 FAX 630-617-0036

December 22, 2021

The Honorable Mayor Esposito Members of the City Council City of Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois

We are pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois, for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2021. Illinois Compiled Statute numbered 65 ILCS5/8-8-3 requires the Finance Department to submit the audited financial statements to the City Council within six (6) months of the fiscal year-end. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and component units of the City of Oakbrook Terrace. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

In developing and evaluating the City's financial position, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to protect the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable financial records in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

BKD, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has audited the City of Oakbrook Terrace's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Oakbrook Terrace for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Oakbrook Terrace's financial statements for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE CITY OF OAKBROOK TERRACE

The City of Oakbrook Terrace (the "City") is a home rule unit of local government as defined by the Illinois Constitution and Illinois Statutes. It was incorporated in 1958 as the City of Utopia, but its name was subsequently changed to the City of Oakbrook Terrace. The government operates under the city form as defined by Illinois Statutes, with an elected Mayor and six (6) Aldermen, who collectively form the City Council. A professional City Administrator is employed, along with other staff positions that have been created by local ordinance. The City is located approximately 17 miles directly west of the City of Chicago in DuPage County. The City currently has a land area of 1.8 square miles and an estimated overnight population of 2,751, but has an estimated daytime

population of 30,000 to 50,000. The City is home to numerous restaurants, retailers, seven (7) hotels, entertainment venues, and over 4,000,000 square feet of office development. The City's major employer is Commonwealth Edison with about 1,589 employees.

The City Council sets policy through adopting ordinances, resolutions, and the annual budget. The Mayor and City Clerk are elected to four-year terms. Aldermen are elected to staggered four-year terms from three (3) aldermanic districts. The Mayor is the Chief Executive Officer of the City and ensures that the laws and ordinances are faithfully executed. The Mayor has supervision over all executive officers and employees of the City. The Mayor appoints by and with the advice and consent of the City Council, the City Administrator, the City Treasurer, the City Attorney, the Chief of Police, Department Heads, and the Commission members. The City Administrator is responsible for the proper administration of the affairs of the City as assigned by the Mayor. The City has 40 full-time employees, which includes 21 sworn police officers.

The City provides a full range of services including police protection, construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure; potable water utility service; community development and general administrative services. Fire Protection, Emergency Medical Services, and Parks and Recreation are provided by other local governments. In addition to these services, the City also contributes towards a Police Pension Employment System. The police pension is included in this report as a fiduciary component unit. The City levies an annual property tax for the police pension actuarial required contribution. The property tax levy serves as the major revenue source for the police pension.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All departments of the City government are required to submit their budget requests to the City Administrator by the last week in November of each year. The City Administrator, in her role as the appointed Budget Officer, uses these requests as a starting point for developing the budget that will be presented to the City Council pursuant to the provisions of the Illinois Budget Officer Act (65 ILCS 5/8-2-9.1) and the City's home rule powers. After the proposed budget is presented to the City Council, they are required to hold at least one (1) public hearing concerning the proposed budget, and to adopt a final budget prior to May 1st, the beginning of the new fiscal year. The budget is prepared by fund and appropriations are made at the line-item level. The budget also includes information on the past year actual expenditures, current year estimates, and requested figures for the next fiscal year. Subsequent to budget approval, and during the course of the fiscal year, the budget may be amended by a two-thirds majority of the City Council. In addition, the Budget Officer may make line item transfers under \$10,000 within a department and/or between departments within the same fund. Budget transfers that are greater than \$10,000 require the approval of the City Council.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

(Present and Future)

Presented below is a fiscal year 2021 progress report, of the Council's major initiatives.

Provide COVID-19 Assistance/Financial Stability

In an effort to continue to help our businesses during the pandemic, the City created a Sale Tax Rebate Program, and was able to rebate \$155,500 in taxes back into our businesses. Additionally, for our hotels, we also created a Hotel Tax Rebate Program, which rebated our six (6) hotels \$93,000. Last, the City created a Restaurant Voucher Program, where all residents received \$100 in vouchers to redeem at our local participating restaurants.

The City extended the payment deadline for all FY 2022 Liquor Licenses issued to local restaurants reflecting hardships faced considering the pandemic.

Waived late water bill payment fees, and suspended water shutoffs for customers experiencing hardships.

Formulated a work from home and alternate scheduling assignments to ensure the safety of City staff and the public while continuing to operate as an essential public service provider.

Approved budgetary cutbacks, hiring freezes totaling approximately \$500,000 reflecting the economic uncertainties of the unfolding pandemic.

Secured \$151,000 of federal grant assistance under the *Coronavirus Aid Relief and Economic Security Act* (CARES) for the City's 2020 response to the pandemic.

Develop Vacant Property

Over the past year the City has been working closely with the owners of the vacant and blighted area located in the northern portion of the City of Oakbrook Terrace. Several redevelopment meetings with the owners have been made, and the City is encouraging the development of the entire area of approximately 24 acres. Development discussions will continue into FY 2023.

Southwestern portion of an unincorporated parcel surrounding the City of Oakbrook Terrace, will currently be in discussion with the owners of a possible annexation agreement. This current parcel encompasses approximately 236 acres and would be a tremendous opportunity for new development within the City.

Streambank Stabilization Project

Due to the severe erosion of the streambanks located in the residential subdivision, the City began the process to stabilize it in fiscal year 2019. The erosion is a natural process that occurs from heavy rainfalls and the removal of local protective vegetation. If the banks are not repaired, they will eventually encroach into the residential property. Some of the project costs will be offset with a grant from the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency in the amount of \$234,000. To date, the City spent \$88,220 on preliminary engineering costs for the project. Due to permitting delays, the City plans to begin construction in the spring of 2022.

Strategic Plan & Comprehensive Plan

The City is currently working with the Northern Illinois University Center for Governmental Studies to furnish professional consulting services for a Strategic Plan in addition to a Comprehensive Plan update. The City's last Goals & Objectives were approved by the Council in December 2013, and our Comprehensive Plan was initially created in March 2007. With the update of these two (2) plans, it will allow the City to identify and set much needed goals and long-term operational needs.

FINANCIAL POLICIES SIGNIFICANT IMPACT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Budget Reserves

The City's Budget Reserves policy requires that the City will maintain a General Fund reserve equal to at least 40% of estimated yearly revenues. Fiscal year 2021 resulted in an unassigned fund balance of \$ 6,735,420, which represents approximately 60% of the fiscal year 2021 General Fund actual revenues of \$ 8,938,456. Accordingly, the City continues to surpass the budget reserve criteria. Since the reserve requirement has been met, the excess reserves will provide some added flexibility as the City continues to manage the ongoing pandemic.

Debt Administration

The City aspires to maintain good communication with bond rating agencies about its financial condition. The City's most recent bond rating received an AA bond rating from Standard and Poor's, which is the second highest rating possible from this rating agency. The City refinanced the 2012B Business District Bonds, saving approximately \$70,000 in interest costs. The City has three (3) general obligation debt issues and one (1) special service area debt issue outstanding at year end. The City's total debt outstanding as of April 30, 2021, is \$5,475,000. There are no plans to issue new bonds. The City annually abates the bonds and uses alternate revenue sources to pay down the principal and interest. Through abating these bonds, no property taxes are collected, thereby lowering tax bills. However, the 2006 Special Service Area bonds are not abated, rather these bonds are paid through owner's annual tax assessments.

Investment Policy

Safety of the principal is the foremost objective of the investment policy. The purpose of the investment policy is to also ensure the liquidity of investments so that the City can pay its bill on-time. Return on investment is of secondary importance compared to the safety and liquidity of the account. The City also has a tri-party collateralization agreement in place so that the fair market value of the City's investments will not be less than 110%. Collateralization is needed because the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation only ensures bank balances up to \$250,000. In fiscal year 2021, the City earned a total of \$58,636 in interest income, which was \$289,115 less than the prior year. The police pension investments resulted in a net increase of \$4,920,971 for fiscal year 2021. The police pension investments are governed by a separate board and financial advisors.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

Net Position

In previous years, the City implemented GASB 67 and 68 which required the City to record pension liabilities for the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), and Police Pension Plan on the Statement of Net Position. The net pension liability for fiscal year 2021 was \$9,281,144. Beginning in fiscal year 2019, the City implemented GASB 75, which improves the accounting and financial reporting for postemployment benefits other than pensions. Even with this new requirement, the City still ended with a positive net position of \$25,185,509 for Governmental and \$6,157,057 for Business-Type Activities.

Local Economy

Even though COVID-19 resulted in several reduced revenue sources for the City in Fiscal Year 2021, sales tax revenue, and video gaming revenues remain relatively constant since Fiscal Year 2020. Off-Track Betting tax increased by \$46,487, and Building Permits increased \$169,441. Unfortunately, the hotel sector has not been able to bounce back from the pandemic, bringing in only \$514,905, where typically the City would receive approximately \$1.5 million in revenue each year. Additionally, Traffic Enforcement Fines were \$2,850,433 a decrease of \$1,604,549 from last year.

General Fund fiscal year 2021 expenditures at \$9,928,001 decreased by \$538,176 from fiscal year 2020. This decrease is primarily attributed to the diligence of staff with their budgets, general budget cuts, and personnel changes. Total Fiscal Year 2021 General Fund revenues at \$8,938,456 declined by \$2,503,795 from the prior year. This decrease is mainly attributable to a combination of lower police fines, hotel taxes and amusement taxes as described above.

The City's equalized assessed valuation increased from \$308,469,895 for the 2019 tax levy to \$317,294,612 for the 2020 tax levy representing an increase of \$8.8 million. For fiscal year 2021, the City collected \$1,027,410 in property taxes that were earmarked for the police pension.

According to the current Census Bureau records, the per capita within the City has officially increased from 2,134 to 2,751 an increase of 617 or approximately 29%. This increase will impact positively concerning our state shared revenues going forward.

Long-term Financial Planning

The City adopts a budget on an annual basis that serves as the roadmap for all City operations. The City also has a detailed Capital Improvement Program (CIP). The CIP covers the period of one (1) to five (5) years in detail. As part of the budget preparation process, the CIP is reviewed, modified, and approved annually.

The City's pension costs continued to increase at a pace faster than inflation. One way to counteract this increase was to switch to a 15-Year Open from the former normal cost method. Beginning with the 2018 levy, the City Council switched to the 15-Year Open approach to finance the actuarial required contribution. At the start, higher contributions to the police pension are required to remove a few years to arrive at the 15-year point. The City is on target to achieve, if not exceed, the 90% funded actuarial liability by 2040.

OTHER INFORMATION

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awards Certificates of Achievements for Excellence in Financial Reporting to governments who publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR), which satisfies both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one (1) year only. We believe our current report meets the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for a certificate. If awarded to the City's ACFR for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2021, it will be the eighteenth (18th) Certificate of Achievement for the City of Oakbrook Terrace.

Acknowledgements

I would like to thank Mayor Esposito and the City Council for their direction and support in guiding the administration in the planning and conducting the operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Furthermore, the work of the independent auditors from BKD, LLP is greatly appreciated.

Respectfully submitted,

Amy L. Marrero City Administrator



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Oakbrook Terrace Illinois

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

April 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO







Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Mayor Esposito Members of the City Council City of Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information for the City of Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of April 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



The Honorable Mayor Esposito Members of the City Council City of Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois Page 2

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, for the year ended April 30, 2021, the City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which established standards for identifying, classifying and reporting fiduciary activities and modified certain disclosures in the notes to financial statements. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and pension and other postemployment benefit information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, other supplementary information, and the statistical section as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and other supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section listed in the table of contents have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois December 22, 2021

BKD.LLP

Management's Discussion	on and Analysis	

CITY OF OAKBROOK TERRACE

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

APRIL 30, 2021

The City of Oakbrook Terrace's (the City) Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the City's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the City's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), (d) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the City's basic financial statements (beginning on page 14).

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's net position was \$31,342,566 at the end of the 2021 fiscal year reflecting an increase of \$1,754,160 or approximately 6% from \$29,588,406 last year. The Governmental Activities (tax supported) resulted in a year-end increase in net position of \$1,743,444, while the Business-Type Activities (user fees based) experienced an increase of \$10,716.
- The City's net position for Governmental Activities was \$25,185,509 and \$6,157,057 for Business-Type Activities. Also, the City's total assets and deferred outflows of \$53,353,796 exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows of \$22,011,230 by \$31,342,566 demonstrating the City's ability to meet its current and future obligations.
- ➤ The City has outstanding debt of \$5,475,000, which decreased by \$610,000 from the prior year due to the refunding of the 2012A Business District bonds. This refunding saved the City approximately \$70,000 in interest expenses. The City has no intentions of issuing any new bonds in the coming years.
- Total City revenues decreased by \$2,886,293 or approximately 19% to \$12,494,618 from last year's total of \$15,380,911. Fiscal year revenues from Governmental Activities equaled \$11,341,306 and \$1,153,312 for Business-Type Activities. The total cost for City programs was \$10,740,458 compared to \$13,012,973 last year reflecting a decrease of \$2,272,515.
- The ending fund balance for the General Fund decreased by \$989,545 from \$8,141,925 last year to \$7,152,380 this year. Of the total General Fund's fund balance, \$6,735,420 is unassigned and can be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to residents and creditors.

USING THE FINANCIAL SECTION OF THIS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL REPORT

The financial statements focus is on both the City as a whole (government-wide) and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives (government-wide and major fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year-to-year or government-to-government), and enhance the City's accountability.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements (see pages 14-17) are designed to be corporate-like in that all governmental and business-type activities are consolidated into columns, which add to a total for the Primary Government. The focus of the Statement of Net Position (the "Unrestricted Net Position") is designed to be similar to bottom line results for the City and its governmental and business-type activities. This statement combines and consolidates governmental fund's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

The Statement of Activities (see page 16) is focused on both the gross and net cost of various activities (including governmental and business-type), which are supported by the government's general taxes and other resources. This is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the cost of various governmental services and/or subsidy reflected in general revenue of the City.

The governmental activities reflect the City's basic services, including general government, public safety, public services, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities reflect private sector type operations (Water System), where the fee for service typically covers all or most of the cost of operation, including depreciation.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of the City can be divided into three categories: *governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds*.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains six (6) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the General Fund, 2012/2021 Refunding Bond (Debt Service) Fund and the Capital Improvements Fund, which are considered major funds, while the Motor Fuel Tax Fund, Debt Service SSA II Fund, and the 2010 Bond Fund are considered nonmajor funds.

The City adopts an annual budget for all the major and nonmajor governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund has been provided on page 22 to demonstrate compliance with this budget. Budgetary information for the other funds can be found elsewhere in the report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18-21 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains only one type of proprietary fund, an enterprise fund which is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its Water Utility.

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. This fund accounts for all the operations of the municipal water system. Water is purchased from the DuPage Water Commission and then sold to municipal customers and distributed through the City's water main system. The City sells water to municipal customers at rates that are intended to provide sufficient resources for current operations as well as necessary investments in the capital infrastructure supporting the water system. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 23-25 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of fiduciary funds are not available to support the City of Oakbrook Terrace's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements for the Police Pension Fund can be found on pages 26 and 27 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 28-73 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Oakbrook Terrace Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, police employee pension and postemployment healthcare benefits obligations. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 74 to 81 of this report. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found beginning on page 82 of this report.

Infrastructure Assets

Historically, a government's largest group of assets (infrastructure assets – i.e., roads, bridges etc.) have not been reported nor depreciated in governmental financial statements. GASB Statement No. 34 requires that these assets be valued and reported within the Governmental column of the Government-Wide Statements. Additionally, the government must elect to either (1) depreciate these assets over their estimated useful life, or (2) develop a system of asset management designed to maintain the service delivery potential to near perpetuity. If the government develops the asset management system, (the modified approach) which periodically (at least every third year), by category, measures and demonstrates its maintenance of locally established levels of service standards, the government may record its cost of maintenance in lieu of depreciation. The City has chosen to depreciate assets over their useful life.

GOVERNMENT WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

Net position serves as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's net position is comprised of net investment in capital assets, restricted position, and unrestricted position. The City uses the total net investment in capital assets totaling \$34,997,922 to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. These capital assets include land, buildings, streets, water infrastructure, and equipment. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The Governmental Activities net position is used to carry out the City's daily operations including police, while the Business-Type Activities utilizes net position to finance the operations of water service delivery. The Governmental Activities restricted net position of \$1,254,475 consists of Motor Fuel Tax, Debt Service, DUI Equipment and Pensions and can only be used for these designated purposes. Governmental Activities has an unrestricted net deficit of \$5,145,572 due to the net pension liability which is recorded in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68.

Table 1 reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position compared to fiscal year 2020. Table 2 focuses on the Changes in Net Position compared to fiscal year 2020.

Table 1 Statement of Net Position As of April 30, 2021 and 2020

	Govern	mental	Business	-Туре	Total				
	Activ		Activi		City				
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020			
Assets									
Current and Other Assets	\$ 13,894,286	\$ 13,350,551	\$ 530,731 \$	281,810	\$ 14,425,017 \$	13,632,361			
Capital Assets	31,425,214	31,985,375	5,921,316	6,182,276	37,346,530	38,167,651			
Total Assets	45,319,500	45,335,926	6,452,047	6,464,086	51,771,547	51,800,012			
Deferred Outflows of Resources									
Unamortized Loss on Refunding	209,219	236,509	-	-	209,219	236,509			
Pensions	1,362,287	1,716,567	10,743	29,190	1,373,030	1,745,757			
Total Deferred Outflows	1,571,506	1,953,076	10,743	29,190	1,582,249	1,982,266			
Liabilities									
Current Liabilities	1,253,509	1,383,907	85,992	52,263	1,339,501	1,436,170			
Long-term Liabilities	15,538,727	20,146,830	66,547	228,334	15,605,274	20,375,164			
Total Liabilities	16,792,236	21,530,737	152,539	280,597	16,944,775	21,811,334			
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Unearned Property Taxes	1,098,425	1,070,901	-	-	1,098,425	1,070,901			
Pensions	3,814,836	1,245,299	153,194	66,338	3,968,030	1,311,637			
Total Deferred Inflows	4,913,261	2,316,200	153,194	66,338	5,066,455	2,382,538			
Net Position									
Net Investment in Capital Assets	29,076,606	29,390,209	5,921,316	6,182,276	34,997,922	35,572,485			
Restricted	1,254,475	769,390	-	-	1,254,475	769,390			
Unrestricted	(5,145,572)	(6,717,534)	235,741	(35,935)	(4,909,831)	(6,753,469)			
Total Net Position	\$ 25,185,509	\$ 23,442,065	\$ 6,157,057 \$	6,146,341	\$ 31,342,566 \$	29,588,406			

or more detailed information, see the Statement of Net Position (pages 14 and 15).

Current Year Impacts

The total net pension liability went from \$13,429,284 last year to \$9,281,144 this year for a decrease of \$4,148,140. The City also now has net pension assets in both of its IMRF plans totaling \$165,880. The net pension liability/asset is the unfunded pension liability that is calculated by an actuary and is the City's total pension liability for the Police and IMRF plans, less the amount currently on hand to fund the liability. Deferred inflows and outflows are also recorded because some of the changes to the total pension liability are recognized over time rather than in the current year. Deferred inflows are increases to net position that will be recognized in future years. Deferred outflows will decrease net pension in future years.

The City has \$37,346,530 in capital assets with \$31,425,214 in Governmental Activities and \$5,921,316 in Business-Type Activities. Total capital assets decreased by \$821,121, while current and other assets increased by \$792,656. Long-term liabilities decreased by \$4,769,890 from the prior year. Last year the City's long-term general obligation bonds payable amount was \$5,464,663, compared to \$5,050,113, reflecting a reduction of \$414,550, due to the refunding of the 2012A Business District bonds. The total OPEB liability decreased \$149,709 from fiscal year 2020.

Changes in Net Position

Total revenues decreased by \$2,886,293 due to fewer charges for services for fiscal year 2021. Hotel/motel tax and amusement tax revenue also decreased and will continue to do so into fiscal year 2022 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Expenses decreased by \$2,272,515, due to the continued effects of the pandemic on the economy, in addition to attrition and personnel restructuring within the Public Safety department.

Changes in net position for the year are shown in the following table.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position
Years Ended April 30, 2021 and 2020

		Governmental Activities			Business-Type				Total			
					Activities				(
		2021		2020	2021		2020		2021		2020	
Revenue												
Program Revenues												
Charges for Service	\$	4,033,094	\$	5,466,436	\$ 776,007	\$	817,748	\$	4,809,101	\$	6,284,184	
Capital Grants and Contributions		146,725		117,095	-		186,500		146,725		303,595	
Operating Grants and Contributions		162,329		9,154	-		-		162,329		9,154	
General Revenue												
Property		1,074,842		1,053,561	-		-		1,074,842		1,053,561	
Other Taxes and Intergovernmental												
Revenues		5,452,153		6,638,315	375,539		414,953		5,827,692		7,053,268	
Other Revenues		472,163		655,515	1,766		21,634		473,929		677,149	
Total Revenue		11,341,306		13,940,076	1,153,312		1,440,835		12,494,618		15,380,911	
Expenses												
Governmental												
General Government		2,507,052		2,364,140	-		-		2,507,052		2,364,140	
Culture and Recreation		52,040		88,765	-		-		52,040		88,765	
Public Safety		5,777,607		7,806,814	-		-		5,777,607		7,806,814	
Public Services		1,030,752		1,127,278	-		-		1,030,752		1,127,278	
Interest		230,411		280,729	-		-		230,411		280,729	
Business-Type Activities												
Water		-		_	1,142,596		1,345,247		1,142,596		1,345,247	
Total Expenses		9,597,862		11,667,726	1,142,596		1,345,247		10,740,458		13,012,973	
Change in Net Position		1,743,444		2,272,350	10,716		95,588		1,754,160		2,367,938	
Net Position May 1		23,442,065		21,169,715	6,146,341		6,050,753		29,588,406		27,220,468	
Net Position, April 30	\$	25,185,509	\$	23,442,065	\$ 6,157,057	\$	6,146,341	\$	31,342,566	\$	29,588,406	

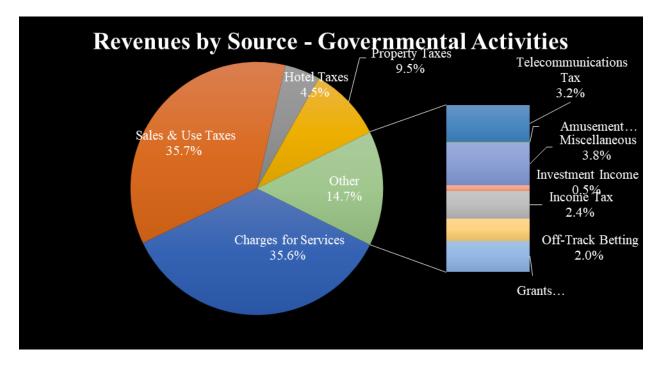
Current Year Impacts

Total City revenues equaled \$12,494,618, while expenses were \$10,740,458, resulting in an increase of \$1,754,160 in net position.

Governmental Activities

Revenues:

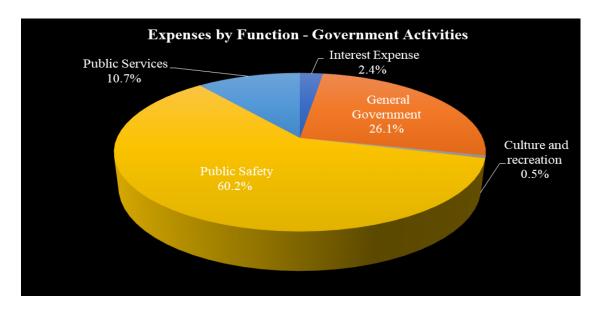
Revenues for Governmental Activities equaled \$11,341,306 in fiscal year 2021 representing a decrease of \$2,598,770 or 18.6% from fiscal year 2020. Governmental revenues were lower than last year due to the continuing impact of COVID-19. The graph below depicts the City's diverse revenue groups and the City's reliance on charges for services, sales taxes, and hotel taxes. The Sales and Use Tax category were the City's number one (1) revenue source at 35.7% with \$4,052,178 compared to \$4,100,520 last year. Charges for services decreased \$1,433,342 from last year because of lower police fines, which declined due to less vehicle traffic. Hotel taxes comprised 4.5% of total revenues, a decrease of \$798,296 from last year, due to people working from home, more virtual meetings, and less recreational travel. Amusement taxes declined \$339,795 from the prior year because the City's main entertainment venue, Drury Lane Theater, continued to suspend their operations because of the pandemic. The City benefited by receiving additional grant money from the federal government to cover pandemic costs.



Expenses:

For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021, expenses from Governmental Activities totaled \$9,597,862 representing a decrease of \$2,069,864 or 17.7% from fiscal year 2020. Expenses decreased in fiscal year 2021 primarily due to lower traffic light related expenses in public safety, in addition to approximately \$500,000 in budget cuts approved by the Council in June 2021.

Public safety comprised approximately 60% of total expenses at \$5,777,607, and culture and recreation represented 0.5% at \$52,040. Public services at \$1,030,752 represented 10.7% of the total expenses and general government comprised 26.1% at \$2,507,052.



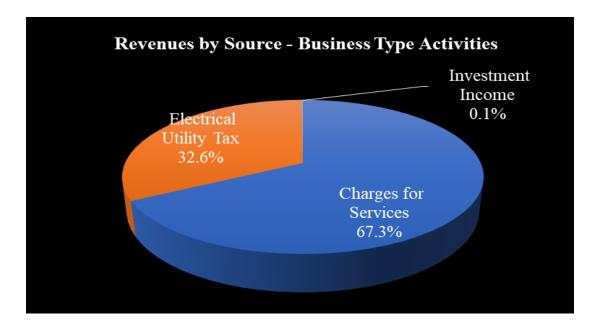
Business-Type Activities

Revenues:

Revenues supporting the City's Business-Type Activities equaled \$1,153,312 in fiscal year 2021. The graph below depicts the revenue sources for Business-Type Activities. Total revenues for the Water Fund decreased by \$287,523 or 20.1% over last year, due to the absence of developer contributions for future infrastructure.

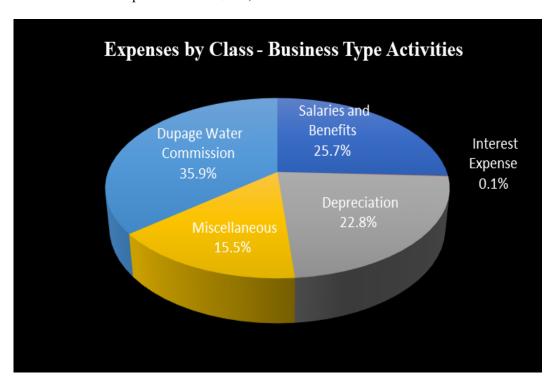
The last water rate increase was on January 1, 2015. The City purchases water from the DuPage Water Commission at a rate of \$4.97 per 1,000 gallons. Oakbrook Terrace residents pay \$9.97 for every 1,000 gallons, with a bimonthly minimum of 6,000 gallons. The difference between the amount paid to the DuPage Water Commission and the customer rate covers the Water Fund's operational costs and future capital improvements.

In terms of revenues by source, charges for services at \$776,007 comprised 67.3% of total revenues for fiscal year 2021, while the electrical utility tax at \$375,539 represented 32.6%.



Expenses:

Expenses for Business-Type Activities equaled \$1,142,596, reflecting a decrease of \$202,651 or approximately 15% from last year's total of \$1,345,247. This decrease was mainly attributable to a decrease in staff, an employee change in health benefit, and less overtime. The expenses for the Business-Type Activities included salaries and wages and other personnel benefits totaling \$293,814 or 25.7%. Interest expense for the interfund loan payment made from the Water Fund to the General Fund consisted of \$969 or 0.1%. Interest expense decreased significantly because all bonds in the Water Fund have been paid off. Water purchased from the DuPage Water Commission (DWC) represented expenses of \$409,891 or 36%. Depreciation of the Water System capital assets equaled \$260,960 or 22.8% of total expenses. Miscellaneous expenses totaled \$176,962 or 15.5% and included other contractual services.



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. The fund balance for the General Fund decreased by \$989,545 from \$8,141,925 in fiscal year 2020 to \$7,152,380 in fiscal year 2021. This decrease results from lower revenues for fines, sales taxes, and licenses and permits.

The 2012/2021 Refunding Bond Fund is a major debt service fund. The fund balance increased by \$394,376 in fiscal year 2021 primarily from lower debt service expenses during the year due to the refunding of the 2012A Business District bonds.

The Capital Improvements Fund (CIF) is another major governmental fund. The fund balance of the CIF Fund on April 30, 2021 was \$3,678,817, an increase of \$1,003,148 from fiscal year 2020. This increase

is attributable to a spending freeze in capital expenditures due to the pandemic, and due to home-rule authority a possible need to borrow funds for operating costs.

The reserves of the Capital Improvement Fund act as a savings account for future capital improvements so from time to time there may be a deficit between the revenues and expenses. Capital Improvement Fund revenues decreased by \$155,825 due to lower home rule sales taxes and interest income.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$12,087,101, which is an increase of \$511,344 or 4% from the beginning of the year at \$11,575,757.

Of the total fund balance, \$6,734,685 is unassigned and represents the portion that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without any constraints. This unassigned fund balance represents 69.8% of fiscal year 2021 General Fund revenues budgeted at \$9,653,065. The City's policy is to maintain a General Fund reserve which is equal to at least 40% of estimated yearly revenues. Accordingly, the City is once again well above the requirement.

The remainder of the fund balance is split between the following three (3) classifications. The nonspendable portion of fund balance represents \$375,405; essentially meaning this amount cannot be spent because it is comprised of inventories and prepaid items. The restricted portion of fund balance at \$1,298,622 means this amount can only be spent for specific purposes as prescribed by City and State laws. In the City's case, the restricted fund balance is earmarked for roadway maintenance and SSA II debt service payments. The committed fund balance portion at \$3,678,389 can only be spent on capital. The City's Five (5) Year Capital Improvement Plan is approved annually and determines how the committed fund balance can be spent on capital projects.

The table below provides information on the fund balance classifications in the governmental funds.

Table 3
Governmental Funds
Fund Balance Analysis
As of April 30, 2021

	Current		Prior			
		Year	Year		Change	% Change
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable						
Prepaid Items	\$	324,600	\$ 275,576		49,024	18%
Inventories		50,805	44,927		5,878	13%
Restricted						
Maintenance of Roadways		577,262	474,986		102,276	22%
Debt Service		679,377	283,580		395,797	140%
DUI Equipment		41,983	62,412		(20,429)	-33%
Committed to						
Capital Improvements		3,678,389	2,675,241		1,003,148	37%
Unassigned		6,734,685	7,759,035	((1,024,350)	-13%
Total Fund Balances	\$ 1	12,087,101	\$ 11,575,757	\$	511,344	4%

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

For fiscal year 2021, General Fund actual revenues totaled \$8,938,456 and were 7% under budget because sales taxes and traffic fines were below the budget estimates. Actual expenditures for 2021 came in at \$9,928,001 which was \$943,722 higher than projected.

	Final				
General Fund	Budget	Actual			
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 5,407,486	\$ 2,545,568			
Intergovernmental	2,293,711	2,299,078			
Other	1,951,868	4,093,810			
Total Revenue	9,653,065	8,938,456			
Expenditures	8,984,279	9,928,001			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	668,786	(989,545)			
Other Financing Sources					
Proceeds from Capital Asset Disposal	12,000				
Change in Fund Balance	\$ 680,786	\$ (989,545)			

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City of Oakbrook Terrace's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of April 30, 2021, was \$37,346,530 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, land improvements, vehicles, machinery and equipment, roads, bridges, and utility infrastructure. Total capital assets decreased by \$821,121 in fiscal year 2021 with a \$560,161 decrease in Governmental Activities and a \$260,960 decrease in Business-Type Activities. The reconciliation below summarizes the changes in Capital Assets which are presented in detail on pages 31 and 32 in the Notes.

		Goveri Acti		Business-T Activiti		To C		
		2021	2020	2021	2020	2021		2020
Land	\$	4,224,585	\$ 4,224,585	\$ 235,000 \$	235,000	\$ 4,459,585	\$	4,459,585
Construction in Progress		88,220	61,596	-	-	88,220		61,596
Right of Way Land		4,142,938	4,084,150	-	-	4,142,938		4,084,150
Land Improvements		843,808	916,969	-	-	843,808		916,969
Buildings & Improvements		13,838,277	14,171,687	-	-	13,838,277		14,171,687
Vehicles		616,839	599,117	27,417	35,138	644,256		634,255
Machinery & Equipment		244,751	278,799	-	-	244,751		278,799
Streets, Storm Drainage and Bridges		7,425,796	7,648,472	-	-	7,425,796		7,648,472
Water Distribution System	_	-	-	5,658,899	5,912,138	5,658,899		5,912,138
Total	\$	31,425,214	\$ 31,985,375	\$ 5,921,316 \$	6,182,276	\$ 37,346,530	\$	38,167,651

Debt Administration

On April 30, 2021, the City had three (3) outstanding General Obligation Debt issues and one (1) Special Service Area Debt issue totaling \$5,475,000, representing a \$610,000 decrease from last year. In fiscal year 2021, the City refunded the 2012A Business District Bond, saving approximately \$70,000 in interest costs.

The remaining bond issues include the Business District's General Obligation Debt. The General Obligation Series 2012B, with an outstanding balance of \$875,000, and the refunding of 2012A (General Obligation Bonds 2021), with an outstanding balance of \$1,900,000. The Business District bonds were issued to provide an economic stimulus for the redevelopment of the Oakbrook Terrace Square Shopping Center. Proceeds from the bonds were remitted to the developer for land costs and site improvements, so that the grocery store would provide an anchor for the Shopping Center. The final bond issue is the General Obligation Series 2013 with an outstanding balance of \$2,490,000. These bonds refinanced a portion of the 2008 bonds for the Public Services building to a lower interest rate saving the City approximately \$254,000. The City's rating from Standard and Poor's remains at a rating of AA. The Special Service Area Bonds were issued to provide a connection to the City's potable water supply for several businesses which were served by private wells and has a remaining balance of \$210,000.

The City, under its home-rule authority, does not have a legal debt limit.

For more detailed information, see pages 42-46.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The coronavirus pandemic had an impact on City revenues from the onset in mid-March 2020 and will undoubtedly continue into fiscal year 2021. Even with the economy opening up in late June 2020, the unpredictability of COVID and its variants, in addition to the flu virus, the economy will continue to suffer. Tourism due to the pandemic is still a struggling industry. Some events and conventions are being held; however, basic work travel has become stagnant, and therefore hotel/motel tax revenues are still not back to the pre-pandemic numbers. Sales taxes have rebounded at a faster pace then expected, but the impact of COVID will continue to be problematic.

Expenditures in FY 2022 continue to be monitored closely. The first quarterly financial statement realized a surplus of approximately \$500,000. As this surplus looks promising, the City will continue to be diligent in spending, and continue to monitor revenues and plan accordingly.

Even with the concerns of the pandemic, the City looks forward to welcoming new businesses in the coming year.

The City's current assessed value has grown by \$83 million or 37% to \$308,469,895 since 2013, due to economic recovery. The City's lowest assessed value recorded over the last 10 years was \$225,074,325 for the 2014 levy year.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to the City Administrator, 17W275 Butterfield Road, Oakbrook Terrace, IL 60181.



Statement of Net Position April 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Current Assets			
Deposits	\$ 8,134,799	\$ 649,288	\$ 8,784,087
Investments	1,852,794	-	1,852,794
Receivables			
Local taxes	1,597,276	-	1,597,276
Intergovernmental	1,093,689	30,022	1,123,711
Accounts	-	125,331	125,331
Other	302,477	-	302,477
Internal balances	399,844	(399,844)	, -
Inventories	50,805	-	50,805
Prepaid items	324,600	98,056	422,656
Total current assets	13,756,284	502,853	14,259,137
Noncurrent Assets			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation			
Land	4,224,585	235,000	4,459,585
Construction in progress	88,220	-	88,220
Right of way land	4,142,938	_	4,142,938
Land improvements	843,808	_	843,808
Buildings and improvements	13,838,277	_	13,838,277
Vehicles	616,839	27,417	644,256
Machinery and equipment	244,751	,	244,751
Infrastructure	,,,		,
Storm drainage	711,906	_	711,906
Bridges	1,160,786	_	1,160,786
Streets	5,553,104	_	5,553,104
Water distribution system and	3,333,101		3,333,101
improvements	_	5,658,899	5,658,899
Total capital assets, net of		3,030,077	3,030,077
accumulated depreciation	31,425,214	5,921,316	37,346,530
Net pension asset	138,002	27,878	165,880
Total noncurrent assets	31,563,216	5,949,194	37,512,410
Total assets	45,319,500	6,452,047	51,771,547
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Unamortized loss on refunding	209,219	-	209,219
Pensions	1,362,287	10,743	1,373,030
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,571,506	10,743	1,582,249

Statement of Net Position April 30, 2021

		vernmental ctivities	ness-Type ctivities	Total	
Liabilities	<u>-</u>				
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	236,783	\$ 36,516	\$ 273,299	
Accrued payroll		85,756	4,902	90,658	
Other liability		27,888	- -	27,888	
Due to fiduciary fund		22,045	-	22,045	
Refundable deposits		_	35,148	35,148	
Unearned revenue - other		198,286	· -	198,286	
Accrued interest		44,147	-	44,147	
Compensated absences payable - current portion		106,253	7,738	113,991	
Special service area bonds - current portion		40,000	_	40,000	
General obligation bonds payable - current portion		465,000	_	465,000	
Total OPEB liability - current portion		27,351	1,688	29,039	
Total current liabilities		1,253,509	85,992	1,339,501	
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Compensated absences payable		225,786	16,443	242,229	
Total OPEB liability		811,684	50,104	861,788	
Net pension liability		9,281,144	50,104	9,281,144	
Special service area bonds		170,000	_	170,000	
General obligation bonds payable		5,050,113	_	5,050,113	
Total noncurrent liabilities		15,538,727	66,547	15,605,274	
Total liabilities		16,792,236	 152,539	 16,944,775	
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred revenue - property taxes		1,098,425		1,098,425	
Pensions		3,814,836	153,194	 3,968,030	
Total deferred inflows of resources		4,913,261	153,194	5,066,455	
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets Restricted		29,076,606	5,921,316	34,997,922	
Maintenance of roadways		577,262	_	577,262	
Debt service		635,230	-	635,230	
DUI equipment		41,983	-	41,983	
Unrestricted (deficit)		(5,145,572)	235,741	(4,909,831)	
Total net position	\$	25,185,509	\$ 6,157,057	\$ 31,342,566	

Statement of Activities Year Ended April 30, 2021

			Program Revenues						
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Governmental Activities									
General government	\$	2,507,052	\$	1,067,802	\$	-	\$	-	
Culture and recreation		52,040		-		-		-	
Public safety		5,777,607		2,962,318		162,329		-	
Public services		1,030,752		2,974		-		146,725	
Interest expense		230,411		-		-		-	
Total governmental activities		9,597,862		4,033,094		162,329		146,725	
Business-Type Activities									
Water Fund		1,142,596		776,007					
	\$	10,740,458	\$	4,809,101	\$	162,329	\$	146,725	

General Revenues

Taxes

Property

Hotel/motel

Utility

Off-track betting

Amusement

Intergovernmental (unrestricted)

Sales and use

Income

Road and bridge

State replacement

Miscellaneous

Investment income

Total general revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position, May 1

Net Position, April 30

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total		
\$ (1,439,250) (52,040)	\$ -	\$ (1,439,250) (52,040)		
(2,652,960)	-	(2,652,960)		
(881,053)	-	(881,053)		
(230,411)	_	(230,411)		
(5,255,714)		(5,255,714)		
(3,233,711)		(3,233,711)		
_	(366,589)	(366,589)		
	(200,20)	(200,207)		
(5,255,714)	(366,589)	(5,622,303)		
1,074,842	-	1,074,842		
514,905	-	514,905		
367,669	375,539	743,208		
223,180	-	223,180		
6,023	-	6,023		
4,052,178	-	4,052,178		
277,210	-	277,210		
6,784	-	6,784		
4,204	-	4,204		
415,293	-	415,293		
56,870	1,766	58,636		
6,999,158	377,305	7,376,463		
-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		.,,		
1,743,444	10,716	1,754,160		
23,442,065	6,146,341	29,588,406		
\$ 25,185,509	\$ 6,157,057	\$ 31,342,566		

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds April 30, 2021

		General Fund		012/2021 efunding Bond Fund	lmp	Capital provements Fund		onmajor vernmental Funds		Total
Assets										
Deposits Investments	\$	4,277,301 1,469,088	\$	470,374	\$	2,742,449 383,706	\$	644,675	\$	8,134,799 1,852,794
Receivables		-,,								-,,
Local taxes		1,420,357		126,622		-		50,297		1,597,276
Intergovernmental		646,145		-		440,514		7,030		1,093,689
Other taxes and fees		302,477		-		-		-		302,477
Due from other funds		90,325		42,215		168,738		-		301,278
Inventories		50,805		-		-		-		50,805
Advances to other funds		344,531		-		-		-		344,531
Prepaid items		324,172				428		-		324,600
Total assets	\$	8,925,201	\$	639,211	\$	3,735,835	\$	702,002	\$	14,002,249
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	211,907	\$	-	\$	24,876	\$	-	\$	236,783
Accrued payroll		85,756		-		-		-		85,756
Other liability		-		-		27,888		-		27,888
Due to fiduciary fund		22,045		-		-		-		22,045
Unearned revenue - other		198,286		-		-		-		198,286
Due to other funds		206,699				4,254		35,012		245,965
Total liabilities		724,693				57,018		35,012		816,723
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Deferred revenue - property taxes		1,048,128			_			50,297		1,098,425
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable										
Prepaid items		324,172		-		428		-		324,600
Inventories		50,805		-		-		-		50,805
Restricted for										
Maintenance of roadways		-		-		-		577,262		577,262
Debt service		-		639,211		-		40,166		679,377
DUI equipment		41,983		-		-		-		41,983
Committed to						2 - 50 200				2 (50 200
Capital improvements				-		3,678,389		(505)		3,678,389
Unassigned (deficit)		6,735,420			_			(735)		6,734,685
Total fund balances		7,152,380		639,211		3,678,817		616,693		12,087,101
Total liabilities, deferred										
inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	8,925,201	\$	639,211	\$	3,735,835	\$	702,002	\$	14,002,249
rana barances	Ψ	0,720,201	Ψ	007,411	Ψ	5,155,055	Ψ	,02,002	Ψ	- 1,00 <i>2,2</i> -7

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position April 30, 2021

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 12,087,101
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	31,425,214
Deferred outflows of resources, pension related, are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	1,362,287
Deferred inflows of resources, pension related, are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(3,814,836)
Net pension assets are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Net pension asset - IMRF Net pension asset - SLEP	136,108 1,894
Interest on general obligation bonds is reported when paid by the funds, but accrued in the statement of net position.	(44,147)
Unamortized loss on refunding on long-term debt is reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the statement of net position.	209,219
Some liabilities reported in the statement of net position do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds. These activities consist of	
Total OPEB liability	(839,035)
Compensated absences payable	(332,039)
Special Service Area Bonds payable	(210,000)
General Obligation Bonds payable	(5,515,113)
Net pension liability - Police Pension	 (9,281,144)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 25,185,509

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended April 30, 2021

	 General Fund	012/2021 efunding Bond Fund	lmp	Capital provements Fund	Gov	onmajor ernmental Funds		Total
Revenues								
Local taxes	\$ 2,545,568	\$ 218,193	\$	1,548,188	\$	47,432	\$	4,359,381
Intergovernmental	2,299,078	424,523		-		148,077		2,871,678
Licenses and permits	775,513	-		-		-		775,513
Charges for services	36,190	-		-		-		36,190
Fines and forfeits	2,951,600	-		-		-		2,951,600
Investment income	43,149	475		12,142		1,104		56,870
Miscellaneous	 287,358	 2,716						290,074
Total revenues	8,938,456	645,907		1,560,330		196,613		11,341,306
Expenditures								
Current								
General government	2,623,744	-		-		-		2,623,744
Public safety	6,704,475	-		27,888		-		6,732,363
Public services	547,742	-		-		45,484		593,226
Tourism	52,040	-		-		-		52,040
Capital outlay	-	-		193,144		-		193,144
Debt service								
Principal	-	175,000		265,000		35,000		475,000
Interest	-	74,510		82,650		11,961		169,121
Fees	 	51,060				803		51,863
Total expenditures	 9,928,001	300,570		568,682		93,248		10,890,501
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	 (989,545)	 345,337		991,648		103,365		450,805
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from capital asset disposal				11,500				11,500
Payment to escrow agent		(2,049,406)		11,500		_		(2,049,406)
Issuance of debt		1,900,000				_		1,900,000
Bond premium	_	198,445		_		_		198,445
Total other financing	 	 170,115	_				_	170,113
sources	 	 49,039		11,500				60,539
Net Change in Fund Balances	(989,545)	394,376		1,003,148		103,365		511,344
Fund Balances								
May 1	 8,141,925	 244,835		2,675,669		513,328		11,575,757
April 30	\$ 7,152,380	\$ 639,211	\$	3,678,817	\$	616,693	\$	12,087,101

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended April 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	511,344
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation and disposals in the current period (\$270,072 current additions		
less \$782,599 depreciation, less \$11,500 proceeds and \$36,134 loss on disposal).		(560,161)
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		475,000
Discount and other items from bond issuances are reported currently in the fund statements but amortized over the bond lives in the statement of activities.		(16,217)
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of these items.		
Deferred loss on bond refunding Proceeds on bond issuance Premium on bond issuance Payment to escrow agent		(12,484) (1,900,000) (198,445) 2,049,406
Some transactions reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of		
Decrease in net pension liability - IMRF Increase in net pension asset - SLEP Decrease in net pension liability - Police Pension		743,314 69 3,416,566
Increase in deferred outflow for pensions Decrease in deferred inflows for pensions		(354,280) (2,569,537)
Decrease in total OPEB liability		114,824
Decrease in accrued interest		19,274
Increase in compensated absences		24,771
	Φ.	1 = 10 11:

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 1,743,444

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2021

				riance With nal Budget
	Original	Final		Over
	 Budget	Budget	Actual	(Under)
Revenues				
Local taxes	\$ 5,407,486	\$ 5,407,486	\$ 2,545,568	\$ (2,861,918)
Intergovernmental	2,293,711	2,293,711	2,299,078	5,367
Licenses and permits	615,037	615,037	775,513	160,476
Charges for services	49,550	49,550	36,190	(13,360)
Fines and forfeits	871,298	871,298	2,951,600	2,080,302
Investment income	100,000	100,000	43,149	(56,851)
Miscellaneous	315,983	 315,983	 287,358	 (28,625)
Total revenues	 9,653,065	9,653,065	8,938,456	(714,609)
Expenditures				
General government				
Executive management	964,747	834,747	971,407	136,660
Economic development	332,000	332,000	607,852	275,852
Building and zoning	562,274	528,712	513,198	(15,514)
Finance department	541,520	514,067	531,287	17,220
Public safety				
Police department	5,747,319	5,632,734	5,515,034	(117,700)
Red light camera	435,793	435,793	1,178,810	743,017
Police commission	19,399	19,399	10,631	(8,768)
Public services	623,978	575,627	547,742	(27,885)
Tourism	167,163	111,200	52,040	(59,160)
Total expenditures	 9,394,193	 8,984,279	 9,928,001	 943,722
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	250.072	660 7 06	(000.545)	(1.659.221)
Over Expenditures	258,872	668,786	(989,545)	(1,658,331)
Other Financing Sources				
Proceeds from capital asset disposal	 12,000	 12,000	 	 (12,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 270,872	\$ 680,786	(989,545)	\$ (1,670,331)
Fund Balance				
May 1			 8,141,925	
April 30			\$ 7,152,380	

Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position April 30, 2021

Current Assets	
Deposits	\$ 649,288
Receivables	
Water billing	125,331
Taxes and fees	30,022
Prepaid items	 98,056
Total current assets	902,697
Noncurrent Assets	
Net pension asset	27,878
Capital assets, net of	
accumulated depreciation	 5,921,316
Total noncurrent assets	5,949,194
Total assets	 6,851,891
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
IMRF pension	 10,743
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	36,516
Accrued payroll	4,902
Compensated absences payable - current portion	7,738
Deposits	35,148
Due to other funds	55,313
Total OPEB liability - current portion	 1,688
Total current liabilities	 141,305
Long-Term Liabilities	
Compensated absences payable	16,443
Total OPEB liability	50,104
Advances from other funds	 344,531
Total long-term liabilities	 411,078
Total liabilities	 552,383
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
IMRF Pension	 153,194
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	5,921,316
Unrestricted	 235,741
Total net position	\$ 6,157,057

Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Year Ended April 30, 2021

Operating Revenues	
Charges for services	
User charges	\$ 757,771
Connection charges	10,000
Penalties/fines	8,236_
Total operating revenues	776,007
Operating Expenses Excluding Depreciation	880,667
Operating Loss Before Depreciation	(104,660)
Depreciation Expense	260,960
Operating Loss	(365,620)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	
Electric utility tax	375,539
Investment income	1,766
Interest expense	(969)
Total nonoperating revenues	376,336
Change in Net Position	10,716
Net Position, May 1	6,146,341
Net Position, April 30	\$ 6,157,057

Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended April 30, 2021

Cash Flows From Operating Activities	
Cash received from residents for services	\$ 665,295
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(579,765)
Payments to employees for services	(373,774)
Net cash used in operating activities	(288,244)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities	
Other receipts - electric utility tax	383,021
Interfund borrowings, net	(208,259)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	174,762
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Interest paid	 (969)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities	
Interest received	1,766
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(112,685)
Cash and Cash Equivalents	
May 1	 761,973
April 30	\$ 649,288
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash	
Used in Operating Activities	
Operating loss	\$ (365,620)
Items not requiring (providing) cash	
Depreciation	260,960
Deferred outflows	18,447
Deferred inflows	86,856
Net pension liability/asset	(152,246)
Changes in current assets and liabilities	
	(110.710)
Receivables	(110,712)
Receivables Prepaid items	(22,239)
Receivables Prepaid items Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(22,239) 30,795
Receivables Prepaid items Accounts payable and accrued expenses Deposits	(22,239) 30,795 400
Receivables Prepaid items Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(22,239) 30,795

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position April 30, 2021

	 Pension Trust Fund
Assets	
Deposits	\$ 1,012,563
Investments	
Certificates of deposit	430,387
U.S. Treasury notes	1,023,790
U.S. Treasury inflation indexed bonds	63,353
U.S. Treasury bond	390,193
U.S. government and agency securities	
Government National Mortgage Association	39,633
Federal National Mortgage Association Pool	426,246
Federal Farm Credit Bank	424,960
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	241,531
Federal Home Loan Bank	505,029
Corporate bonds	2,415,008
Mutual funds	12,355,849
Receivables	
Accrued interest	23,663
Due from municipality	22,045
Other	 6,669
Total assets	19,380,919
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	 3,505
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	\$ 19,377,414

Pension Trust Fund Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended April 30, 2021

Additions	
Contributions	
Employer	\$ 1,493,842
Participants	376,462
Total contributions	1,870,304
Investment income (loss)	
Net appreciation of fair value of investments	4,296,601
Investment expense	(38,891)
Total investment income	4,257,710
Total additions	6,128,014
Deductions	
Administration	39,468
Benefit payments	1,167,575
Total deductions	1,207,043
Net Increase	4,920,971
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	
May 1	14,456,443
April 30	\$ 19,377,414

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois (City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The City is a home rule community governed by the seven-member City Council consisting of six Aldermen and the Mayor. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operation, and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The blended component unit has an April 30 year end.

Fiduciary Component Unit

The City's police employees participate in the Police Pension Employees Retirement System (PPERS or Police Pension Fund). PPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members appointed by the City's Mayor, one elected pension beneficiary and two elected police employees constitute the pension board. The City and PPERS participants are obligated to fund all PPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the City is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. The PPERS, a fiduciary component unit, is included as a pension trust fund and also issues a stand-alone financial report.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (*i.e.*, the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report the overall financial activities of the City. The effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of net position presents the City's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities with the differences reported in three categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Restricted Net Position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors and the like, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position consists of net position that does not meet the criteria of the two preceding categories.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from, goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and standard revenues that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in fund financial statements.

The City administers the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

This is the City's primary fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The services which are administered by the City and accounted for in the General Fund include general government, public safety, public service and tourism.

2012/2021 Refunding Bond Fund

This fund accounts for the servicing of debt related to the Business District redevelopment project, including the 2021 refunding.

Capital Improvements Fund

This fund accounts for resources, including the City's Home Rule Sales taxes, which provides infrastructure construction and other capital improvements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

The City administers the following major proprietary fund:

Water Fund

This enterprise fund accounts for the provision of water to certain residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service and billing and collections.

Additionally, the City administers one fiduciary fund, a pension trust fund for assets held by the City in a fiduciary capacity to pay retirement benefits to sworn public safety employees. Activity in this fund is excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and pension trust fund financial statements. Revenues and additions are recorded when earned and expenses and deductions are recorded when a liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied (*i.e.*, intended to finance). Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, charges for services and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and are recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports other unearned revenue on its financial statements. Unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them, as when fees and licenses are received prior to the fee and license period. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. All unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Cash and Investments

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments

Investments with an original maturity greater than one year are stated at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (*i.e.*, the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (*i.e.*, the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

Prepaid Items and Inventories

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report are recorded as prepaid items/expenses, consistent with the consumption method of accounting. Inventories of supplies are valued at cost and inventories held for resale are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (*e.g.*, roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$25,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Governmental activities

Buildings and improvements	50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Vehicles, machinery and equipment	10 years
Infrastructure	50 years

Business-type activities

Water distribution system and improvements	10 - 40 years
Building improvements	10 years
Equipment and vehicles	3 - 10 years

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Other noncurrent liabilities are reported in the statement of net position. The General Fund is typically used to liquidate these liabilities.

Vested or accumulated vacation benefits of proprietary funds are recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund-type financial statements. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as deferred amount on refunding, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium, discount or deferred amount on refunding. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The City reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources on its statement of net position, governmental funds balance sheet and proprietary fund statement of net position. Deferred inflows of resources arise when resources are acquired by the City that represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future reporting period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. In subsequent periods, when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the deferred inflows are removed from the statement of net position, governmental funds balance sheet and the proprietary fund statement of net position and a revenue is recognized. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category in the government-wide statements; deferred inflows related to property taxes levied for future periods and deferred inflows related to pensions which represents pension items that will be recognized as reductions in pension expense in future periods. In the governmental funds balance sheet, deferred revenues are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future reporting period which will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/reduction of liability) until that time. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category; the deferred outflows related to pensions, which represents pension items that will be recognized either as pension expense or a reduction in net pension liability in future periods, and amounts deferred for debt refunding that will be amortized to interest expense in future periods.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's Police Pension Fund, IMRF and SLEP pension plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefits

The City offers retiree healthcare benefits to retirees. For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Fund Balances

The City has implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The Statement specifies five classifications of fund balance that describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- (1) Nonspendable amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.
- (2) Restricted amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders and higher levels of government) through constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation.
- (3) Committed amounts constrained to specific purposes by formal action of the Council (the highest level of decision-making authority). These actions are generally enacted through Council ordinance. To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- (4) Assigned amounts the City intends to use for specific purposes as determined by the Council. It is assumed that creation of a fund automatically assigns fund balance. Other assignments may be made by the Council without formal action such as an ordinance.
- (5) Unassigned amounts that are available for any purpose. These amounts are only reported in the General Fund. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those purposes.

Fund balance is displayed in the order of the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used.

The City's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending, the City considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned and unassigned funds.

The City will maintain a General Fund unassigned balance equal to at least 40% of estimated yearly revenues. The Council shall determine the disposition of fund balance in excess of this amount.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Change in Accounting Principle

The City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, for fiscal year ended April 30, 2021. Implementation of the standard had no material impact on the financial statement presentation and disclosures, or on the City's fund balance or net position.

Note 2: Legal Compliance and Accountability

Budgets

All departments of the City submit requests for appropriation to the City Administrator so that a budget may be prepared. The budget is prepared by fund, function and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year.

The proposed budget is presented to the governing body for review. The governing body holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget.

The budget may be amended by the governing body. In addition, the City Administrator may make line item transfers under \$10,000 within a department and/or between departments within the same fund. Budget transfers that are greater than \$10,000 require the approval of the City Council.

Excess of Expenditures Over Budget

The following funds had an excess of actual expenditures/expenses over amended budget for the year ended April 30, 2021:

General Fund - by department

General government

Executive management	\$ 136,660
Economic development	275,852
Finance department	17,220
Red light camera	743,017
2012-2021 Refunding Bond Fund	50,160

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Water Fund - by line item	
Public services	
Legal expense	\$ 2,844
Full and part-time	247
Unemployment insurance	148
Dues and meetings	36
Hardware	270
Equipment repair and maintenance	2,708
Vehicle maintenance - truck	862
Equipment rental	30
COVID assistance - credit of customer user charges	6,605
Depreciation expense	21,267

Note 3: Deficit Fund Balance

The Debt Service Fund – SSA II had a deficit in fund balance as of April 30, 2021, of \$735.

Note 4: Deposits and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds except the pension trust fund. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the statement of net position as deposits. In addition, investments are separately held by several of the City's funds. The deposits and investments of the Pension Trust Fund are held separately from those of other funds.

Related disclosures pertaining to the Pension Trust Fund can be found in Note 14.

Permitted Deposits and Investments

Statutes authorize the City to make deposits/invest in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreements to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, the Illinois Funds Money Market Fund and the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund. Pension funds may also invest in certain non-U.S. obligations of the State of Illinois and its political subdivisions, Illinois insurance company general and separate accounts, and certain equities, subject to limitations.

Cash on hand of \$727 has been excluded from the amounts shown below.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Deposits

At April 30, 2021, the carrying value of the City's deposits totaled \$8,783,360 and the bank balances totaled \$8,943,320.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's investment policy requires that all funds on deposit in excess of FDIC insured amounts be collateralized by not less than 110% of the net amount of funds secured. As of April 30, 2021, the City was properly collateralized in accordance with its policy.

Investments

As of April 30, 2021, the City's investments were as follows:

			Investment Maturities (in Years)							
Certificates of deposit		Fair Value		Less Than 1		1 to 5	6 to 10			
		1,453,267	\$	187,137	\$	1,266,130	\$	-		
U.S. Treasury notes		80,691		80,691		-		-		
U.S. government agency securities										
Federal National Mortgage Association		25,088		25,088		-		-		
Federal Home Loan Bank		175,314		65,813		109,501		-		
Federal Farm Credit Bank		76,348		-		76,348				
Federal Home Loan Mortgage										
Corporation		30,104				30,104				
		1,840,812	\$	358,729	\$	1,482,083	\$			
Investments not sensitive to interest rate risk -										
Money market mutual funds		11,982								
	\$	1,852,794								

Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy requires the investment portfolio to be structured so the securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity. Investments of operating funds should primarily be in shorter-term securities, money market funds or similar investment pools.

Credit Risk

The City limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity, by limiting investments to the safest type of securities, pre-qualifying the

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

financial institutions the City does business with, and by diversifying the portfolio to minimize potential losses. As of April 30, 2021, the City investments were rated as follows:

Investment Type	Standard and Poor's
Money Market Mutual Funds	AAA
Federal National Mortgage Association	AA+
Federal Home Loan Bank	AA+
Federal Farm Credit Bank	AA+
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	AA+

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The City does not have investments in excess of 5% invested in any one issuer.

Investment Valuation

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- **Level 1** Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for an identical asset or liability that a government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
- **Level 3** Unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities recognized in the accompanying statement of net position measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at April 30, 2021:

Investment Type	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)			significant Other bservable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		
Brokered certificates of deposit	\$	-	\$	1,453,267	\$	-	
U.S. Treasury notes		-		80,691		-	
Government agencies		-		306,854		-	
Money market mutual funds		11,982					
	\$	11,982	\$	1,840,812	\$		

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies and inputs used for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying statement of net position, as well as the general classification of such assets and liabilities pursuant to the valuation hierarchy. There have been no significant changes in the valuation techniques during the year ended April 30, 2021.

Investments

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections and cash flows. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy.

Note 5: Receivables - Taxes

Property taxes for 2020 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2020, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and are payable in two installments on or about June 1, 2021 and September 1, 2021. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically. The allowance for uncollectible taxes has been stated at 1% of the tax levy to reflect actual collection experience. As the 2020 tax levy is used to fund operations of the 2021-2022 fiscal year, the revenue has been deferred at April 30, 2021, and reported as a deferred inflow of resources in both the governmental funds balance sheet and statement of net position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Note 6: Capital Assets

Governmental Activities

A summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities of the City is as follows:

	Balances May 1	Additions/ Transfers	Deletions/ Transfers	Balances April 30		
Capital assets not being depreciated						
Land	\$ 4,224,585	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,224,585		
Construction in progress	61,596	26,624	-	88,220		
Right of way land	4,084,150	58,788		4,142,938		
	8,370,331	85,412		8,455,743		
Capital assets being depreciated						
Land improvements	1,506,299	-	-	1,506,299		
Buildings and improvements	16,670,476	-	-	16,670,476		
Vehicles	1,010,722	140,190	61,970	1,088,942		
Machinery and equipment	1,029,594	44,470	177,131	896,933		
Infrastructure						
Storm drainage	1,975,756	-	-	1,975,756		
Bridges	1,847,296	-	-	1,847,296		
Streets	7,354,218			7,354,218		
	31,394,361	184,660	239,101	31,339,920		
Less accumulated depreciation for						
Land improvements	589,330	73,161	-	662,491		
Buildings and improvements	2,498,789	333,410	-	2,832,199		
Vehicles	411,605	88,384	27,886	472,103		
Machinery and equipment	750,795	64,968	163,581	652,182		
Infrastructure						
Storm drainage	1,224,335	39,515	-	1,263,850		
Bridges	649,564	36,946	-	686,510		
Streets	1,654,899	146,215		1,801,114		
	7,779,317	782,599	191,467	8,370,449		
Total capital assets being						
depreciated, net	23,615,044	(597,939)	47,634	22,969,471		
Governmental activities capital						
assets, net	\$ 31,985,375	\$ (512,527)	\$ 47,634	\$ 31,425,214		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Depreciation was charged to the governmental functions of the City as follows:

General government Public safety Public services	\$ 44,499 193,600 544,500
	\$ 782,599

Business-Type Activities

A summary of changes in capital assets for business-type activities of the City is as follows:

	Balances May 1	Additions/ Transfers	Deletions/ Transfers	Balances April 30		
Capital assets not being depreciated						
Land	\$ 235,000	\$ -		\$ 235,000		
Capital assets being depreciated Water distribution system and						
improvements	10,167,891	-	-	10,167,891		
Building improvements	8,647	-	-	8,647		
Machinery and equipment	110,179	-	-	110,179		
Vehicles	191,906	-	-	191,906		
	10,478,623		-	10,478,623		
Less accumulated depreciation for Water distribution system and improvements Building improvements Machinery and equipment Vehicles	4,255,753 8,647 110,179 156,768 4,531,347	253,239 - - - 7,721 260,960	- - - - -	4,508,992 8,647 110,179 164,489 4,792,307		
Total capital assets being						
depreciated, net	5,947,276	(260,960)		5,686,316		
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 6,182,276	\$ (260,960)	\$ -	\$ 5,921,316		
Depreciation was charged to the b	ousiness-type fur	nction of the City	as follows:			
Water				\$ 260,960		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Note 7: Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health and net income losses. To insure against the various risks, the City purchases commercial third-party insurance. The City has not had any settlements exceed insurance coverage for the past three years.

Note 8: Long-Term Debt

General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Governmental Activities

Issue	Fund Debt Retired By	Balances May 1	Increases	Decreases	Balances April 30	Due Within One Year
\$2,810,000 Series 2012A General Obligation Bonds, first principal installment of \$100,000 due on December 15, 2014. Subsequent annual principal installments of \$100,000 to \$260,000 beginning December 15, 2015 through December 15, 2030; interest at 2.00% to 2.40%.	2012 Bond Fund	\$ 2,160,000	\$ -	\$ 2,160,000	\$ -	\$ -
\$1,100,000 Series 2012B General Obligation Bonds (Taxable Business District), first principal installment of \$10,000 due on December 15, 2015. Subsequent annual principal installments of \$35,000 to \$100,000 through December 15, 2030; interest at 2.00% to 3.40%	2012 Bond Fund	925,000	_	50,000	875,000	50,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Issue	Fund Debt Retired By	Balances May 1	Increases	Decreases	Balances April 30	Due Within One Year
\$3,695,000 Series 2013 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, first principal installment of \$85,000 due on December 15, 2013. Subsequent annual principal installments of \$35,000 to \$375,000 beginning December 15, 2013 through December 15, 2028; interest at 2% to 3%. \$1,900,000 Series 2021 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, first principal installment of \$145,000 due on December 15, 2021. Subsequent annual principal installments of \$150,000 to \$225,000	Capital Improvements Fund	\$ 2,755,000	\$ -	\$ 265,000	\$ 2,490,000	\$ 270,000
beginning December 15, 2022 through December 15, 2030; interest at 1.25% to 4.00%.	2012 Bond Fund		1,900,000		1,900,000	145,000
Plus bond premium Less bond discount		5,840,000 78,597 (13,934)	1,900,000 198,445	2,475,000 14,387 (1,392)	5,265,000 262,655 (12,542)	465,000
		\$ 5,904,663	\$ 2,098,445	\$ 2,487,995	\$ 5,515,113	\$ 465,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Special Service Area Bonds

Special service area bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Governmental Activities

Issue	Fund Debt Retired By	 alances May 1	In	creases	De	creases	_	Balances April 30	 e Within ne Year
\$600,000 Series 2006									
Special Service Area									
Number 2 Bonds, due									
in annual scheduled									
principal installments									
of \$25,000 to \$45,000									
beginning December 15,									
2006 through									
December 15, 2025;	Debt								
interest at 3.50%	Service -								
to 5.00%.	SSA II Fund	\$ 245,000	\$		 \$	35,000	\$	210,000	\$ 40,000

Debt Refundings

On May 2, 2013, the City issued Series 2013 General Obligation (Refunding) Bonds in the amount of \$3,695,000. Proceeds of these bonds were placed in escrow to purchase government securities which will be sufficient to partially defease \$3,165,000 of Series 2008 General Obligation (Building) Bonds. The refunding was undertaken to save on interest charges. At April 30, 2021, as a result of the restructuring, the Series 2008 Bonds are considered partially defeased and the defeased liability has been removed from the statement of net position. At April 30, 2021, \$2,490,000 of the defeased 2008 Bonds remain outstanding.

On March 16, 2021, the City issued \$1,900,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2021 with interest rate of 3.00% to refund the \$2,035,000 outstanding balance of the 2012A General Obligation Shopping Center Project Bonds (SCP). The net proceeds of \$2,049,406 (after payment of underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance cost) were deposited with the prior paying agent in an irrevocable trust to call and redeem the 2012A SCP Bonds.

Although this current refunding resulted in the recognition of deferred loss on refunding of \$12,484 for the year ended April 30, 2021, the City in effect reduced its aggregate debt service payments by almost \$69,945 over the next ten years and obtained an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$65,233.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Changes in Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of the long-term obligation activities of the City for the year ended April 30, 2021:

Governmental Activities

		Balances May 1	ı	Increases		ncreases Decreases		l	Balances April 30	Due in One Year		
General obligation bonds	\$	5,840,000	\$	1,900,000	\$	2,475,000	\$	5,265,000	\$	465,000		
Premiums and discounts		64,663		198,445		12,995		250,113		-		
Special service area bonds		245,000		-		35,000		210,000		40,000		
Total OPEB liability*		953,859		-		114,824		839,035		27,351		
Net pension liability - IMRF*		607,206		-		607,206		-		-		
Net pension liability - Police												
Pension*		12,697,710		2,711,448		6,128,014		9,281,144		-		
Compensated absences*		356,810		280,807		305,578		332,039		106,253		
	\$	20,765,248	_\$	5,090,700	\$	9,678,617	\$	16,177,331	\$	638,604		

^{*}The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate the postemployment healthcare benefits, net pension liabilities and compensated absences liabilities.

Business-Type Activities

	alances May 1	lne	creases	Decreases		Balances April 30		Due in One Year	
Compensated absences Total OPEB liability Net pension liability - IMRF	\$ 29,332 86,677 124,368	\$	20,570	\$	25,721 34,885 124,368	\$	24,181 51,792	\$	7,738 1,688
	\$ 240,377	\$	20,570	\$	184,974	\$	75,973	\$	9,426

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Governmental Activities

Fiscal	C	General Obligation Bonds				Special Service Area Bonds				
Year	F	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
2022	\$	465,000	\$	143,553	\$	40,000	\$	10,300		
2023		510,000		149,420		40,000		8,400		
2024		520,000		135,620		40,000		6,500		
2025		565,000		118,520		45,000		4,500		
2026		600,000		99,770		45,000		2,250		
2027-2031		2,605,000		193,412				-		
	\$	5,265,000	\$	840,295	\$	210,000	\$	31,950		

Legal Debt Margin

Effective December 18, 2002, the City is a home rule municipality. To date, the General Assembly has set no debt limits for home rule municipalities.

Note 9: Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description

The City provides other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan, which is administered by the City, allows employees who retire and meet retirement eligibility requirements under the applicable retirement plan to continue medical insurance coverage as a participant in the City's plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and any employer contributions are governed by the City and can be amended by the City through its personnel manual and union contracts. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as no assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The plan does not issue a separate report.

Eligibility

Police

Tier 1 Hired before January 1, 2011, 100% coverage at age 54 and 20 years of service Tier 2 Hired after January 1, 2011, 100% coverage at age 56 and 10 years of service

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Other IMRF - Covered Employees and Elected Officials

Tier 1 Hired before January 1, 2011, 100% coverage at age 55 and 8 years of credited service Tier 2 Hired after January 1, 2011, 100% coverage at age 62 and 10 years of credited service

Benefits

A retired employee and his or her spouse are eligible to continue health insurance identical to active employees if they meet the eligibility for retirements under the applicable plan. The retiree is responsible for paying the entire monthly premium for health coverage and that of any covered spouse or eligible dependents. Sworn police employees that suffer a catastrophic injury or are killed in the line of duty may receive 100% City paid lifetime coverage for the employee, their spouse and each dependent child under the *Public Safety Employee Benefits Act*.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At April 30, 2021, the following City employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees	42
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	1
Total	43

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$890,827 was measured as of April 30, 2021, as determined by valuation procedures as of May 1, 2020, rolled forward to April 30, 2021.

The City has elected to use the alternative measurement method to measure its total OPEB liability as provided for under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75 for employers with fewer than 100 employees (active and inactive) being provided benefits as of the beginning of the measurement period.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Balance at May 1, 2020	\$ 1,040,536
Changes for the year	
Service cost including administrative expenses	20,460
Interest on the total OPEB liabilities	30,813
Differences between expected and actual experience	34,572
Assumption changes	(206,515)
Benefit payments	 (29,039)
Net changes	(149,709)
Balance at April 30, 2021	\$ 890,827

Changes in assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.85% in 2020 to 1.83% in 2021.

OPEB Expense

For the year ended April 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$(117,670).

Valuation Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the May 1, 2020 valuation was determined using the following assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Measurement date	April 30, 2021
Measurement method	Alternative measurement method, for plans with fewer than 100 covered members
Cost method	Entry age
Funding method	Entry age cost method (level % of pay)
Discount rate	2.85% used as of April 30, 20201.83% as of April 30, 2021The discount rate was based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as published by S&P Dow Jones Indices at April 30, 2021
Retirement rates	100% at normal retirement eligibility
Inflation	2.5%

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Salary increase 2.5% per annum Marital status 75% assumed married with male spouses 3 years older than female spouses Health care 20% participation assumed, with 50% electing spouse coverage participation Mortality PubG-2010 Mortality Table projected to the valuation date using MP-2019. Healthcare cost Starting at 7.00% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% for 2075 and after trend rates Termination rates Age 20 - 29.60%; age 30 - 59.30%; age 40 - 84.10%; age 50 - 100.00% Disability rates None assumed

Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trend rates.

The table below presents the total OPEB liability of the City calculated using the discount rate of 1.83% (2.85% in the prior year) as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (0.83%) or 1 percentage point higher (2.83%) the current rate:

	Current						
	 1% Decrease (0.83%)		Discount Rate (1.83%)		1% Increase (2.83%)		
City's total OPEB liability	\$ 1,028,291	\$	890,827	\$	776,295		

The table below illustrates the sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates assumption for a 1% decrease and a 1% increase in the rates.

		He	Current ealthcare ost Trend	
	 Decrease % - 6.00%	4.00	Rates)% - 7.00%	 % Increase 0% - 8.00%
City's total OPEB liability	\$ 770,679	\$	890,827	\$ 1,034,084

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Note 10: Other Individual Fund Disclosures

Due From/to Other Funds

Interfund receivable and payable balances as of April 30, 2021, were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount		
General Fund	Water Fund	\$	55,313	
General Fund	Debt Service Fund - SSA II		34,602	
General Fund	Motor Fuel Tax Fund		410	
Total General Fund			90,325	
2012/2021 Refunding Bond Fund	General Fund		37,961	
2012/2021 Refunding Bond Fund	Capital Improvements Fund		4,254	
Total 2012/2021 Refunding Bond Fund			42,215	
Capital Improvements Fund	General Fund		168,738	
		\$	301,278	

The interfund balance between the General Fund and other funds arose from normal operations and are routinely settled with cash payments.

Advances From/to Other Funds

Advances as of April 30, 2021, were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Water Fund	\$ 344,531

The General Fund issued a cash advance to the Water Fund to be repaid within ten years. This advance is to assist the funding of the repayment related to a water billing settlement payment in April of 2019. The balance as of April 30, 2021, is \$344,531 and will be paid off on April 30, 2029.

Transfers

There were no transfers during the fiscal year.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Note 11: Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

Litigation

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City's attorney that the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Sales Tax Incentives

The City has entered into economic incentive agreements with a retailer and developers.

On July 29, 2002, the City Council approved an ordinance to enter into an agreement with a developer whereby the City agrees to reimburse the developer for redevelopment costs in the amount of \$2,500,000 plus interest at a fixed rate of 8% per annum. The agreement expires on July 29, 2022, or when total payments to the developer aggregate \$4,500,000. However, the payable due to the developer is limited by actual sales tax revenues. Payments shall be applied first to interest then to principal. The City's obligation to reimburse the developer is payable only from municipal sales tax revenues and will be paid quarterly. During the first 12 years of the agreement, the City is entitled on an annual basis to the first \$125,000 of municipal sales tax revenue collected. The developer shall be entitled to the next \$125,000. A provision in the agreement for 2004 was not met by the developer. After 10 years, as the provision was not met, the City is released from paying the developer the next \$125,000 allocation. Therefore, after the City receives \$125,000, any remaining municipal sales tax revenues shall be divided equally for the remainder of that year but due in subsequent years. All payments of municipal sales tax revenues have been recorded as expenditures in the General Fund. Through the year ended April 30, 2021, the City has expended \$2,730,025 under this agreement, including \$219,928 in the current year.

On June 26, 2018, the City amended an economic incentive agreement with a developer, whereby the City agrees to reimburse the developer a maximum of \$238,000 for certain infrastructure costs for the installation of a new watermain. The new watermain will connect the redevelopment project at 1S722 Midwest Road to the City's water system. The reimbursement is intended to only be payable from sales taxes generated by the developer. The agreement expires on the first January 1st that follows the 10th anniversary of the sales tax commencement date. Through the year ended April 30, 2021, the City expended \$97,141 under this agreement.

In July of 2008, the City approved a Business District Redevelopment Area (the Business District) pursuant to State Statutes and a companion agreement with a developer for the redevelopment of the Oakbrook Square Mall into the Oakbrook Terrace Square Shopping Center located at the southwest corner of Roosevelt and Summit. A Business District allows local governments to revitalize economically sluggish commercial areas. The Business District included the levying of a new 1% Business District Retailers' Occupation Tax (BDROT) on all tangible property sold only within the Business District and a Business District Service Occupation Tax (BDSOT) on sales of service within the business district that, incident to those sales of service, transfer personal property within the Business District. This new tax does not impact any other areas within the City.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

State of Illinois law allows the Business District to exist for a period of 23 years. The City issued 2010 and 2012 General Obligations Bonds which are being paid using the proceeds from home rule sales tax, Business District sales tax and local use taxes (see Note 8). In fiscal year 2020, the City paid off the 2010 Business District bonds and saved the City approximately \$1,008,460 in interest costs. The 2012 bonds remain outstanding as of April 30, 2021. The 2012A Business District bonds were refinanced to a lower interest rate in April 2021, saving the City approximately \$70,000. The remaining balance on the 2012A&B Business District bonds is \$2,775,000. The 2012A bonds are callable on December 15, 2028, and the 2012B bonds are callable on December 15, 2022. If the bonds are paid off prior to that time, then the Council may vote to terminate the Business District at any time.

Note 12: Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

The City evaluated whether the plan is a fiduciary activity based on GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, and concluded that it is not a fiduciary activity. The City does not contribute to the plan and has no control over the plan assets. The assets of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the plan participants and their beneficiaries. The assets cannot be diverted for any other purpose.

Note 13: Segment Information – Enterprise Funds

As the City maintains only one Enterprise Fund (Water Fund), this disclosure requirement is effectively met in these basic financial statements.

Note 14: Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The City contributes to three defined benefit pension plans: the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF - Regular), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel Fund (SLEP), an agent multi-employer defined benefit plan, both of which are administered by the IMRF, an agent multiple-employer public retirement system, and the Police Pension Fund, which is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions for all plans are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. The Police Pension Fund issues a stand-alone financial report. IMRF issues a publicly available report that includes

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

financial statements and supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not for individual employers. That report may be obtained on-line at *www.imrf.org*.

The aggregate totals for all pension items for the three plans are as follows:

		vernmental Activities		ness-Type tivities*	Total City
Net pension liability (asset) IMRF IMRF - SLEP	\$	(136,108) (1,894)	\$	(27,878)	\$ (163,986) (1,894)
Police	Φ.	9,281,144	Φ.	- (27, 979)	 9,281,144
Deferred outflows of resources		9,143,142	\$	(27,878)	 9,115,264
IMRF IMRF - SLEP Police	\$	52,449 13,387 1,296,451	\$	10,743	\$ 63,192 13,387 1,296,451
	\$	1,362,287	\$	10,743	\$ 1,373,030
Deferred inflows of resources IMRF IMRF - SLEP Police	\$	747,946 4,423 3,062,467	\$	153,194	\$ 901,140 4,423 3,062,467
	\$	3,814,836	\$	153,194	\$ 3,968,030
Pension expense IMRF IMRF - SLEP Police	\$	(72,857) 13,079 485,920	\$	(14,922) - -	\$ (87,779) 13,079 485,920
	\$	426,142	\$	(14,922)	\$ 411,220

^{*}Same amounts are also reported in the proprietary fund statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Illinois Municipal Retirement

The City's agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for regular employees (other than those covered by the Police Pension Plan) provides retirement, disability, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. IMRF acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local governments and school districts in Illinois. The City maintains accounts for Regular employees and for Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) which provides benefits solely to the police chief. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" described below. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. The Illinois Pension Code establishes the benefit provisions of the plan which can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at www.imrf.org or by writing to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, 2211 York Road, Suite 500, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523.

Benefits Provided

Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least 8 years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with 8 years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after 10 years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with 10 years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of: 3% of the original pension amount, or one-half of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel Fund (SLEP) members, having accumulated at least 30 years of SLEP service and terminating IMRF participation on or after July 1, 1988, may elect to retire at or after age 50 with no early retirement discount penalty. SLEP members meeting these two qualifications are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 2.50% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 20 years, 2.00% of their final earnings rate for the next 10 years of credited service and 1.00% for each year thereafter. For those SLEP members retiring with less than 20 years of SLEP

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

service, the regular IMRF pension formula applies. SLEP also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statutes. SLEP members are required to contribute 7.50% of their annual salary to SLEP. Currently, the only SLEP participant is the police chief.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of December 31, 2020, the measurement date for the net pension liability (asset), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Regular	SLEP
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Terminated employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits Current employees	37 13 22	- - 1
	72	1

Contributions

As set by statute, employees participating in the IMRF Regular Plan are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The member rate is also established by State statute. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2020 was 11.70% and for calendar year 2021, it is 11.69%. For the year ended April 30, 2021, the City contributed \$188,354 to the plan. The City also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. The employer contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the IMRF Board of Trustees. For the SLEP Plan, members are required to contribute 7.50% of their annual covered salary. The employer annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2020 was 9.99% and for calendar year 2021, it is 10.58%. For the year ended April 30, 2021, the City contributed \$12,105 to the plan.

Investments

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Portfolio Target Percentage	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	37.0%	5.0%
International equity	18.0%	6.0%
Fixed income	28.0%	1.3%
Alternative investments	7.0%	2.85 - 6.95%
Real estate	9.0%	6.2%
Short-term	1.0%	0.7%
	100.0%	

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability (asset) as of April 30, 2021, was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine the net pension liability (asset) as of April 30, 2021:

Actuarial valuation date	December 31, 2020
Measurement date	December 31, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Assumptions Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	2.85% - 13.75%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.25%
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Retirement age is based on Experienced-Based Table of Rates, specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2020 valuation according to an experience study from years 2017 to 2019.

For nondisabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

Discount Rate

A single discount rate (SDR) of 7.25% (same as last year) for the Regular Plan and 7.25% for the SLEP Fund (same as last year) was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flows used to determine the SDR assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate.

Based on those assumptions, the Regular Plan's fiduciary net position and the SLEP Plan's fiduciary net position were both projected to be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for both plans of 7.25% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) – Regular Plan

	То	tal Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary et Position (b)	et Pension bility (Asset) (a)-(b)
Balance, beginning of year	\$	8,884,908	\$ 8,153,334	\$ 731,574
Changes for the year				
Service cost		151,994	-	151,994
Interest		636,967	-	636,967
Differences between expected				
and actual experience		(283,631)	-	(283,631)
Changes in assumptions		(77,343)	-	(77,343)
Contributions - employer		-	191,276	(191,276)
Contributions - employee		-	73,567	(73,567)
Net investment income		-	1,093,409	(1,093,409)
Benefit payments, including refunds				
of employees' contributions		(350,316)	(350,316)	-
Other (net transfer)			 (34,705)	34,705
Net changes		77,671	973,231	 (895,560)
Balance, end of year	\$	8,962,579	\$ 9,126,565	\$ (163,986)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) - SLEP

			Plan		
		l Pension iability (a)	duciary Position (b)	Liabi	Pension lity (Asset) (a)-(b)
Balance, beginning of year	\$	71,903	\$ 73,728	\$	(1,825)
Changes for the year					
Service cost		19,760	-		19,760
Interest		5,929	-		5,929
Differences between expected					
and actual experience		3,858	-		3,858
Changes in assumptions		(1,495)	-		(1,495)
Contributions - employer		-	11,581		(11,581)
Contributions - employee		-	8,695		(8,695)
Net investment income		-	9,190		(9,190)
Benefit payments, including refunds					
of employees' contributions		-	-		-
Other (net transfer)		-	 (1,345)		1,345
Net changes		28,052	 28,121		(69)
Balance, end of year	\$	99,955	\$ 101,849	\$	(1,894)

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the City's net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The tables below represent the net pension liability (asset) of the City's Regular Plan and SLEP Fund calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using discount rates that are one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

Regular Plan

		Current				
	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)			
City's net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,040,109	\$ (163,986)	\$ (1,107,057)			

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

SLEP Fund

		C	urrent		
	 Decrease 6.25%)	Discount Rate (7.25%)		1% Increase (8.25%)	
City's net pension liability (asset)	\$ 11,942	\$	(1,894)	\$	(13,585)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$(87,779) and \$13,079 for the Regular Plan and SLEP Plan, respectively. At April 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	IMRF Regular Plan					
	Deferred Outflows of Plan Resources			Deferred Inflows of Plan Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	226,847		
Changes of assumptions		-		50,074		
Net differences between projected and actual earnings						
on plan investments		-		624,219		
Pension contributions made subsequent to the						
measurement date		63,192				
	\$	63,192	\$	901,140		

	IMRF SLEP Plan				
	Out	eferred flows of Plan	Deferred Inflows of Plan		
	Resources		Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	7,227	\$	- 1 200	
Changes of assumptions Net differences between projected and actual earnings		943		1,288	
on plan investments		-		3,135	
Pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		5,217		-	
	\$	13,387	\$	4,423	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

At April 30, 2021, the City reported \$68,409 of deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions made subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability (asset) in the year ended April 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ending April 30,	R		SLEP	Total		
2022	\$	(366,171)	\$	773	\$	(365,398)
2023		(184,547)		595		(183,952)
2024		(249,093)		(87)		(249,180)
2025		(101,329)		632		(100,697)
2026		-		1,168		1,168
Thereafter				666		666
	Φ.	(001 140)	ф.	2.747	ф.	(907.202)
	\$	(901,140)	\$	3,747	<u> </u>	(897,393)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IMRF schedule of changes in fiduciary net position by employer.

Police Pension Fund

Plan Description and Provisions

Police sworn personnel are covered by the Police Pension Fund, which is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contributions levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (Chapter 40-Article 5/3) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the fund as a pension trust fund. The Fund does issue a stand-alone financial report, which can be obtained by contacting the Oakbrook Terrace Finance Department at 17W275 Butterfield Road, Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois 60181.

Benefits Provided

The Police Pension Fund provides retirement benefits through two tiers as well as death and disability benefits. Covered employees hired before January 1, 2011 (Tier 1), attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least 8 years but less than 20 years of credited services may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

of a pension participant who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977, shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

Covered employees hired on or after January 1, 2011 (Tier 2), attaining the age of 55 or older with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Beginning in 2011, police officers' salary for pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of one-half of the change in the Consumer Price Index or 3% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such a salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least 10 years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (*i.e.*, ½% for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 pension participant shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the pension participant retires or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Noncompounding increases occur annually, effective each January 1st thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3% or ½ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At April 30, 2021, the Police Pension Fund membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	17
and terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	
Active	20
	37

Contributions

Employees are required by ILCS to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Fund. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. For the year ended April 30, 2021, the City's contribution was 76.87% of covered payroll for total contributions of \$1,493,842. The Police Pension Fund is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. However, effective January 1, 2011, ILCS requires the City to contribute a minimum amount annually calculated using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method that will result in the funding of 90% of the past service cost by the year 2040.

The Police Pension Fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned (*i.e.*, when due pursuant to formal commitments), benefits and refunds are recognized when owed to retirees (*i.e.*, due and payable).

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Investment Policy

ILCS limits the Police Pension Fund's investment to those allowable by ILCS and requires the Police Pension Fund's Board of Trustees to adopt an investment policy which can be amended by a majority vote of the Board of Trustees. The Police Pension Fund's investment policy authorizes the Police Pension Fund to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions (if a member of FDIC), obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, obligations of states and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rates within the highest classifications of at least two standard rating services, Illinois Funds, Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET), and money market mutual funds permissible under state law. The Police Pension Fund may also invest in certain non-U.S. obligations, mortgages, veteran's loans and life insurance company contracts, equity mutual funds and equity securities.

The Police Pension Fund's investment policy in accordance with ILCS establishes the following target allocation across asset classes:

Asset Class	Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.0%	(0.1)%
Fixed income	33.0%	3.2%
Large cap domestic equities	52.0%	3.6%
Small cap domestic equities	5.0%	4.5%
International equity	5.0%	5.2%
Real estate	3.0%	4.0%

The long-term expected rate of return of the Police Pension Fund's investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. For 2021, the inflation rate assumption of the investment advisor was 2.00%. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates or arithmetic real rates of return excluding inflation for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of April 30, 2021, are listed in the table above.

Investment Valuations

All investments in the Fund are stated at fair value and are recorded as of the trade date. Fair value is based on quoted market prices at April 30 for debt securities, equity securities and mutual funds and contract values for insurance contracts. Illinois Funds, an investment pool created by the State Legislature under the control of the State Treasurer, is a money market mutual fund that maintains a \$1 per share value.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Investment Concentrations

The Police Pension Fund's investment policy allows a maximum of 20% of the portfolio to be in cash or cash equivalents, maximum of 10% in separate accounts managed by life insurance companies, and no more than 65% of its portfolio in equity securities and in mutual funds subject to additional constraints.

Investment Rate of Return

For the year ended April 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension fund investments, net of pension fund investment expense, was 31.45%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Deposits With Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of a bank's failure, the Police Pension Fund's deposits may not be returned to them. The Police Pension Fund's Investment Policy requires all bank balances to be covered by federal depository insurance.

At April 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the Police Pension Fund's deposits totaled \$1,012,563 and the bank balance totaled \$1,016,563.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Interest Rate Risk

The following table presents the investments and maturities of the Police Pension Fund's debt securities as of April 30, 2021:

						Investment Maturities (in Years)							
		Fair Value		Less Than 1			1 to 5		6 to 10		More Than 10		
U.S. Treasury notes	\$	1,023,790	\$		-	\$	435,095	\$	588,695	\$	-		
U.S. Treasury inflation indexed bonds		63,353			-		23,263		40,090		-		
U.S. Treasury bond		390,193			-		-		33,769		356,424		
U.S. government and agency securities													
Government National Mortgage													
Association Pool		39,633			-		-		-		39,633		
Federal National Mortgage													
Association Pool		426,246			-		-		8,502		417,744		
Federal Farm Credit Bank		424,960			-		172,056		125,141		127,763		
Federal Home Loan Mortgage													
Corporation		241,531			-		-		7,187		234,344		
Federal Home Loan Bank		505,029			-		190,142		314,887		-		
Corporate bonds		2,415,008			-		727,709		829,138		858,161		
Certificates of deposit		430,387			_		430,387			_			
		5,960,130	\$		<u>-</u>	\$	1,978,652	\$	1,947,409	\$	2,034,069		
Not subject to interest rate risk													
Mutual funds		12,355,849											
	\$	18,315,979											

The Police Pension Fund's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). The Police Pension Fund's investment policy limits investments in contracts and agreements of life insurance companies, and any securities issued by the State, counties, townships or municipal corporations of the State to those rated at least Aaa by Moody's, and AA+ by Standard and Poor's. The Corporate Bonds are rated BBB- to AA+ by Standard and Poor's.

Fair Value of Assets

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- **Level 1** Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for an identical asset or liability that a government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 Unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities recognized in the accompanying statement of net position measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at April 30, 2021:

Investment Type		Fair Value	M	oted Prices in Active arkets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	O	ignificant Other bservable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservabl Inputs (Level 3)	
U.S. Treasury notes	\$	1,023,790	\$	1,023,790	\$	-	\$	-
U.S. Treasury inflation indexed bonds		63,353		63,353		-		-
U.S. Treasury bond		390,193		390,193		-		-
U.S. government and agency securities								
Government National Mortgage								
Association Pool		39,633		-		39,633		-
Federal National Mortgage								
Association Pool		426,246		-		426,246		-
Federal Farm Credit Bank		424,960		-		424,960		-
Federal Home Loan Mortgage								
Corporation		241,531		-		241,531		-
Federal Home Loan Bank		505,029		-		505,029		-
Corporate bonds		2,415,008		-		2,415,008		-
Certificates of deposit		430,387		-		430,387		-
Equity mutual funds		12,355,849		12,355,849		-		
	\$	18,315,979	\$	13,833,185	\$	4,482,794	\$	_

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies and inputs used for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying statement of net position, as well as the general classification of such assets and liabilities pursuant to the valuation hierarchy. There have been no significant changes in the valuation techniques during the year ended April 30, 2021.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Investments

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections and cash flows. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy.

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability as of April 30, 2021, was measured as of that date and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of May 1, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine the net pension liability as of April 30, 2021:

Actuarial valuation date May 1, 2021

Measurement date April 30, 2021

Actuarial cost method Entry-age normal

Assumptions

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases Graded schedule based on service ranging from 3.5% to 11%

Discount rate 6.50%

Investment rate of return 6.50%

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Mortality rates for active lives were based on the PubS-2010 Employee mortality, projected five years past the valuation date with Scale MP-2018. The mortality rates for inactive lives were based on PubS-2010 Healthy Retiree mortality, projected 5 years past the valuation date with Scale MP-2018. The mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on PubS-2010 Survivor mortality, projected five years past the valuation date with Scale MP-2018. The disabled mortality rate was based on PubS-2010 Disabled mortality, projected five years past the valuation date with Scale MP-2018.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 27,154,153	\$ 14,456,443	\$ 12,697,710
Changes for the year			
Service cost	528,826	-	528,826
Interest	1,761,447	-	1,761,447
Differences between expected			
and actual experience	381,707	-	381,707
Changes of assumptions	-	-	-
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Contributions - employer	-	1,493,842	(1,493,842)
Contributions - employee	-	192,577	(192,577)
Net investment income	-	4,257,710	(4,257,710)
Other member contributions	-	183,885	(183,885)
Benefit payments, including refunds			
of employees' contributions	(1,167,575)	(1,167,575)	-
Administrative expenses		(39,468)	39,468
Net changes	1,504,405	4,920,971	(3,416,566)
Balance, end of year	\$ 28,658,558	\$ 19,377,414	\$ 9,281,144

Changes in assumptions related to salary increases, inflation, retirement age, disability rates, termination and mortality were made since the prior measurement date.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50% (same as last year). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. City contributions have been 100% the actuarially determined contribution based upon a five-year historical average. Based on those assumptions, the Police Pension Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the City's net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below represents the pension liability calculated using the discount rate

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

of 6.50% as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease (5.50%)	Discount Rate (6.50%)	1% Increase (7.50%)
City's police pension net pension liability	\$ 13,566,893	\$ 9,281,144	\$ 5,792,788

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$485,920. At April 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Οι	Deferred Itflows of Plan esources	li	Deferred nflows of Plan esources
Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Net differences between projected and actual earnings	\$	583,903 712,548	\$	592,704 129,303
on pension plan investments				2,340,460
	\$	1,296,451	\$	3,062,467

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ending April 30,	Amount
2022	\$ (451,020)
2023	(420,301)
2024	(418,251)
2025	(577,714)
2026	46,740
Thereafter	54,530
	\$ (1,766,016)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Pension Fund Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Pension Fund's fiduciary net position is available in the basic financial statements.

Note 15: Pronouncements to Be Implemented in the Future

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following pronouncements, some of which are expected to have a material impact on the City's financial statements in future periods:

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases (GASB 87)

In June 2017, GASB published Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The standard was the result of a multiyear project to reexamine the accounting and financial reporting for leases. The new standard establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases represent the financing of the right to use an underlying asset. Specifically, GASB 87 includes the following accounting guidance for lessees and lessors:

Lessee Accounting — A lessee will recognize a liability measured at the present value of payments expected to be made for the lease term, and an intangible asset measured at the amount of the initial lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the beginning of the lease and certain indirect costs. A lessee will reduce the liability as payments are made and recognize an outflow of resources for interest on the liability. The asset will be amortized by the lessee over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the asset.

Lessor Accounting — A lessor will recognize a receivable measured at the present value of the lease payments expected for the lease term and a deferred inflow of resources measured at the value of the lease receivable plus any payments received at or prior to the beginning of the lease that relate to future periods. The lessor will reduce the receivable as payments are received and recognize an inflow of resources from the deferred inflow of resources in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease. A lessor will not derecognize the asset underlying the lease. There is an exception for regulated leases for which certain criteria are met, such as airport-aeronautical agreements.

The lease term used to measure the asset or liability is based on the period in which the lessee has the noncancelable right to use the underlying asset. The lease term also contemplates any lease extension or termination option that is reasonably certain of being exercised.

GASB 87 does not apply to leases for intangible assets, biological assets (*i.e.*, timber and living plants and animals), service concession agreements or leases in which the underlying asset is financed with conduit debt that is reported by the lessor. Additionally, leases with a maximum possible term of 12 months or less are excluded.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

The effective date is for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the City's fiscal year ending April 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period (GASB 89)

GASB 89 requires financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus to recognize interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred. Such interest cost will not be capitalized as part of the historical cost of a capital asset.

It also requires that in financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period is to be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles.

GASB 89 is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations (GASB 91)

GASB 91 establishes consistent recognition, measurement and disclosure between governments for conduit debt obligations. The guidance clarifies the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation, establishes a single method of reporting for issuers and enhances note disclosures.

GASB 91 is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020 (GASB 92)

GASB 92 addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements. The statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to leases, intra-entity transfers, fiduciary activities and fair value disclosures.

GASB 92 is effective for reporting periods based on individual topics discussed therein. Earlier application is encouraged and is permitted by individual topic to the extent that all requirements associated with an individual topic are implemented simultaneously.

GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (GASB 93)

GASB 93 addresses the accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an interbank offered rate (IBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate.

GASB 93 is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Earlier application is encouraged.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

GASB Statement No. 95, Postponement of Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance (GASB 95)

In response to the challenges arising from COVID-19, on May 7, 2020, GASB approved GASB 95. GASB approved an 18-month postponement for Statement 87, *Leases*. All statements and implementation guides with a current effective date of reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later have a one-year postponement. This change is effective immediately. Early application is still encouraged. The effective dates on GASBs discussed above have already been adjusted to account for the postponements issued in GASB 95.

The new effective dates are listed below:

- Statement 87 and Implementation Guide 2019-3 fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021, and all reporting periods thereafter
- Statement 89 reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020
- Statement 91 reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021
- Statement 92, paragraphs 6 and 7 fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021
- Statement 92, paragraphs 8, 9, and 12 reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021
- Statement 92, paragraph 10 government acquisitions occurring in reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021
- Statement 93, paragraphs 13 and 14 fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021, and all reporting periods thereafter
- Implementation Guide 2019-1 reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription - Based Information Technology Arrangements (GASB 96)

GASB 96 provides guidance on governments utilizing more cloud-based solutions for their information technology (IT) needs and paying for the use of third-parties' IT software on a subscription basis. The accounting and financial reporting for what GASB refers to as subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) has been inconsistent because of a lack of authoritative guidance. The Standard is effective for reporting periods after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter, with early implementation encouraged. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the City's fiscal year ending April 30, 2024. The statement would be applied retroactively, using the facts and circumstances that exist at the beginning of the fiscal year of implementation. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the effective date was delayed one year from that originally proposed.

Management has not currently determined what impact, if any, these statements may have on its financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2021

Note 16: Current Economic Conditions and Uncertainties

As a result of the spread of the SARS-CoV-2 virus and the incidence of Covid-19, economic uncertainties have arisen which may negatively affect the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the City. The duration of these uncertainties and the ultimate financial effects cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

Required Supplementary Information

(Unaudited)

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - Regular Plan April 30, 2021

		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016
Total pension liability												
Service costs	\$	151,994	\$	158,955	\$	140,336	\$	147,736	\$	142,179	\$	134,446
Interest		636,967		613,429		576,013		584,800		548,055		519,704
Changes in benefit terms Differences between expected and												
actual experience		(283,631)		(125,438)		83,360		(295,930)		96,277		(82,394)
Change of assumptions		(77,343)				250,018		(222,882)		(31,781)		19,677
Benefit payments including refunds of												
member contributions		(350,316)		(287,307)		(268,924)	_	(385,435)		(208,431)		(185,947)
Net change in total pension liability		77,671		359,639		780,803		(171,711)		546,299		405,486
Total pension liability - beginning		8,884,908		8,525,269		7,744,466		7,916,177		7,369,878		6,964,392
Total pension liability - ending	\$	8,962,579	\$	8,884,908	\$	8,525,269	\$	7,744,466	\$	7,916,177	\$	7,369,878
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - City	\$	191.276	\$	167,728	\$	200.794	\$	180.587	\$	179,399	\$	166.043
Contributions - City Contributions - members	Ф	73,567	Ф	73,137	Ф	78,899	Ф	64,779	Ф	59,229	Ф	58,392
Net investment income		1,093,409		1,243,733		(316,398)		1,086,166		406,901		30,259
Benefit payments including refunds of												
member contributions Other (net transfer)		(350,316) (34,705)		(287,307) (63,353)		(268,924) 20,314		(385,435) (149,318)		(208,431) 59,077		(185,947)
Other (net transfer)	_	(34,703)	_	(03,333)		20,314	_	(149,318)	_	39,077		(89,633)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		973,231		1,133,938		(285,315)		796,779		496,175		(20,886)
Plan net position - beginning		8,153,334		7,019,396	_	7,304,711	_	6,507,932	_	6,011,757		6,032,643
Plan net position - ending	\$	9,126,565	\$	8,153,334	\$	7,019,396	\$	7,304,711	\$	6,507,932	\$	6,011,757
City's net pension liability (asset)	\$	(163,986)	\$	731,574	\$	1,505,873	\$	439,755	\$	1,408,245	\$	1,358,121
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_							
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		101.83%		91.77%		82.34%		94.32%		82.21%		81.57%
or the total pension intollity		101.0570		71.7770		02.5 170		75270		02.2170		01.5770
Covered payroll	\$	1,634,835	\$	1,625,278	\$	1,523,476	\$	1,394,502	\$	1,316,206	\$	1,297,610
City's net pension liability (asset) as a		(10.0)2/		45.010/		98.84%		31.53%		106.0004		104.6694
percentage of covered payroll		(10.0)%		45.01%		98.84%		31.33%		106.99%		104.66%

GASB Statement No. 68 requires the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, the fiscal years completed prior to the adoption of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule. The pronouncement was adopted in Fiscal Year 2016. Information in this schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (December 31) of the City's net pension liability.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel Fund April 30, 2021

	2021			2020		2019	2018	
Total pension asset								
Service costs	\$	19,760	\$	19,468	\$	18,188	\$	_
Interest	•	5,929	_	4,002	-	2,238	-	_
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		_		_
Differences between expected and								
actual experience		3,858		2,967		2,770		21,586
Change of assumptions		(1,495)				1,528		(844)
Net change in total pension liability		28,052		26,437		24,724		20,742
Total pension liability - beginning		71,903		45,466		20,742		
Total pension liability - ending	\$	99,955	\$	71,903	\$	45,466	\$	20,742
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - City	\$	11,581	\$	10,484	\$	15,092	\$	17,578
Contributions - members		8,695		8,621		8,523		9,625
Net investment income		9,190		7,727		(590)		90
Other (net transfer)		(1,345)		(1,465)		(785)		(1,172)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		28,121		25,367		22,240		26,121
Plan net position - beginning		73,728		48,361		26,121		
Plan net position - ending	\$	101,849	\$	73,728	\$	48,361	\$	26,121
City's net pension asset	\$	(1,894)	\$	(1,825)	\$	(2,895)	\$	(5,379)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		101.89%		102.54%		106.37%		125.93%
Covered payroll	\$	115,929	\$	114,952	\$	113,654	\$	112,408
City's net pension asset as a percentage of covered payroll		(1.63)%		(1.59)%		(2.55)%		(4.79)%

GASB Statement No. 68 requires the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, Fiscal Year 2018 is the first year for this plan. Information in this schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (December 31) of the City's net pension liability.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Police Pension Fund April 30, 2021

		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016
Total pension liability Service cost Interest on the total pension liability	\$	528,826 1,761,447	\$	465,649 1,691,623	\$	429,350 1,612,233	\$	475,653 1,542,084	\$	535,882 1,484,841	\$	512,999 1,409,789
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions		381,707		(54,531)		(901,809) 1,145,712		524,313 (301,707)		(134,518) 202,498		224,119 56,687
Changes of benefit terms Contributions - buy back Benefit payments		(1,167,575)		50,530 - (1,116,880)	_	(1,083,921)		10,347 (1,166,415)		(1,129,211)		(1,014,414)
Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning		1,504,405		1,036,391		1,201,565		1,084,275		959,492		1,189,180
of period	_	27,154,153	_	26,117,762	_	24,916,197	_	23,831,922	_	22,872,430	_	21,683,250
Total pension liability - end of period	\$	28,658,558	\$	27,154,153	\$	26,117,762	\$	24,916,197	\$	23,831,922	\$	22,872,430
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - members Contributions - buy back Contributions - other Net investment income (loss)	\$	1,493,842 192,577 - - 4,257,710	\$	1,378,855 190,747 - - 270,372	\$	1,115,199 172,255 - - 890,839	\$	1,039,771 160,821 10,347 - 1,070,751	\$	995,185 168,948 - - - 969,766	\$	912,363 171,032 - 56,687 (79,870)
Other Benefit payments Administrative expense		183,885 (1,167,575) (39,468)		(1,116,880) (39,882)		15 (1,083,921) (40,280)		(1,166,415) (42,132)		(1,129,211) (43,720)		(1,014,414) (33,226)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan net position - beginning of period		4,920,971 14,456,443		683,212 13,773,231		1,054,107 12,719,124		1,073,143 11,645,981		960,968 10,685,013		12,572 10,672,441
Plan net position - end of period	\$	19,377,414	\$	14,456,443	\$	13,773,231	\$	12,719,124	\$	11,645,981	\$	10,685,013
City's net pension liability	\$	9,281,144	\$	12,697,710	\$	12,344,531	\$	12,197,073	\$	12,185,941	\$	12,187,417
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage Percentage of the total pension liability		67.61%		53.24%		52.74%		51.05%		48.87%		46.72%
Covered payroll	\$	1,943,259	\$	1,924,783	\$	1,738,194	\$	1,622,815	\$	1,707,810	\$	1,725,853
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		477.61%		659.70%		710.19%		751.60%		713.54%		706.17%

GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68 require the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, the fiscal years completed prior to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 67 are not required to be presented in this schedule. The pronouncement was adopted in Fiscal Year 2015. Information in this schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (April 30) of the City's net pension liability.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Contributions Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - Regular Plan April 30, 2021

Year Ended	De	tuarially termined ntribution	in F the De	ntributions Relation to Actuarially termined ntribution	 bution ess/ iency)	ı	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
4/30/2021	\$	188,354	\$	188,354	\$ -	\$	1,610,329	11.70%
4/30/2020		181,951		181,951			1,687,526	10.78%
4/30/2019		194,831		200,794	5,963		1,587,343	12.65%
4/30/2018		180,588		185,352	4,764		1,423,492	13.02%
4/30/2017		179,399		185,102	5,703		1,362,319	13.59%
4/30/2016		166,094		192,511	26,417		1,323,329	14.55%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Valuation date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each

year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which

contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2020 Contribution Rates

Actuarial cost method Aggregate entry-age normal
Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 23-years closed period

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage growth 3.25%

Price inflation 2.50% approximate; no explicit price inflation assumption is used in this valuation.

Salary increases 3.35% to 14.25%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.2

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition; last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience study

of the period 2014 to 2016.

Mortality For nondisabled retirees, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully

generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for nondisabled lives. For active members, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee

Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Other information There were no benefit changes during the year.

Information above based on valuation assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation.

GASB Statement No. 68 requires the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, the fiscal years completed prior to the adoption of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule. The pronouncement was adopted in 2016.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Contributions

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel Fund April 30, 2021

Year Ended	Det	uarially ermined tribution	in R the <i>I</i> De	Determined		ibution cess/ ciency)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
4/30/2021	\$	12,105	\$	12,105	\$	-	\$ 144,636	8.37%
4/30/2020		11,457		11,457		-	144,842	7.91%
4/30/2019		13,526		15,092		1,566	138,540	10.89%
4/30/2018		15,358		15,358		-	131,162	11.71%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Valuation date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each

year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which

contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2020 Contribution Rates

Actuarial cost method Aggregate entry-age normal
Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 23-years closed period

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage growth 3.25%

Price inflation 2.50% approximate; no explicit price inflation assumption is used in this valuation.

Salary increases 3.35% to 14.25%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.25%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition; last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience study

of the period 2014 to 2016.

Mortality For nondisabled retirees, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully

generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for nondisabled lives. For active members, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee

Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Other information There were no benefit changes during the year.

Information above based on valuation assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation.

GASB Statement No. 68 requires the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, Fiscal Year 2018 is the first year of this plan.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Contributions Police Pension Fund April 30, 2021

Fiscal Year	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contribution Excess/ (Deficiency)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
4/30/2021	\$ 1,494,254	\$ 1,493,842	\$ (412)	\$ 1,943,259	76.87%
4/30/2020	1,380,875	1,378,856	(2,019)	1,924,783	71.64%
4/30/2019	1,115,355	1,115,199	(156)	1,738,194	64.16%
4/30/2018	1,039,771	1,039,771	-	1,622,815	64.07%
4/30/2017	992,007	995,185	3,178	1,707,810	58.27%
4/30/2016	910,055	912,363	2,308	1,725,853	52.86%
4/30/2015	757,001	755,538	(1,463)	1,709,980	44.18%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Valuation date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of May 1 two

years prior to the year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2021 Contribution Rates

Actuarial cost method Entry-age normal
Amortization method Level % pay (closed)
Remaining amortization period 15 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market Interest rate 6.50% compounded annually

Salary increases Graded schedule based on service ranging from 3.50% to 11%

Payroll growth 2.00% per year

Cost of living adjustments Tier 1: 3.00% per year after age 55

Tier 2: 1.25% per year after the later of attainment of age 60 or first

anniversary of retirement

Retirement age See the notes to the financial statements.

Mortality rate PubS-2010 Employee mortality, project 5 years past the valuation date with

Scale MP-2018.

Disabled mortality rate PubS-2010 Disabled mortality, projected 5 years past the valuation date with

Scale MP-2018.

GASB Statement No. 67 requires the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, the fiscal years completed prior to the adoption of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule. The pronouncement was adopted by the Pension Plan in 2015.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Investment Returns Police Pension Fund April 30, 2021

Fiscal Year	Annual Money- Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense
2021	31.45%
2020	2.23%
2019	9.36%
2018	9.20%
2017	10.11%
2016	(1.14)%
2015	8.50%

GASB Statement No. 67 requires the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, the fiscal years completed prior to the adoption of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule. The pronouncement was adopted in 2015.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios April 30, 2021

	2021		2020		2019	
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost	\$	20,460	\$	14,308	\$	12,918
Interest		30,813		31,380		32,953
Differences between expected and actual experience		34,572		-		-
Changes of assumptions		(206,515)		47,660		53,111
Benefit payments		(29,039)		(31,896)		(29,330)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(149,709)		61,452		69,652
Total OPEB liability - beginning of period		1,040,536		979,084		909,432
Total OPEB liability - end of period	\$	890,827	\$	1,040,536	\$	979,084
Covered payroll	\$	4,063,342	\$	3,778,571	\$	3,686,411
City's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		21.92%		27.54%		26.56%

GASB Statement No. 75 requires the presentation of ten fiscal years of data. As of April 30, 2021, only three years of information is available.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal Year Ending April 30, 2021: 1.83% Fiscal Year Ending April 30, 2020: 2.85% Fiscal Year Ending April 30, 2019: 3.21%

Also reflected as assumption changes are updated mortality rates, updated health care costs and premiums, and updated health care cost trend rates.

Benefit Payments:

The plan sponsor did not provide actual net benefits paid by the Plan for the fiscal year ending on April 30, 2021. Expected net benefit payments produced by the valuation model for the same period are shown in the table above.

Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules

General Fund - to account	for resources tradition	nally associated with	governments which	are
not required to be accou	nted for in another fi	ind.		

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Original and Final Budget	Actual		
		_		
Local taxes	Φ 1.007.570	Φ 1.027.410		
Property tax - police pension	\$ 1,027,578	\$ 1,027,410		
Hotel/motel taxes	1,556,400	514,905		
Off track betting tax	200,000	223,180		
Telecommunications utility tax	480,000	367,669		
Cannabis tax	501,707	116,128		
Amusement tax	450,000	6,023		
Video gaming	324,000	290,253		
Food and beverage tax	867,801			
Total local taxes	5,407,486	2,545,568		
Intergovernmental				
Sales and use tax	2,059,757	1,859,922		
Replacement tax	3,484	4,204		
Income tax	224,070	277,210		
Road and bridge tax	6,400	6,784		
Grant revenue	-	150,958		
Total intergovernmental	2,293,711	2,299,078		
Licenses and permits				
Liquor licenses	103,037	102,280		
Business licenses	136,000	137,096		
Business license/reg penalty	1,300	1,015		
Other licenses	22,000	19,600		
Building permits	185,000	344,072		
Franchise fees	76,000	75,783		
Video gaming fees	91,700	95,667		
Total licenses and permits	615,037	775,513		
Charges for services				
Library fees	3,100	2,974		
Zoning hearings, maps, books	43,250	28,475		
Other charges for services	3,200	4,741		
Total charges for services	49,550	36,190		
Fines and forfeits	<u></u>			
Court fines/tickets	98,000	72,865		
Towing fees	30,000	6,000		
Red light camera fines	743,298	2,850,433		
DUI tech fees	143,270	22,302		
Total fines and forfeits	871,298	2,951,600		
rotal files and forfells	0/1,270	2,331,000		

General Fund Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
Investment income	\$ 100,000	\$ 43,149
Miscellaneous		
Antenna income	138,149	138,148
July 4th sponsor	30,000	-
Other	147,834	149,210
Total miscellaneous	315,983	287,358
Total revenues	\$ 9,653,065	\$ 8,938,456

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Original		Final			
		Budget	Budget		Actual	
General Government						
Executive management						
Full-time	\$	319,086	\$ 287,155	\$	304,628	
Overtime		261	261		49	
Part-time and special pay		79,280	66,917		73,708	
Office supplies		2,000	2,000		3,631	
Health/life insurance/dental insurance		46,636	46,636		45,944	
Unemployment insurance		635	635		676	
Top of the range award		725	_		-	
COVID expenses		-	_		100,739	
Dues and meetings		6,600	6,100		11,344	
Payroll taxes		29,296	29,296		26,386	
Postage		1,600	1,600		2,756	
Supplies		4,000	4,000		3,995	
Newsletter		22,000	22,000		15,450	
IMRF		40,698	37,870		38,386	
Publications and books		600	600		1,277	
Library services		20,000	15,347		16,491	
Public information		6,960	6,960		9,599	
Phone service		4,500	4,500		4,269	
Communications		3,500	3,500		47,563	
Training and conferences		-	_		1,495	
Codification		4,800	2,800		5,976	
Professional/tech services		3,000	3,000		11,839	
Office furniture		-	-		925	
Equipment rental		420	420		360	
Software		-	-		120	
Hardware		-	-		2,350	
Equipment and noncapital equipment		2,000	2,000		4,759	
Legal services		262,300	262,300		185,726	
Contingency		5,000	5,000		22,485	
Employee assistance program		350	350		345	
Recognition		1,500	1,500		1,883	
Special events programming		97,000	22,000		26,253	
Total executive management		964,747	834,747		971,407	
Economic development						
Oakbrook Terrace LLC - tax incentive		130,000	130,000		97,141	
Home Depot - tax incentive		193,000	193,000		219,928	
SIRVA - tax incentive		9,000	9,000		-	
Stimulus Rebate program					290,783	
Total economic development		332,000	332,000		607,852	

(Cont.)

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual
Building and zoning					
Full-time	\$	295,185	\$	290,722	\$ 299,778
Overtime		876		876	254
Part-time - other		13,200		13,200	11,650
Office supplies		1,200		1,200	546
Supplies		1,500		1,500	1,700
Top of the range award		4,099		-	-
Postage		700		700	1,172
Health/life insurance/dental insurance		64,414		64,414	63,353
Unemployment insurance		726		726	1,001
Dues and meetings		550		550	_
Payroll taxes		23,972		23,972	23,253
Communications		1,200		1,200	1,039
Equipment repairs		1,100		1,100	913
IMRF		35,062		35,062	35,736
Publications and books		600		600	145
Professional and technical		105,000		82,000	67,177
Public information		600		600	520
Public hearing expenses		10,000		8,000	2,426
Hardware		-		-	235
Equipment rental		325		325	360
Phone service		1,965		1,965	1,940
Total building and zoning		562,274		528,712	 513,198
Total building and zoming		302,271		320,712	 313,170
Finance department					
Full and part-time		144,733		140,802	156,123
Office supplies		1,500		1,500	1,213
Health/life insurance/dental/vision insurance		17,963		17,963	17,550
Unemployment insurance		454		454	635
Risk management contribution		217,923		212,448	210,963
Supplies		500		500	326
Dues and meetings		600		600	160
Phone service and communications		7,300		7,300	7,018
Equipment rental		10,321		5,999	6,571
Payroll taxes		11,105		11,105	11,761
IMRF		17,129		17,129	18,766
Software purchase		_		_	9,087
Hardware		_		_	184
Top of the range award		425		_	-
Training and conferences		.25		_	135
Professional and technical		98,188		89,188	81,324
Investment management fees		2,120		2,120	2,207
		, -		, -	,

(Cont.)

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	
Equipment repair	\$	1,500	\$	1,000	\$	913
Public information		3,000		1,200		1,124
Postage		2,000		2,000		2,480
Credit card transactions		4,759		2,759		2,717
		4,737		2,139		
Filing fees		- - -				521 207
Total finance department		541,520		514,067		531,287
Total General Government	2	,400,541		2,209,526		2,623,744
Public Safety						
Police department						
Full-time	2	,430,940		2,390,027		2,344,716
Overtime		158,500		158,500		166,054
Part-time - regular		57,923		57,923		38,545
Holiday pay		73,741		73,741		66,908
Vacation buy back pay		17,350		17,350		35,547
Court time		55,000		55,000		19,823
Top of the range award		3,493		33,000		19,623
Office supplies		6,300		6,300		6,254
Office furniture		1,400		700		0,234
Health/life insurance/dental insurance		690,560		678,275		669,846
Unemployment insurance		4,721		4,721		7,092
Deductible payments		2,000		2,000		1,000
Medical exams		500		500		-
Dues and meetings		600		600		860
Public information		100		100		-
Payroll taxes		213,964		213,964		191,984
IMRF		47,955		45,324		43,795
Police pension funding	1	,494,254		1,494,254		1,493,842
Phone service		4,800		4,800		4,528
Ducomm		264,000		240,037		180,027
Communications		14,000		14,000		10,550
Gas and oil		47,500		23,900		26,618
Utilities		6,000		6,000		4,867
Supplies		6,000		6,000		1,949
Vehicle maintenance		28,000		28,000		40,511
Postage		1,700		1,700		1,460
Printing		3,000		3,000		1,305
Equipment rental		10,375		10,375		8,939
Software purchase		-		· <u>-</u>		74
Hardware		-		-		325
Uniform allowance		15,800		15,800		12,833
Books and publications		700		700		899
Training and conferences		7,885		7,885		7,524

(Cont.)

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
Support services	\$ 18,100	\$ 18,100	\$ 17,173
Continuing education	3,500	-	2,520
Professional/technical services	5,600	5,600	1,090
Equipment	9,558	9,558	11,872
Equipment repair	7,700	7,700	6,980
Building maintenance	29,000	29,000	43,899
Animal control	500	-	-
Filing fees	1,000	1,000	168
DUI equipment	300	300	42,657
Special events	3,000		
Total police department	5,747,319	5,632,734	5,515,034
Red light camera			
Part-time	11,561	11,561	65,912
Court time	1,062	1,062	7,373
Payroll taxes	966	966	7,648
Unemployment insurance	79	79	582
Professional services	18,991	18,991	113,988
Communication	163	163	584
Legal services	32,546	32,546	71,901
Safespeed ticket fees	368,425	368,425	898,822
Safespeed monthly fee	2,000	2,000	12,000
Total red light camera	435,793	435,793	1,178,810
Police commission			
Part-time - regular	9,000	9,000	7,050
Office supplies	200	200	-
Dues and meetings	500	500	375
Payroll taxes	689	689	539
Postage	200	200	-
Supplies	150	150	41
Advertising and publications	560	560	483
Professional and technical services	1,500	1,500	403
			2 142
Testing and exams	6,600	6,600	2,143
Total police commission	19,399	19,399	10,631
Total public safety	6,202,511	6,087,926	6,704,475
Public Services			
Full-time	271,846	269,462	253,166
Overtime	2,787	2,787	486
Part-time - other	16,068	16,068	10,710
Office supplies	500	500	315
Office supplies	300	300	313

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual
Supplies	\$	10,000	\$	9,000	\$ 4,601
Postage		400		400	12
Building maintenance		35,200		32,200	23,748
Top of the range award		4,972		· -	· -
Health/life insurance/dental insurance		52,996		52,996	52,189
Unemployment insurance		864		864	1,059
Professional and technical		5,000		3,000	1,441
Dues and meetings		850		850	420
Physical exams		500		500	-
Phone service		3,000		3,000	3,904
Communications and public information		2,400		2,400	4,097
Equipment rental and service agreement		11,800		7,800	9,595
Gas and oil		14,900		5,750	7,010
Payroll taxes		22,810		22,810	20,974
IMRF		33,288		33,288	31,519
Street repair materials and street sweeping		16,000		13,000	11,309
Vehicle maintenance and repair		29,345		20,000	22,147
Uniform allowance		2,300		2,000	1,643
Publications and books		150		150	30
Lawn supplies		4,000		3,000	2,429
Lawn maintenance contract		4,500		3,500	3,929
Tree trimming		10,000		3,000	2,950
Equipment purchase		7,000		7,000	5,481
Street light maintenance		8,000		8,000	13,934
Equipment repair		13,200		13,000	18,383
Mosquito abatement		16,060		16,060	16,060
Traffic signals		8,600		8,600	8,199
Testing and exams		200		200	-
Utilities		11,000		11,000	12,980
NPDES permit		2,300		2,300	1,476
Easement maintenance		1,142		1,142	1,141
Hardware		-		-	 405
Total public services		623,978		575,627	 547,742
Tourism					
Membership and association fees		61,163		25,200	24,984
OBT Historical Society		6,000		6,000	6,000
Marketing and advertising		100,000		80,000	 21,056
Total tourism		167,163		111,200	52,040
Total expenditures	\$	9,394,193	\$	8,984,279	\$ 9,928,001



Nonmajor Funds Combining Balance Sheet April 30, 2021

	R Mo	Special evenue otor Fuel ax Fund	Debt Service Funds	Gov	Total onmajor ernmental Funds
Assets					
Deposits	\$	570,642	\$ 74,033	\$	644,675
Receivables					
Local taxes		-	50,297		50,297
Intergovernmental		7,030	 		7,030
Total assets	\$	577,672	\$ 124,330	\$	702,002
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Due to other funds	\$	410	\$ 34,602	\$	35,012
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable property taxes			 50,297		50,297
Fund Balances					
Restricted for					
Maintenance of roadways		577,262	-		577,262
Debt service		-	40,166		40,166
Unassigned			 (735)		(735)
Total fund balances		577,262	39,431		616,693
Total liabilities, deferred inflows					
of resources and fund balances	\$	577,672	\$ 124,330	\$	702,002

Nonmajor Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Debt		Total Nonmajor
	Motor Fuel Tax Fund	Service Funds	Governmental Funds
			1 4.110.0
Revenues			
Local taxes	\$ -	\$ 47,432	\$ 47,432
Intergovernmental	146,725	1,352	148,077
Investment income	1,035	69	1,104
Total revenues	147,760	48,853	196,613
Expenditures			
Public services	45,484	-	45,484
Debt service			
Principal	-	35,000	35,000
Interest	-	11,961	11,961
Fees	-	803	803
Total expenditures	45,484	47,764	93,248
Net Change in Fund Balances	102,276	1,089	103,365
Fund Balances			
May 1	474,986	38,342	513,328
April 30	\$ 577,262	\$ 39,431	\$ 616,693

rtment

Motor Fuel Tax Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Original and Final Budget			Actual
Revenues				
Intergovernmental				
Motor fuel tax allotments	\$	89,031	\$	76,406
Rebuild Illinois grant		-		70,319
Investment income		8,100		1,035
Total revenues		97,131		147,760
Expenditures				
Public services		45,500		45,484
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	51,631		102,276
Fund Balance				
May 1				474,986
April 30			\$	577,262

Debt Service Fund - SSA II - to account for the servicing of the general long-term debt of the City not accounted for in other funds.

 $2010\ Bond\ Fund$ - to account for the servicing of debt related to the Business District redevelopment project.

Debt Service Funds Combining Balance Sheet April 30, 2021

	S F	Debt ervice Fund - SSA II	2010 Bond Fund	Total Debt Service Funds
Assets				
Deposits Receivables	\$	33,867	\$ 40,166	\$ 74,033
Local taxes		50,297		50,297
Total assets	\$	84,164	\$ 40,166	\$ 124,330
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Due to other funds	\$	34,602	\$ 	\$ 34,602
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable property taxes		50,297	 	50,297
Fund Balances Restricted for				
2010 Bonds debt service		_	40,166	40,166
Unassigned		(735)		(735)
Total fund balances		(735)	40,166	39,431
Total liabilities, deferred inflows				
of resources and fund balances	\$	84,164	\$ 40,166	\$ 124,330

Debt Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Debt Service Fund - SSA II		2010 Bond Fund		Total Debt Service Funds
Revenues					
Local taxes	\$	47,432	\$	-	\$ 47,432
Intergovernmental		-		1,352	1,352
Investment income		-		69	69
Total revenues		47,432		1,421	48,853
Expenditures					
Debt service					
Principal		35,000		-	35,000
Interest		11,961		-	11,961
Fees		803		-	803
Total expenditures		47,764		-	47,764
Net Change in Fund Balances		(332)		1,421	1,089
Fund Balances					
May 1		(403)		38,745	 38,342
April 30	\$	(735)	\$	40,166	\$ 39,431

Debt Service Fund - SSA II Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2021

Original and Final Budget			Actual		
\$	47,433	\$	47,432		
	35,000 11,963 803 47,766		35,000 11,961 803 47,764		
\$	(333)		(332)		
		<u> </u>	(403) (735)		
	and Bu	\$ 47,433 \$ 35,000 11,963 803 47,766	\$ 47,433 \$ \$ 35,000 11,963 803 47,766		

2010 Bond Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Orig and l Bud	Actual		
Revenues Sales and use tax Investment income Total revenues	\$	- - -	\$	1,352 69 1,421
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-		1,421
Fund Balance May 1				38,745
April 30			\$	40,166

2012/2021 Refunding Bond Fund (Major Fund) Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
Revenues		
Local taxes		
Home rule sales tax	\$ 85,100	\$ 108,720
Business district sales tax	83,000	109,473
Intergovernmental		
Sales and use tax	380,100	424,523
Investment income	6,000	475
Miscellaneous	-	2,716
Total revenues	554,200	645,907
Expenditures		
Debt service		
Principal	175,000	175,000
Interest	74,510	74,510
Fees	900	51,060
Total expenditures	250,410	300,570
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	303,790	345,337
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Payment to escrow agent	-	(2,049,406)
Issuance of debt	-	1,900,000
Bond premium	-	198,445
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	49,039
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 303,790	394,376
Fund Balance		
May 1		244,835
April 30		\$ 639,211

Capital Improvements Fund (Major Fund) - to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital expenditures.	

Capital Improvements Fund (Major Fund) Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
Revenues		
Local taxes		
Home rule sales tax	\$ 1,730,700	\$ 1,548,188
Investment income	40,700	12,142
Grants	680,000	-
Miscellaneous	30,000	-
Total revenues	2,481,400	1,560,330
Expenditures		
General government		
Scanning services	50,000	-
Public safety		
Police ETSB system	37,219	27,888
Police squad video cameras	17,784	-
Capital outlay		
Equipment purchase	14,200	4,413
Facility improvements	-	4,820
Infrastructure improvements	905,033	26,624
Professional/technical services	990	53,887
Vehicles	100,000	97,631
Land	-	5,769
Debt service		
Principal	265,000	265,000
Interest	82,650	82,650
Total expenditures	1,472,876	568,682
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,008,524	991,648
Other Financing Sources		
Proceeds from capital asset disposal	-	11,500
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 1,008,524	1,003,148
Fund Balance		
May 1		2,675,669
April 30		\$ 3,678,817



Enterprise Funds are established to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Water Fund - to account for the provision of water services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operations, financing and related debt service.

Water Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
Operating Revenues		
Charges for services		
User charges	\$ 896,100	\$ 757,771
Connection charges	15,000	10,000
Water meters	5,000	,
Penalties/fines	15,000	8,236
Total operating revenues	931,100	776,007
Expenses		
Public services		
Risk management and workers		
compensation contribution	108,165	105,283
Top of the range award	3,567	, -
Utilities	13,000	10,921
Public information	2,600	2,479
Legal expense	500	3,344
Full and part-time	244,719	244,966
Overtime	20,010	15,899
Health and life insurance/dental insurance	65,395	26,408
Unemployment insurance	635	783
Payroll taxes	20,716	20,438
IMRF	31,954	(14,680)
Phone service	5,000	3,904
Dues and meetings	650	686
Postage	2,000	353
Supplies	4,000	1,026
Hardware	-	270
Professional and technical services	12,500	860
Equipment purchase	9,000	85
Equipment repair and maintenance	14,200	16,908
Fuel	2,750	2,279
Fuel replacement	2,050	-
Capital expenses	33,000	6,488
Vehicle maintenance - truck	4,000	4,862
Training and conferences	5,500	96
Equipment rental	450	480
Travel	100	-
Emergency services	5,000	-
Communications	3,500	2,749
Water meters	12,000	5,135
Water purchase	545,000	409,891
Uniform allowance	1,000	532

(Cont.)

Water Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2021

	an	riginal d Final udget	Actual
Credit card fees COVID assistance credit of customer user charges	\$	1,925	\$ 1,617 6,605
Deductible payments		2,000	_
Total expenses	1	,176,886	 880,667
Operating Loss Before Depreciation		(245,786)	(104,660)
Depreciation Expense		239,693	 260,960
Operating Loss		(485,479)	(365,620)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Electric utility tax		427,000	375,539
Investment income		14,400	1,766
Miscellaneous		100 (9,790)	(969)
Interest expense		(9,790)	(909)
Total nonoperating revenues		431,710	376,336
Change in Net Position	\$	(53,769)	10,716
Net Position, May 1			 6,146,341
Net Position, April 30			\$ 6,157,057



Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Activities Schedule of Capital Assets by Source April 30, 2021

Governmental Funds Capital Assets

Land and right of way	\$ 8,367,523
Land improvements	1,506,299
Construction in progress	88,220
Buildings and improvements	16,670,476
Vehicles	1,088,942
Machinery and equipment	896,933
Storm drainage	1,975,756
Streets and bridges	9,201,514
Total governmental capital assets	\$ 39,795,663
avestment in Cavaramental Capital Assats by Saurea	

Investment in Governmental Capital Assets by Source From General Revenues and Debt Issuances

\$ 39,795,663

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Activities Schedule by Function and Activity April 30, 2021

	_	∟and and Right of Way	lmp	Land provements	 struction Progress	Buildings and Improvements		
General government	\$	1,646,436	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,203,387	
Public safety		112,590		-	-		10,031,337	
Public works		6,608,497		1,506,299	88,220		5,435,752	
	\$	8,367,523	\$	1,506,299	\$ 88,220	\$	16,670,476	

\	/ehicles	achinery and uipment]	Storm Orainage	Streets and Bridges	Total		
\$	32,557	\$ 345,614	\$	-	\$ -	\$	3,227,994	
	482,886	182,228		-	-		10,809,041	
	573,499	369,091		1,975,756	 9,201,514	_	25,758,628	
\$	1,088,942	\$ 896,933	\$	1,975,756	\$ 9,201,514	\$	39,795,663	

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Activities Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Balance May 1, 2020	Additions/ Transfers	Deletions/ Transfers	Balance, April 30, 2021		
General government	\$ 4,027,654	\$ 44,470	\$ 844,130	\$ 3,227,994		
Public safety	10,896,688	140,190	227,837	10,809,041		
Public works	24,840,350	929,542	11,264	25,758,628		
	\$ 39,764,692	\$ 1,114,202	\$ 1,083,231	\$ 39,795,663		



Long-Term Debt Requirements Special Service Area No. 2 Bonds April 30, 2021

Date of issueFebruary 15, 2006Date of maturityDecember 15, 2025Authorized issue\$ 600,000Interest rates3.50% - 5.00%

Interest dates June 15 and December 15
Principal maturity date December 15, 2025
Payable at Harris Bank

Fiscal			Req	uirements			Interest Due on					
Year	Principal		Interest		Totals		June 15	Amount		December 15	Α	mount
2022	\$	40,000	\$	10,300	\$	50,300	2021	\$	5,150	2021	\$	5,150
2023		40,000		8,400		48,400	2022		4,200	2022		4,200
2024		40,000		6,500		46,500	2023		3,250	2023		3,250
2025		45,000		4,500		49,500	2024		2,250	2024		2,250
2026		45,000		2,250		47,250	2025		1,125	2025		1,125
	\$	210,000	\$	31,950	\$	241,950		\$	15,975		\$	15,975

Long-Term Debt Requirements General Obligation Taxable Business District Bond Series 2012B April 30, 2021

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Date of issue} & \text{December } 11,2012 \\ \text{Date of maturity} & \text{December } 15,2030 \\ \text{Authorized issue} & \$ 1,100,000 \\ \text{Interest rates} & 2.00\% - 3.40\% \\ \end{array}$

Interest dates June 15 and December 15 Principal maturity date December 15, 2030

Payable at Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company

Fiscal			Req	uirements			Interest Due on						
Year	Principal		Interest			Totals	June 15	Amount		December 15	Amount		
2022	\$	50,000	\$	27,650	\$	77,650	2021	\$	13,825	2021	\$	13,825	
2023		75,000		26,150		101,150	2022		13,075	2022		13,075	
2024		75,000		23,900		98,900	2023		11,950	2023		11,950	
2025		75,000		21,650		96,650	2024		10,825	2024		10,825	
2026		100,000		19,400		119,400	2025		9,700	2025		9,700	
2027		100,000		16,400		116,400	2026		8,200	2026		8,200	
2028		100,000		13,300		113,300	2027		6,650	2027		6,650	
2029		100,000		10,200		110,200	2028		5,100	2028		5,100	
2030		100,000		6,800		106,800	2029		3,400	2029		3,400	
2031		100,000		3,400	_	103,400	2030		1,700	2030		1,700	
	\$	875,000	\$	168,850	\$	1,043,850		\$	84,425		\$	84,425	

Long-Term Debt Requirements General Obligation (Refunding) Bond Series 2013 April 30, 2021

Date of issueMay 2, 2013Date of maturityDecember 15, 2028Authorized issue\$ 3,695,000Interest rates2.00% - 3.00%

Interest dates June 15 and December 15 Principal maturity date December 15, 2028

Payable at Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company

Fiscal			Req	uirements			Interest Due on						
Year	Principal		ĺ	Interest		Totals	June 15	Amount		December 15	Amount		
2022	\$	270,000	\$	74,700	\$	344,700	2021	\$	37,350	2021	\$	37,350	
2023		285,000		66,600		351,600	2022		33,300	2022		33,300	
2024		295,000		58,050		353,050	2023		29,025	2023		29,025	
2025		310,000		49,200		359,200	2024		24,600	2024		24,600	
2026		310,000		39,900		349,900	2025		19,950	2025		19,950	
2027		315,000		30,600		345,600	2026		15,300	2026		15,300	
2028		330,000		21,150		351,150	2027		10,575	2027		10,575	
2029		375,000		11,250		386,250	2028		5,625	2028		5,625	
	\$	2,490,000	\$	351,450	\$	2,841,450		\$	175,725		\$	175,725	

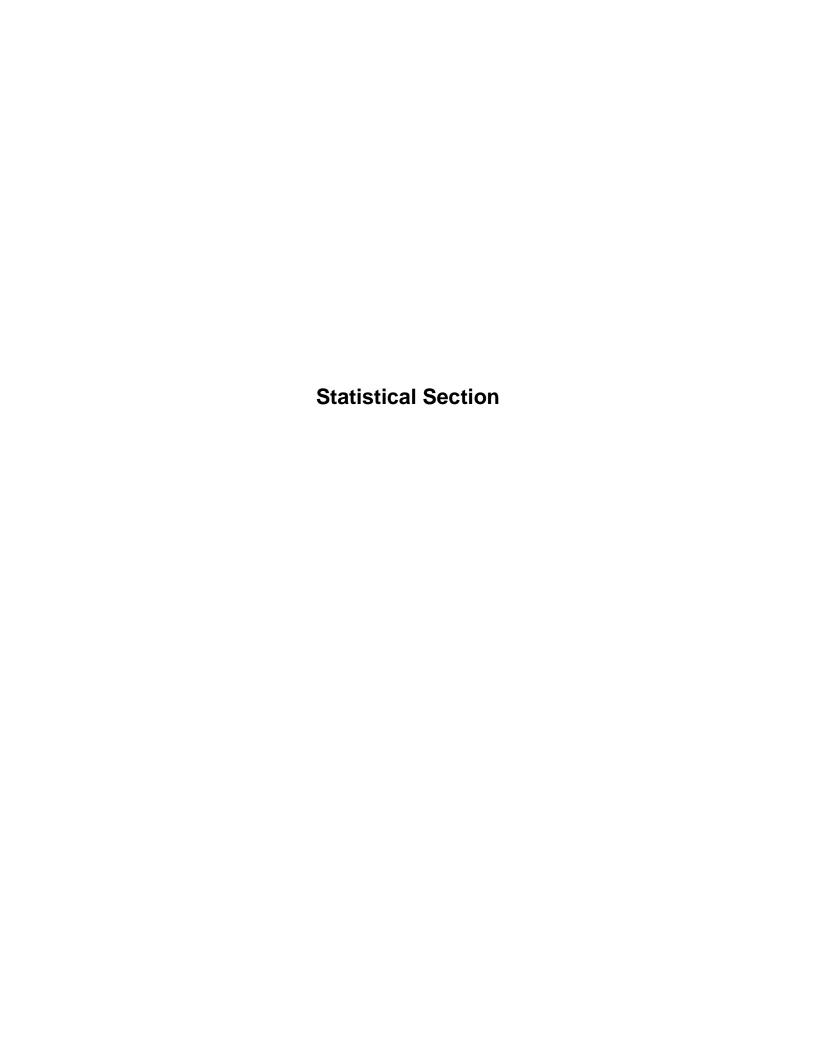
Long-Term Debt Requirements General Obligation Refunding Bond Series 2021 April 30, 2021

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Date of issue} & \text{April 6, 2021} \\ \text{Date of maturity} & \text{December 15, 2030} \\ \text{Authorized issue} & \$ 1,900,000 \\ \text{Interest rates} & 1.25\% - 4.00\% \\ \end{array}$

Interest dates June 15 and December 15 Principal maturity date December 15, 2030

Payable at Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company

Fiscal			Req	uirements		Interest Due on						
Year	Principal		Interest		Totals	June 15	Amount		December 15	Amount		
2022	\$	145,000	\$	41,203	\$ 186,203	2021	\$	11,418	2021	\$	29,785	
2023 2024		150,000 150,000		56,670 53,670	206,670 203,670	2022 2023		28,335 26,835	2022 2023		28,335 26,835	
2025 2026		180,000 190,000		47,670 40,470	227,670 230,470	2024 2025		23,835 20,235	2024 2025		23,835 20,235	
2027 2028		210,000 230,000		32,870 24,470	242,870 254,470	2026 2027		16,435 12,235	2026 2027		16,435 12,235	
2029 2030		255,000 195,000		15,270 5,070	270,270 200,070	2028 2029		7,635 2,535	2028 2029		7,635 2,535	
2031		195,000		2,632	 197,632	2030		1,316	2030		1,316	
	\$	1,900,000	\$	319,995	\$ 2,219,995		\$	150,814		\$	169,181	



Statistical Section April 30, 2021

This portion of the City of Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall economic condition.

Contents

Fi	inancial Trends	.108
	These schedules contain information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
R	evenue Capacity	.118
	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, the sales tax and the property tax.	
D	ebt Capacity	.131
	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's curlevels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt.	rent
D	emographic and Economic Information	.137
	These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
0	perating Information	.139
	These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities to performs.	ties

Sources



Financial Trends Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2021	2020	2019	2018
Governmental Activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 29,076,606	\$ 29,390,209	\$ 28,790,779	\$ 27,433,435
Restricted	1,254,475	769,390	921,911	995,972
Unrestricted	(5,145,572)	(6,717,534)	(8,542,975)	(8,874,195)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 25,185,509	\$ 23,442,065	\$ 21,169,715	\$ 19,555,212
Business-Type Activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 5,921,316	\$ 6,182,276	\$ 5,654,555	\$ 4,681,411
Restricted	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	235,741	(35,935)	396,198	86,815
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 6,157,057	\$ 6,146,341	\$ 6,050,753	\$ 4,768,226
Primary Government*				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 34,997,922	\$ 35,572,485	\$ 34,445,334	\$ 32,114,846
Restricted	1,254,475	769,390	921,911	995,972
Unrestricted	(4,909,831)	(6,753,469)	(8,146,777)	(8,787,380)
Total primary government net position	\$ 31,342,566	\$ 29,588,406	\$ 27,220,468	\$ 24,323,438

^{*}The term "Primary Government" refers to the organizations that make up the City's legal entity. It does not include its discretely presented component unit, the Pension Trust Fund, which is governed by a separate five-member pension board.

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
\$ 27,596,485	\$ 17,299,268	\$ 22,665,815	\$ 18,541,115	\$ 16,782,046	\$ 16,504,383
977,815	1,068,588	1,034,141	1,029,728	1,052,788	634,315
(12,365,074)	(14,053,780)	580,837	3,143,267	3,474,210	5,919,178
\$ 16,209,226	\$ 4,314,076	\$ 24,280,793	\$ 22,714,110	\$ 21,309,044	\$ 23,057,876
\$ 4,745,118	\$ 4,761,606	\$ 4,617,983	\$ 4,685,775	\$ 4,399,676	\$ 4,522,324
ψ 1,743,110	φ 4 ,701,000 -	φ 4 ,017,703	φ 4 ,005,775	ψ 4 ,577,070 -	Ψ τ,322,32τ
56,032	6,658	212,145	(145,006)	50,633	(148,563)
Φ 4.001.150	ф. 4.7c0 2c4	Ф. 4.020.120	Φ 4540.760	Ф. 4.450.200	Φ 4.252.561
\$ 4,801,150	\$ 4,768,264	\$ 4,830,128	\$ 4,540,769	\$ 4,450,309	\$ 4,373,761
\$ 32,341,603	\$ 22,060,874	\$ 27,283,798	\$ 23,226,890	\$ 21,181,722	\$ 21,026,707
977,815	1,068,588	1,034,141	1,029,728	1,052,788	634,315
(12,309,042)	(14,047,122)	792,982	2,998,261	3,524,843	5,770,615
\$ 21,010,376	\$ 9,082,340	\$ 29,110,921	\$ 27,254,879	\$ 25,759,353	\$ 27,431,637

Financial Trends Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2021	2020	2019	2018
Expenses				
Governmental activities				
General government	\$ 2,507,052	\$ 2,364,140	\$ 2,131,315	\$ 2,057,549
Public safety	5,777,607	7,806,814	7,661,720	6,715,554
Public services	1,030,752	1,127,278	1,059,601	989,664
Culture and recreation	52,040	88,765	152,794	166,971
Interest expense	230,411	280,729	343,699	357,852
Total governmental activities expenses	9,597,862	11,667,726	11,349,129	10,287,590
Business-type activities				
Water Fund	1,142,596	1,345,247	1,637,929	1,235,839
Total primary government expenses	\$ 10,740,458	\$ 13,012,973	\$ 12,987,058	\$ 11,523,429
Program Revenues				
Governmental activities				
Charges for services				
General government	\$ 1,067,802	\$ 887,469	\$ 988,986	\$ 902,195
Public safety	2,962,318	4,575,241	5,596,982	4,029,845
Other activities	2,974	3,726	3,939	4,264
Capital grants and contributions	146,725	117,095	54,171	54,487
Operating grants and contributions	162,329	9,154	9,056	7,436
Total governmental activities				
program revenues	4,342,148	5,592,685	6,653,134	4,998,227
Business-type activities				
Charges for services				
Water Fund	776,007	817,748	882,112	919,975
Capital grants and contributions	-	186,500	-	· -
Total business-type activities	776,007	1,004,248	882,112	919,975
Total primary government program				
revenues	\$ 5,118,155	\$ 6,596,933	\$ 7,535,246	\$ 5,918,202
Net (Expense) Revenues				
Governmental activities	\$ (5,255,714)	\$ (6,075,041)	\$ (4,695,995)	\$ (5,289,363)
Business-type activities	(366,589)	(340,999)	(755,817)	(315,864)
Total primary government net				
(expense) revenues	\$ (5,622,303)	\$ (6,416,040)	\$ (5,451,812)	\$ (5,605,227)

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
\$	2,044,231 5,152,760 969,327 169,897 373,772 8,709,987	\$ 1,961,867 4,996,796 1,026,711 168,873 390,574 8,544,821	\$ 2,100,215 4,398,444 750,516 201,514 403,871 7,854,560	\$ 1,978,451 4,074,615 807,702 259,324 406,240 7,526,332	\$ 5,560,743 3,473,773 1,092,806 232,400 392,563 10,752,285	\$ 1,865,261 3,522,424 965,968 228,438 408,851 6,990,942
	, ,					
ф.	1,208,978	1,376,514	1,155,548	1,123,499	998,555	947,113
\$	9,918,965	\$ 9,921,335	\$ 9,010,108	\$ 8,649,831	\$ 11,750,840	\$ 7,938,055
\$	953,508 188,621 3,909 54,089 5,246	\$ 1,016,859 236,544 3,921 54,585 3,092	\$ 911,201 305,003 4,801 142,274 2,426	\$ 734,733 375,707 4,584 66,924	\$ 787,686 354,826 6,247 100,804	\$ 729,448 358,965 5,947 83,332
	1,205,373	1,315,001	1,365,705	1,181,948	1,249,563	1,177,692
	955,191	1,189,857	991,593	739,266	582,549	454,483
	955,191	1,189,857	991,593	739,266	582,549	454,483
\$	2,160,564	\$ 2,504,858	\$ 2,357,298	\$ 1,921,214	\$ 1,832,112	\$ 1,632,175
\$	(7,504,614) (253,787)	\$ (7,229,820) (186,657)	\$ (6,488,855) (163,955)	\$ (6,344,384) (384,233)	\$ (9,502,722) (416,006)	\$ (5,813,250) (492,630)
\$	(7,758,401)	\$ (7,416,477)	\$ (6,652,810)	\$ (6,728,617)	\$ (9,918,728)	\$ (6,305,880)

Financial Trends Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

Concernal Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Taxes Taxes Property \$1,074,842 \$1,053,561 \$1,025,782 \$98,001 Hotel/motel 514,905 1,313,201 1,562,493 1,613,857 Sales and Use 4,052,178 4,100,520 4,157,426 3,993,719 Income 277,210 209,897 220,636 207,702 Utility 367,669 482,233 518,145 716,241 Off-track betting and amusement 229,203 522,511 685,930 568,214 Other 10,988 9,953 9,701 6,965 Unrestricted investment earnings 56,870 329,167 259,846 99,766 Miscellaneous 415,293 324,553 303,390 279,799 Capital contribution -	Fiscal Year	202	1	2020	2	2019	2018
Taxes	General Revenues and Other Changes in Net P	osition					
Property	9						
Hotel/motel	Taxes						
Sales and Use 4,052,178 4,100,520 4,157,426 3,993,719 Income 277,210 209,897 220,636 207,702 Utility 367,669 482,233 518,145 716,241 Off-track betting and amusement 229,203 522,511 685,930 568,214 Other 10,988 9,953 9,701 6,965 Unrestricted investment earnings 56,870 329,167 259,846 99,766 Miscellaneous 415,293 324,553 303,390 279,799 Capital contribution - - - 151,085 Gain on sale of capital assets - 1,795 - - Total governmental activities 6,999,158 8,347,391 7,078,349 8,635,349 Business-type activities 375,539 414,953 436,154 280,265 Off-track betting - - - - Miscellaneous - 50 - - Unrestricted investment earnings 1,766 18,584<	Property	\$ 1,07	4,842 \$	1,053,561	\$ 1	,025,782	\$ 998,001
Income	Hotel/motel	51	4,905	1,313,201	1	,562,493	1,613,857
Utility 367,669 482,233 518,145 716,241 Off-track betting and amusement 229,203 522,511 685,930 568,214 Other 10,988 9,953 9,701 6,965 Unrestricted investment earnings 56,870 329,167 259,846 99,766 Miscellaneous 415,293 324,553 303,390 279,799 Capital contribution - - - - 151,085 Gain on sale of capital assets - 1,795 - - - Total governmental activities 6,999,158 8,347,391 7,078,349 8,635,349 Business-type activities 375,539 414,953 436,154 280,265 Off-track betting - - - - Miscellaneous - 50 - - Unrestricted investment earnings 1,766 18,584 12,946 2,675 Gain on sale of capital assets - 3,000 - - - Total primary	Sales and Use	4,05	2,178	4,100,520	4	,157,426	3,993,719
Off-track betting and amusement Other 229,203 522,511 685,930 568,214 Other 10,988 9,953 9,701 6,965 Unrestricted investment earnings 56,870 329,167 259,846 99,766 Miscellaneous 415,293 324,553 303,390 279,799 Capital contribution 1 - - - 151,085 Gain on sale of capital assets - 1,795 - - - Transfers - - - (1,665,000) - - Total governmental activities 6,999,158 8,347,391 7,078,349 8,635,349 Business-type activities 375,539 414,953 436,154 280,265 Off-track betting - - - - - Off-track betting - - - - - Unrestricted investment earnings 1,766 18,584 12,946 2,675 Gain on sale of capital assets - 3,000 - <t< td=""><td>Income</td><td>27</td><td>7,210</td><td>209,897</td><td></td><td>220,636</td><td>207,702</td></t<>	Income	27	7,210	209,897		220,636	207,702
Other 10,988 9,953 9,701 6,965 Unrestricted investment earnings 56,870 329,167 259,846 99,766 Miscellaneous 415,293 324,553 303,390 279,799 Capital contribution - - - - 151,085 Gain on sale of capital assets - 1,795 - - - Transfers - - - (1,665,000) - - Total governmental activities 6,999,158 8,347,391 7,078,349 8,635,349 Business-type activities 375,539 414,953 436,154 280,265 Off-track betting - - - - - Off-track betting -	Utility	36	7,669	482,233		518,145	716,241
Other 10,988 9,953 9,701 6,965 Unrestricted investment earnings 56,870 329,167 259,846 99,766 Miscellaneous 415,293 324,553 303,390 279,799 Capital contribution - - - - 151,085 Gain on sale of capital assets - 1,795 - - - Transfers - - - (1,665,000) - - Total governmental activities 6,999,158 8,347,391 7,078,349 8,635,349 Business-type activities 375,539 414,953 436,154 280,265 Off-track betting - - - - - Off-track betting -	Off-track betting and amusement	22	9,203	522,511		685,930	568,214
Miscellaneous 415,293 324,553 303,390 279,799 Capital contribution - - - 151,085 Gain on sale of capital assets - 1,795 - - Transfers - - - (1,665,000) - Total governmental activities - - - (1,665,000) - Business-type activities - - - - - - Taxes - </td <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>0,988</td> <td>9,953</td> <td></td> <td>9,701</td> <td>6,965</td>		1	0,988	9,953		9,701	6,965
Miscellaneous 415,293 324,553 303,390 279,799 Capital contribution - - - 151,085 Gain on sale of capital assets - 1,795 - - Transfers - - (1,665,000) - Total governmental activities - - (1,665,000) - Business-type activities -	Unrestricted investment earnings	5	6,870	329,167		259,846	99,766
Gain on sale of capital assets - 1,795 -	Miscellaneous	41	5,293			303,390	279,799
Transfers - - (1,665,000) - Total governmental activities 6,999,158 8,347,391 7,078,349 8,635,349 Business-type activities 8 375,539 414,953 436,154 280,265 Off-track betting - - - - - Miscellaneous - 50 - - Unrestricted investment earnings 1,766 18,584 12,946 2,675 Gain on sale of capital assets - 3,000 - - Transfers* - - 1,665,000 - Total business-type activities 377,305 436,587 2,114,100 282,940 Change in Net Position Governmental activities 1,743,444 2,272,350 2,382,354 3,345,986 Business-type activities 10,716 95,588 1,358,283 (32,924)	Capital contribution		-	-		_	151,085
Transfers - - (1,665,000) - Total governmental activities 6,999,158 8,347,391 7,078,349 8,635,349 Business-type activities 8 375,539 414,953 436,154 280,265 Off-track betting - - - - - Miscellaneous - 50 - - Unrestricted investment earnings 1,766 18,584 12,946 2,675 Gain on sale of capital assets - 3,000 - - Transfers* - - 1,665,000 - Total business-type activities 377,305 436,587 2,114,100 282,940 Change in Net Position Governmental activities 1,743,444 2,272,350 2,382,354 3,345,986 Business-type activities 10,716 95,588 1,358,283 (32,924)	Gain on sale of capital assets		-	1,795		-	_
Business-type activities 6,999,158 8,347,391 7,078,349 8,635,349 Business-type activities Taxes 375,539 414,953 436,154 280,265 Off-track betting - - - - - Miscellaneous - 50 - - - Unrestricted investment earnings 1,766 18,584 12,946 2,675 -			-	-	(1	,665,000)	_
Taxes Utility 375,539 414,953 436,154 280,265 Off-track betting - - - - Miscellaneous - 50 - - Unrestricted investment earnings 1,766 18,584 12,946 2,675 Gain on sale of capital assets - 3,000 - - Transfers* - - 1,665,000 - Total business-type activities 377,305 436,587 2,114,100 282,940 Total primary government \$ 7,376,463 \$ 8,783,978 \$ 9,192,449 \$ 8,918,289 Change in Net Position Governmental activities \$ 1,743,444 \$ 2,272,350 \$ 2,382,354 \$ 3,345,986 Business-type activities 10,716 95,588 1,358,283 (32,924)	Total governmental activities	6,99	9,158	8,347,391			8,635,349
Utility 375,539 414,953 436,154 280,265 Off-track betting - - - - Miscellaneous - 50 - - Unrestricted investment earnings 1,766 18,584 12,946 2,675 Gain on sale of capital assets - 3,000 - - Transfers* - - 1,665,000 - Total business-type activities 377,305 436,587 2,114,100 282,940 Total primary government \$ 7,376,463 \$ 8,783,978 \$ 9,192,449 \$ 8,918,289 Change in Net Position Governmental activities \$ 1,743,444 \$ 2,272,350 \$ 2,382,354 \$ 3,345,986 Business-type activities 10,716 95,588 1,358,283 (32,924)	Business-type activities						
Off-track betting -	Taxes						
Miscellaneous - 50 - - Unrestricted investment earnings 1,766 18,584 12,946 2,675 Gain on sale of capital assets - 3,000 - - Transfers* - - 1,665,000 - Total business-type activities 377,305 436,587 2,114,100 282,940 Total primary government \$ 7,376,463 \$ 8,783,978 \$ 9,192,449 \$ 8,918,289 Change in Net Position Governmental activities \$ 1,743,444 \$ 2,272,350 \$ 2,382,354 \$ 3,345,986 Business-type activities 10,716 95,588 1,358,283 (32,924)	Utility	37	5,539	414,953		436,154	280,265
Unrestricted investment earnings 1,766 18,584 12,946 2,675 Gain on sale of capital assets - 3,000 - - Transfers* - - 1,665,000 - Total business-type activities 377,305 436,587 2,114,100 282,940 Total primary government \$ 7,376,463 \$ 8,783,978 \$ 9,192,449 \$ 8,918,289 Change in Net Position Governmental activities \$ 1,743,444 \$ 2,272,350 \$ 2,382,354 \$ 3,345,986 Business-type activities 10,716 95,588 1,358,283 (32,924) Total primary government/change in	Off-track betting		-	-		-	-
Gain on sale of capital assets - 3,000 -	Miscellaneous		-	50		-	-
Transfers* - 1,665,000 - Total business-type activities 377,305 436,587 2,114,100 282,940 Total primary government \$ 7,376,463 \$ 8,783,978 \$ 9,192,449 \$ 8,918,289 Change in Net Position Governmental activities \$ 1,743,444 \$ 2,272,350 \$ 2,382,354 \$ 3,345,986 Business-type activities 10,716 95,588 1,358,283 (32,924) Total primary government/change in	Unrestricted investment earnings		1,766	18,584		12,946	2,675
Total business-type activities 377,305 436,587 2,114,100 282,940 Total primary government \$ 7,376,463 \$ 8,783,978 \$ 9,192,449 \$ 8,918,289 Change in Net Position Governmental activities \$ 1,743,444 \$ 2,272,350 \$ 2,382,354 \$ 3,345,986 Business-type activities 10,716 95,588 1,358,283 (32,924) Total primary government/change in	Gain on sale of capital assets		-	3,000		-	-
Total primary government \$ 7,376,463 \$ 8,783,978 \$ 9,192,449 \$ 8,918,289 Change in Net Position Governmental activities \$ 1,743,444 \$ 2,272,350 \$ 2,382,354 \$ 3,345,986 Business-type activities \$ 10,716 \$ 95,588 \$ 1,358,283 \$ (32,924) Total primary government/change in	Transfers*		-	-	1	,665,000	-
Change in Net Position Governmental activities \$ 1,743,444 \$ 2,272,350 \$ 2,382,354 \$ 3,345,986 Business-type activities 10,716 95,588 1,358,283 (32,924) Total primary government/change in	Total business-type activities	37	7,305	436,587	2	,114,100	282,940
Governmental activities \$ 1,743,444 \$ 2,272,350 \$ 2,382,354 \$ 3,345,986 Business-type activities 10,716 95,588 1,358,283 (32,924) Total primary government/change in	Total primary government	\$ 7,37	6,463 \$	8,783,978	\$ 9	,192,449	\$ 8,918,289
Business-type activities 10,716 95,588 1,358,283 (32,924) Total primary government/change in	Change in Net Position						
Business-type activities 10,716 95,588 1,358,283 (32,924) Total primary government/change in	Governmental activities	\$ 1,74	3,444 \$	2,272,350	\$ 2	,382,354	\$ 3,345,986
	Business-type activities		,				
	Total primary government/change in						
		\$ 1,75	4,160 \$	2,367,938	\$ 3	,740,637	\$ 3,313,062

^{*} The 2019 business-type activities transfers of \$1,665,000 were for the pay-off of 2010 Water Bonds (\$1,165,000) and establishing a capital replacement fund for the water system (\$500,000).

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements

201	17		2016		2015		2014	2013			2012
\$ 97	78,529	\$	975,181	\$	952,432	\$	931,324	\$	904,905	\$	892,921
	1,769	φ	1,830,536	φ	1,631,069	φ	1,475,414	φ	1,444,706	φ	1,337,227
,	23,266		3,942,630		3,947,756		3,694,912		3,639,381		3,212,396
	01,210		218,280		214,991		203,794		201,914		180,803
	35,704		855,468		800,514		924,907		932,446		1,553,565
	20,124		421,059		407,817		414,395		464,363		219,367
	5,725		5,297		3,794		5,413		5,488		9,866
2	27,275		35,384		(51,087)		35,816		48,278		63,953
23	36,162		204,119		148,252		63,475		140,003		82,356
	-		292,915		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	_				-		-		(27,594)		
9,39	9,764		8,780,869		8,055,538		7,749,450		7,753,890		7,552,454
28	35,671		274,371		453,109		474,542		464,781		_
	_		-		-		-		-		259,816
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	1,002		352		205		151		179		89
	-		-		-		-		-		-
							-		27,594		_
28	36,673		274,723		453,314		474,693		492,554	_	259,905
\$ 9,68	36,437	\$	9,055,592	\$	8,508,852	\$	8,224,143	\$	8,246,444	\$	7,812,359
\$ 1,89	5,150	\$	1,551,049	\$	1,566,683	\$	1,405,066	\$	(1,748,832)	\$	1,739,204
	32,886	_	88,066	_	289,359	_	90,460	_	76,548	_	(232,725)
	,				,		,		,		(- ',' == /
Ф 100	10.026	ф	1 620 115	ф	1.056.042	ф	1 405 506	ф	(1, (70, 00.1)	ф	1.506.470
\$ 1,92	28,036	\$	1,639,115	\$	1,856,042	\$	1,495,526	\$	(1,672,284)	\$	1,506,479

Financial Trends Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2021	2020	2019	2018
General Fund				
Nonspendable				
Prepaid items	\$ 324,172	\$ 275,148	\$ 247,684	\$ 218,348
Inventories	50,805	44,927	40,717	48,054
Restricted for				
DUI equipment	41,983	62,412	31,840	19,778
Committed to				
Storm water best management practice fee	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	6,735,420	7,759,438	9,786,309	8,575,827
Total General Fund	7,152,380	8,141,925	10,106,550	8,862,007
All Other Governmental Funds				
Nonspendable				
Prepaid items	428	428	-	_
Advances	-	-	-	-
Restricted for				
Business district	-	-	-	-
Maintenance of roadways	577,262	474,986	441,116	427,598
Debt service	679,377	283,580	552,177	548,596
Committed to				
Capital improvements	3,678,389	2,675,241	2,417,907	2,877,737
Assigned to				
Capital projects	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	 (735)	(403)	(104)	
Total all other governmental funds	4,934,721	3,433,832	3,411,096	3,853,931
Total all governmental funds	\$ 12,087,101	\$ 11,575,757	\$ 13,517,646	\$ 12,715,938

 2017		2016	2015	2014		2013	2012
\$ 201,243	\$	196,598	\$ 161,489	\$ 121,216	\$	218,118	\$ 170,937
39,801		33,719	35,295	38,701		39,465	48,856
40,548		99,694	62,595	55,092		133,647	77,322
-		2,363	2,363	316		-	-
6,379,449		5,819,950	 5,362,966	 4,980,150	_	4,195,393	3,437,540
6,661,041		6,152,324	5,624,708	5,195,475		4,586,623	3,734,655
-		-	-	70,593		- 99,747	- 109,747
_		_	_	1,351		342,507	87,079
405,047		455,568	444,443	423,333		422,066	468,497
532,220		513,326	527,103	549,952		154,568	1,417
1,730,100		516,753	4,031,836	7,018,444		7,754,812	6,959,377
-		-	-	-		-	27,587
2,667,367	_	1,485,647	5,003,382	8,063,673		8,773,700	7,653,704
\$ 9,328,408	\$	7,637,971	\$ 10,628,090	\$ 13,259,148	\$	13,360,323	\$ 11,388,359

Financial Trends

Changes in Fund Balance and Percentage of Debt Service to Noncapital Expenditures of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 4,359,381	\$ 5,478,338	\$ 5,891,992	\$ 5,912,924	\$ 6,369,095
Intergovernmental	2,871,678	2,582,876	2,605,017	2,474,218	3,013,431
Charges for services	36,190	37,576	54,848	46,324	77,158
Fines and forfeitures	2,951,600	4,573,354	5,586,706	4,025,831	187,134
Fees, licenses & permits	775,513	598,544	695,108	624,207	646,509
Investment income	56,870	329,167	259,846	99,766	27,275
Grants	-	910	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	290,074	300,079	302,966	299,221	284,535
Total revenues	11,341,306	13,900,844	15,396,483	13,482,491	10,605,137
Expenditures					
General government	2,623,744	2,263,754	2,060,145	2,014,805	1,978,635
Public safety	6,732,363	7,524,710	7,333,465	6,281,282	4,541,870
Public services	593,226	695,847	640,000	587,800	663,454
Tourism	52,040	88,765	152,794	166,971	169,897
Capital outlay	193,144	1,054,450	1,830,776	156,488	650,281
Debt service					
Principal	475,000	3,910,000	610,000	570,000	550,000
Interest and issuance costs	169,121	311,561	329,595	343,365	360,563
Fees	51,863	2,947	-	-	-
Total expenditures	10,890,501	15,852,034	12,956,775	10,120,711	8,914,700
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	450,805	(1,951,190)	2,439,708	3,361,780	1,690,437
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Bond proceeds	1,900,000	-	-	-	-
Proceeds on capital asset disposal	11,500	9,301	27,000	25,750	-
Premium (discount) on bonds	198,445	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(2,049,406)	-	-	-	-
Transfers in**	-	2,950,000	-	-	-
Transfers out**	<u>=</u>	(2,950,000)	(1,665,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	60,539	9,301	(1,638,000)	25,750	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 511,344	\$ (1,941,889)	\$ 801,708	\$ 3,387,530	\$ 1,690,437
Debt Service as a Percentage of					
Noncapital Expenditures					
Total expenditures	\$ 10,890,501	\$ 15,852,034	\$ 12,956,775	\$ 10,120,711	\$ 8,914,700
Less capital outlay*	(270,072)	(1,102,860)	(1,844,568)	(196,024)	(783,845)
Net noncapital expenditures	\$ 10,620,429	\$ 14,749,174	\$ 11,112,207	\$ 9,924,687	\$ 8,130,855
Total debt service	\$ 695,984	\$ 4,224,508	\$ 939,595	\$ 913,365	\$ 910,563
Percentage of Debt Service to Noncapital Expenditures	6.55%	28.64%	8.46%	9.20%	11.20%

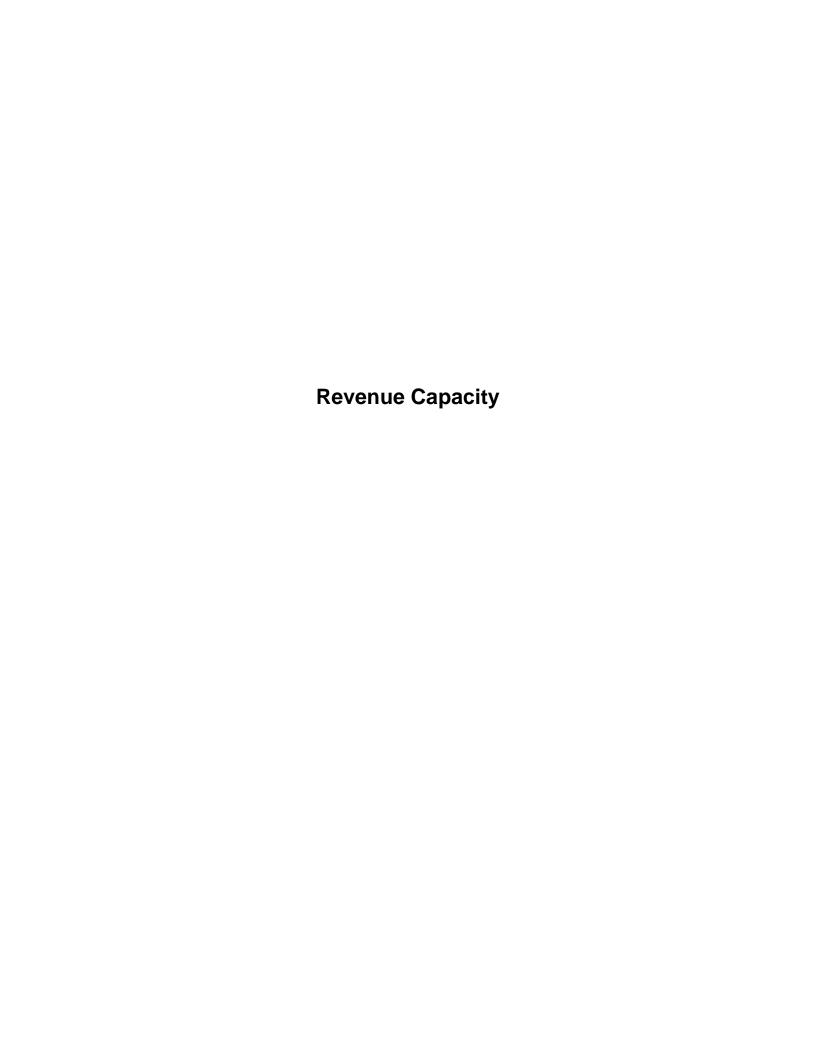
^{**}The 2019 transfers out relates to pay-off of 2010 Water Bonds (\$1,165,000) and establishing a capital replacement fund for the water system (\$500,000)

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements

^{**} The 2020 transfers in and out relate to a transfer from the general fund to pay-off the 2010 Business District bonds.

	2016		2015		2014		2013		2012
\$	6,004,754	\$	5,662,550	\$	5,440,689	\$	5,402,307	\$	5,532,706
	2,440,688		2,545,397		2,297,431	·	2,291,700	·	1,974,959
	30,107		70,453		45,743		64,715		68,487
	233,507		300,198		371,837		354,200		355,087
	752,595		628,094		589,650		629,869		574,476
	35,384		(51,087)		35,816		48,278		63,953
	-		-		-		-		-
	304,420		265,638		150,232		239,978		160,478
	9,801,455	_	9,421,243		8,931,398		9,031,047		8,730,146
	1,856,583		1,795,041		1,607,455		5,567,822		1,773,455
	4,459,476		4,192,260		3,774,995		3,404,047		3,399,733
	587,276		634,206		618,875		541,423		566,274
	168,873		201,514		259,324		232,400		228,438
	4,837,671		4,375,050		2,059,131		578,538		439,030
	505,000		465,000		405,000		200,000		520,000
	376,695		389,230		393,859		420,717		380,996
	370,073		-		-				300,770
	12,791,574		12,052,301		9,118,639		10,944,947		7,307,926
	(2,990,119)		(2,631,058)		(187,241)		(1,913,900)		1,422,220
_	(2,220,112)	_	(2,031,030)		(107,211)		(1,713,700)		1,122,220
					2 (05 000		2.010.000		
	-		-		3,695,000		3,910,000		-
	-		-		138,604		2 150		-
	-		-		(3,747,538)		3,458		-
	-		1,291		341,161		-		284,098
	-		(1,291)				(27.504)		(284,098)
	 _		(1,291)		(341,161) 86,066		(27,594) 3,885,864	-	(204,090)
		_			80,000		3,883,804	•	
\$	(2,990,119)	\$	(2,631,058)	\$	(101,175)	\$	1,971,964	\$	1,422,220
\$	12,791,574	\$	12,052,301	\$	9,118,639	\$	10,944,947	\$	7,307,926
	(4,403,834)	_	(2,113,972)		(560,426)		(367,031)		(150,387)
\$	8,384,476	\$	9,938,329	\$	8,558,213	\$	10,577,916	\$	7,157,539
Φ.	991 605	¢	910 922	¢	2.015	•	620.717	¢	000.004
\$	881,695	\$	819,832	\$	2,015	\$	620,717	\$	900,996
	10.52%		8.25%		0.02%		5.87%		12.59%



Revenue Capacity Taxable Sales by Category (in thousands) Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	2020	*	2019	2018	2017
General merchandise, manufacturers, lumber, building and hardware, furniture, household and radio**	\$ 556	5,371 \$	510,865	\$ 485,314	\$ 1,426,424
Food	408	3,366	398,026	402,524	407,381
Drinking and eating places	438	3,667	644,972	601,314	603,214
Apparel	67	,690	112,413	124,015	116,599
Automobile and filling stations	204	1,538	221,228	195,234	142,986
Drugs and miscellaneous retail	246	5,545	261,265	257,348	(113,289)
Agriculture and all others	139	9,677	140,090	 150,477	 132,284
	\$ 2,061	.,854 \$	2,288,859	\$ 2,216,225	\$ 2,715,599
City statutorily allocated sales tax rate	1	.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
% Change from prior year	(9.9)%	3.3%	(18.4)%	27.7%

^{*}Taxable sales information for calendar year 2020 is the most current available.

Sales Tax is imposed on a seller's receipts from sales of tangible personal property for use or consumption. Tangible personal property does not include real estate, stocks, bonds and other "paper" assets representing an interest. The above-referenced Sales Tax catergories are determined by the State of Illinois.

Data Source

Illinois Department of Revenue

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
\$ 160,755	\$ 467,154	\$ 450,552	\$ 461,897	\$ 492,279	\$ 542,950
386,547	376,340	382,059	339,224	260,522	65,996
600,115	534,615	494,477	479,582	458,629	425,351
101,346	111,261	105,340	106,991	99,792	88,608
125,984	184,137	147,759	181,782	128,772	209,707
592,037	264,656	268,287	252,907	234,867	240,947
 160,299	 222,787	 208,223	 164,659	 152,800	 125,063
\$ 2,127,085	\$ 2,160,950	\$ 2,056,696	\$ 1,987,042	\$ 1,827,661	\$ 1,698,621
1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
(1.6)%	5.1%	3.5%	8.7%	7.6%	10.5%

Revenue Capacity Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Issuing Body	2021	2020	2019	2018
DIRECT (Locally Imposed):				
City of Oakbrook Terrace	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
OVERLAPPING (State Imposed):				
State of Illinois	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
DuPage County	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%
DuPage Water Commission (1)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Regional Transportation Authority	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%
City of Oakbrook Terrace	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
Total Overlapping	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%
Total sales tax rate	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%

⁽¹⁾ The DuPage Water Commission .25 sales tax expired May 31, 2016.

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%
0.00%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%
0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%
1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
7.00%	7.25%	7.25%	7.25%	7.25%	7.25%
8.00%	8.25%	8.25%	8.25%	8.25%	8.25%

Revenue Capacity Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Levy Years

_	Reside	ential	Comme	ercial		Ratio of		
Levy Year	Amount	% of Total Assessed Value	Amount	% of Total Assessed Value	Total Assessed Value	Assessed Value to Estimated Actual Value	Estimated Actual Value	City Property Tax Rate*
2020	\$61,687,032	19.4%	\$ 255,607,660	80.6%	\$ 317,294,692	0.333	\$ 951,884,076	0.3332
2019	59,074,315	19.2%	249,395,580	80.8%	308,469,895	0.333	925,409,685	0.3332
2018	55,203,783	19.1%	234,340,390	80.9%	289,544,173	0.333	868,632,519	0.3476
2017	50,720,681	18.3%	226,655,730	81.7%	277,376,411	0.333	832,129,233	0.3535
2016	46,576,075	18.2%	209,574,610	81.8%	256,150,685	0.333	768,452,055	0.3715
2015	42,535,916	17.5%	200,963,990	82.5%	243,499,906	0.333	730,499,718	0.3851
2014	44,963,360	19.8%	182,572,150	80.2%	227,535,510	0.333	682,606,530	0.4070
2013	45,777,905	20.3%	179,296,420	79.7%	225,074,325	0.333	675,222,975	0.4035
2012	49,161,778	20.0%	197,050,540	80.0%	246,212,318	0.333	738,636,954	0.3605
2011	53,400,690	19.6%	219,134,990	80.4%	272,535,680	0.333	817,607,040	0.3149

^{*}Property tax rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation.

Property in the City is reassessed each year.

Data Source

Office of DuPage County Clerk

Revenue Capacity

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Levy Years

Tax Levy Year	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Fiscal Year	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
DIRECT - City of Oakbrook Terrace					
General	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Police Pension	0.3316	0.3332	0.3476	0.3535	0.3715
Total direct rate	0.3316	0.3332	0.3476	0.3535	0.3715
OVERLAPPING					
DuPage County	0.1609	0.1655	0.1673	0.1749	0.1848
DuPage County Forest Preserve District	0.1205	0.1242	0.1278	0.1306	0.1514
DuPage Airport Authority	0.0148	0.0141	0.0146	0.0166	0.0176
DuPage County Spc Svc 25	0.8988	0.9420	0.9379	1.0279	1.1394
Oakbrook Terrace Spc Svc 2	1.0706	1.0158	1.0861	1.0535	1.1570
Oakbrook Terrace Park District	0.4214	0.4335	0.4592	0.4828	0.5172
Oakbrook Terrace Fire District	0.7746	0.7880	0.8235	0.8487	0.8789
York Center Fire	0.8308	0.8423	0.9130	0.8160	0.8891
York Center Park District	0.4276	0.4585	0.4684	0.4771	0.4999
York Township	0.0886	0.0894	0.0909	0.0924	0.0952
Grade School District 45	3.4287	3.3180	3.5257	3.6219	3.7870
Grade School District 48	1.5504	1.5578	1.6009	1.6577	1.4198
High School District 88	2.0537	2.0906	2.1815	2.2462	2.3995
College DuPage 502	0.2114	0.2112	0.2317	0.2431	0.2626
Total direct and overlapping rates	12.3844	12.3841	12.9761	13.2429	13.7709

Rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation.

Special service area is not based on assessed value.

The purpose of this overlapping property tax rates schedule is to present comparative rate data for other governmental bodies that extend rates against the City's revenue base, so that a sense of "overall" property tax burden on the City's taxpayers may be determined. However, different overlapping governmental rates may apply for individual parcels, dependent upon each individual parcel's geographic location within the City.

Data Source

Office of DuPage County Clerk

2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
-	0.0059	0.0674	0.1202	0.1265
0.3851	0.4011	0.3361	0.2403	0.1884
0.3851	0.4070	0.4035	0.3605	0.3149
		_		
0.1971	0.2057	0.2040	0.1929	0.1773
0.1622	0.1691	0.1657	0.1542	0.1414
0.0188	0.0196	0.0178	0.0168	0.0169
1.2562	1.2665	1.2901	1.3237	1.2251
1.3205	1.5080	1.4099	1.1872	1.0779
0.5365	0.5639	0.5530	0.4999	0.4361
0.9194	0.9596	0.7723	0.6972	0.6303
0.9264	0.9674	0.9215	0.8092	0.7792
0.5274	0.5474	0.5394	0.5002	0.4285
0.1002	0.1049	0.1017	0.0928	0.0410
4.0035	3.9651	3.8736	3.5426	3.0664
1.4773	1.5491	1.5030	1.3681	1.2157
2.5477	2.5581	2.4373	2.1984	1.8332
0.2786	0.2975	0.2956	0.2681	0.2495
14.6569	15.0889	14.4884	13.2118	11.6334

Revenue Capacity Principal Property Taxpayers 2020 Tax Levy and Nine Years Ago

Assessed Valuation Year		2020				2011		
Taxpayer		Equalized Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total City Equalized Assessed Valuation		Equalized Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total City Equalized Assessed Valuation
Oakbrook Terrace Tower	\$	34,278,940	1	10.80%	\$	28,739,375	1	10.55%
Versailles North Association		27,525,650	2	8.68%		19,586,130	2	7.19%
Mid America Plaza		18,082,050	3	5.70%		14,637,850	4	5.37%
Commonwealth Edison		17,314,540	4	5.46%		16,261,150	3	5.97%
One Lincoln Center		12,213,090	5	3.85%		8,877,450	7	3.26%
Park View Plaza		11,443,950	6	3.61%		9,842,750	5	3.61%
Oakbrook Terrace Corporate Center		10,057,690	7	3.17%		9,000,000	6	3.30%
Regency Place		7,491,550	8	2.36%		3,938,460	11	1.45%
Oakbrook Terrace Corporate Center III		6,857,250	9	2.16%		6,272,780	8	2.30%
Home Depot, Big Lots, Party City Shopping Center		6,593,050	10	2.08%		4,020,090	12	1.48%
One Oakbrook Terrace (formerly Northern Trust)		5,986,740	11	1.89%		4,376,790	10	1.61%
Joint Commission		5,605,360	12	1.77%	_	5,822,080	9	2.14%
Totals	_	163,449,860		51.51%	_	131,374,905		48.20%
City Equalized Assessed Value	\$	317,294,692		100.00%	\$	272,535,680	:	100.00%

Data Source

DuPage County Clerk's Office

Revenue Capacity Retailers' Occupation, Service Occupation and Use Tax Last Ten Fiscal Years

	State		
Fiscal	Sales Tax	Annual (Change
Year	Distributions	Amount	Percentage
2021	\$ 3,942,705	\$ (60,011)	(1.50)%
2020	4,002,716	(76,719)	(1.88)%
2019	4,079,435	161,667	4.13%
2018	3,917,768	(1,128,493)	(22.36)%
2017	5,046,261	1,166,350	30.06%
2016	3,879,911	(17,044)	(0.44)%
2015	3,896,955	249,749	6.85%
2014	3,647,206	49,869	1.39%
2013	3,597,337	382,596	11.90%
2012	3,214,741	46,242	1.46%

Revenue Capacity Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Tax Levy Year Fiscal Year Collected	2020 2022	2019 2021	2018 2020	2017 2019
Equalized assessed valuation	\$ 317,294,692	\$ 308,469,895	\$ 289,544,173	\$ 277,376,411
General tax levy extension	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Police Pension tax levy extension	1,052,149	1,027,822	1,006,456	980,526
Special service area tax levy extension	50,803	47,432	49,111	45,395
Total tax levy extension	\$ 1,102,952	\$ 1,075,254	\$ 1,055,567	\$ 1,025,921
Total tax collections	(1)	\$ 1,074,842	\$ 1,053,562	\$ 1,025,782
Percent of total tax collections to total tax levy extension		99.96%	99.81%	99.99%

^{(1) 2020} Tax Levy to be collected in Fiscal Year 2022.

Property in the City is reassessed each year. Property is assessed at 33% of actual value.

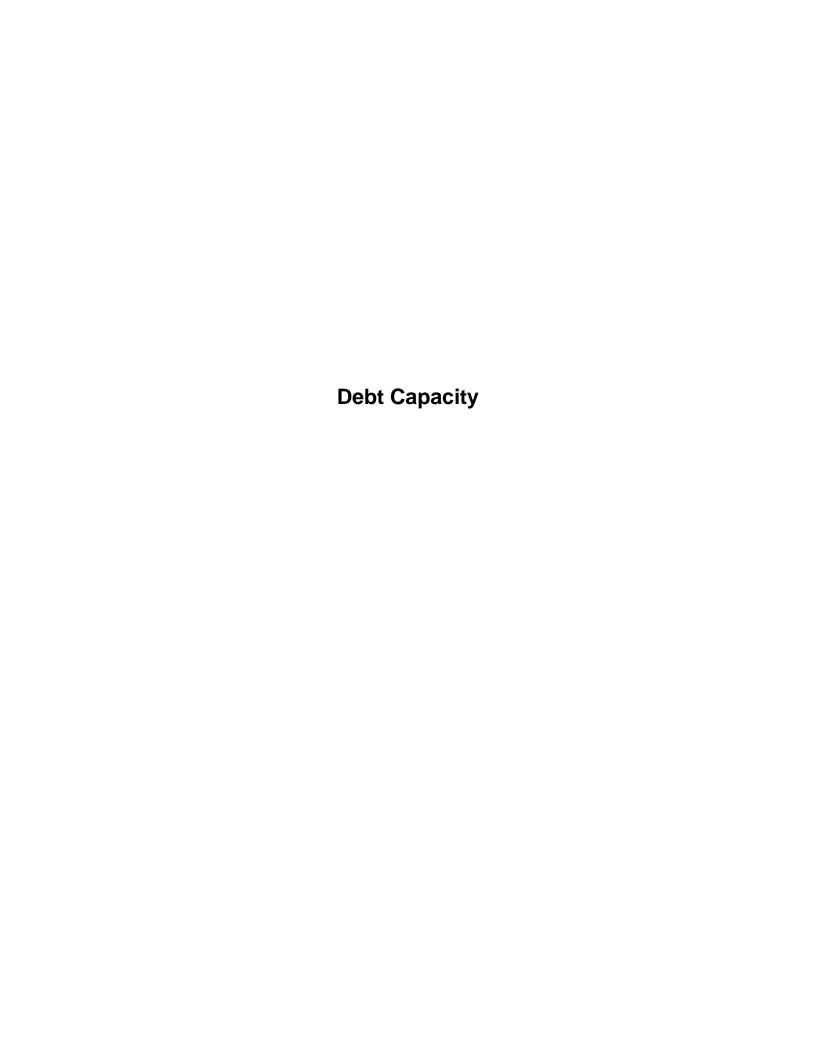
Data Source

2016 2018	2015 2017	2014 2016	2013 2015	2012 2014	2011 2013
\$ 256,150,685	\$ 243,499,906	\$ 227,535,510	\$ 225,074,325	\$ 246,212,318	\$ 272,535,680
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,425	\$ 151,700	\$ 295,947	\$ 344,758
951,600	937,718	912,645	756,475	591,648	513,457
 46,730	 48,061	 49,394	 45,381	 46,392	 47,376
\$ 998,330	\$ 985,779	\$ 975,464	\$ 953,556	\$ 933,987	\$ 905,590
\$ 998,001	\$ 978,529	\$ 975,181	\$ 952,432	\$ 931,324	\$ 904,905
 99.97%	99.26%	99.97%	 99.88%	 99.71%	 99.92%

Revenue Capacity Hotel Tax Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Issuing Body		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Hotel tax	\$	469,650	\$ 1,248,064	\$ 1,484,271	\$ 1,527,946	\$ 1,556,389
Online hotel taxes	Ψ	18,963	27,064	29,151	30,518	25,411
Extended stay hotel taxes		26,292	38,073	49,071	55,393	89,969
Total overlapping		514,905	1,313,201	1,562,493	1,613,857	1,671,769
Percentage change		(60.8)%	(16.0)%	(3.2)%	(3.5)%	(3.4)%

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
\$ 1,626,074	\$ 1,549,147	\$ 1,410,486	\$ 1,388,558	\$ 1,193,706
105,191	81,922	64,928	56,148	143,521
1,731,265	1,631,069	1,475,414	1,444,706	1,337,227
6.1%	10.5%	2.1%	8.0%	5.7%



Debt Capacity Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Go	overnmental Activ	/ities	Business-Type Activities				
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Special Service Area Bonds	Installment Contract Payable	General Obligation Bonds	Special Service Area Bonds	Installment Contract Payable		
2021	\$ 5,515,113	\$ 210,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
2020	5,904,663	245,000	-	-	-	-		
2019	9,787,310	280,000	-	-	-	-		
2018	10,374,957	310,000	-	1,165,000	-	-		
2017	10,922,604	340,000	-	1,335,000	-	-		
2016	11,450,251	370,000	-	1,560,000	-	-		
2015	11,932,898	400,000	-	1,765,000	-	-		
2014	12,270,000	425,000	-	1,930,000	-	-		
2013	12,275,000	450,000	-	2,075,000	-	-		
2012	8,540,000	475,000	-	2,185,000	-	-		

N/A - Not available

A brief description of the City's outstanding debt may be found in the paragraphs below.

Data Source

In **2006**, the City issued \$600,000 of special service area unlimited ad valorem special tax bonds to provide a potable water supply and distribution for several office buildings.

In 2008, the City issued \$5.0 million of general obligation debt to finance the new Public Services Facility.

In **2010**, the City issued \$3.9 million in general obligation debt and \$325,000 in taxable business district bonds to provide an economic stimulus for the redevelopment of the Oakbrook Terrace Square Shopping Center.

In 2012, the City issued \$2.8 million in general obligation debt and \$1.1 million in taxable business district bonds to provide the final economic stimulus payment for the redevelopment of the Oakbrook Terrace Square Shopping Center.

^{*} Refer to the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

Total Outstanding Debt of Primary Government		Total Outstanding Debt as a Percentage of Personal Income*	Total Outstanding Debt Per Capita*		
\$	5,727,035	2.88%	\$	2,082	
	6,149,663	4.02%		2,882	
	10,067,310	6.33%		4,718	
	11,849,957	7.78%		5,553	
	12,597,604	8.66%		5,903	
	13,380,251	9.04%		6,270	
	14,097,898	10.19%		6,606	
	14,625,000	16.99%		6,853	
	14,800,000	17.88%		6,935	
	11,200,000	13.53%		5,248	

Debt Capacity

Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Levy Years

Tax Levy Year	2021	2020	2019	2018
Population (1)	2,751	2,134	2,134	2,134
Assessed value (2)	\$ 317,294,692	\$ 308,469,895	\$ 289,544,173	\$ 277,376,411
Gross general obligation bonded debt (Tax supported debt only) (3)	5,515,113	5,904,663	9,787,310	11,539,957
Less debt service funds* (3)	678,643	283,580	552,177	548,596
Net general obligation bonded debt	4,836,470	5,621,083	9,235,133	10,991,361
Ratio of net general obligation bonded debt to assessed value	1.52%	1.82%	3.19%	3.96%
Net general obligation bonded debt per capita	1,758	2,634	4,328	5,151

Data Source

- (1) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census
- (2) Office of the County Clerk
- (3) City Records

 2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
2,134	2,134	2,134	2,134	2,134	2,134
\$ 256,150,685	\$ 243,499,906	\$ 227,535,510	\$ 225,074,325	\$ 246,212,318	\$ 272,535,680
12,257,604	13,010,251	13,697,898	14,625,000	12,275,000	8,540,000
				4.7.4.7.20	
532,220	513,324	527,103	549,952	154,568	1,416
11,725,384	12,496,927	13,170,795	14,075,048	12,120,432	8,538,584
4.58%	5.13%	5.79%	6.25%	4.92%	3.13%
	2.12,0	5.777	0.2070	,270	5.1270
5,495	5,856	6,172	6,596	5,680	4,001
3,493	5,050	0,172	0,390	3,000	4,001

Debt Capacity Schedule of Direct and Overlapping Debt - General Obligation Debt April 30, 2021

	(1) Gross Debt	(2) Percentage of Debt Applicable to City of Oakbrook Terrace	O	(3) City of Dakbrook Terrace are of Debt
City of Oakbrook Terrace	\$ 5,515,113	100.00%	\$	5,515,113
Other governments				
Grade School District 45	60,020,000	8.73%		5,239,746
Grade School District 48	5,979,176	28.21%		1,686,726
High School District #88	73,320,000	9.61%		7,046,052
College of DuPage 502	185,380,000	0.66%		1,223,508
DuPage County	116,770,000	0.74%		864,098
Forest Preserve	93,615,000	0.74%		692,751
Oakbrook Terrace Park District	863,000	70.06%		604,618
York Center Park District	25,000	25.61%		6,403
	535,972,176			17,363,902
Total other governments	\$ 541,487,289		\$	22,879,015

- (1) Amount includes general obligation/alternate revenue bonds series.
- (2) Determined by ratio of assessed value of property in City of Oakbrook Terrace subject to taxation to property subject to taxation in the government unit noted above.
- (3) Amount in column (1) multiplied by amount in column (2).

Data Source

(1) Business District 2012A Bond Refinance Official Statement

Debt Capacity Schedule of Legal Debt Margin April 30, 2021

The City is a home rule municipality.

Article VII, Section 6(k) of the 1970 Illinois Constitution governs computation of legal debt margin.

"The General Assembly may limit by law the amount and require referendum approval of debt to be incurred by home rule municipalities, payable from ad valorem property tax receipts, only in excess of the following percentage of the assessed value of its taxable property [...] (3) if its population is 25,000 or less, an aggregate of one-half percent. Indebtedness which is outstanding on the effective date of this constitution (July 1, 1971) or which is thereafter approved by referendum or assumed from another unit of local government shall not be included in the foregoing percentage amounts."

To date the General Assembly has set no debt limits for home rule municipalities.

Demographic and Economic Information	

Demographic and Economic Information Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Estimated Total			Unem	ployment Rate	es (3)
Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Personal Income of Population (2)	Pe	Capita ersonal ome (2)	City of Oakbrook Terrace	DuPage County	State of Illinois
2021	2,751	\$ 198,968,826	\$	72,326	N/A	5.9%	7.5%
2020	2,134	153,048,346		71,719	10%	7.9%	9.5%
2019	2,134	158,983,000		74,500	3.0%	3.1%	4.0%
2018	2,134	152,290,776		71,364	2.5%	3.3%	4.4%
2017	2,134	145,468,378		68,167	4.6%	4.0%	5.0%
2016	2,134	147,956,622		69,333	5.4%	4.8%	5.9%
2015	2,134	138,310,942		64,813	4.4%	4.8%	6.0%
2014	2,134	86,074,890		40,335	5.0%	5.8%	7.2%
2013	2,134	86,074,890		40,335	8.3%	7.4%	9.1%
2012	2,134	86,074,890		40,335	8.8%	7.5%	9.0%

The U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census defines personal income as a measure of income received from all sources by residents of the City during a calendar year.

Data Source

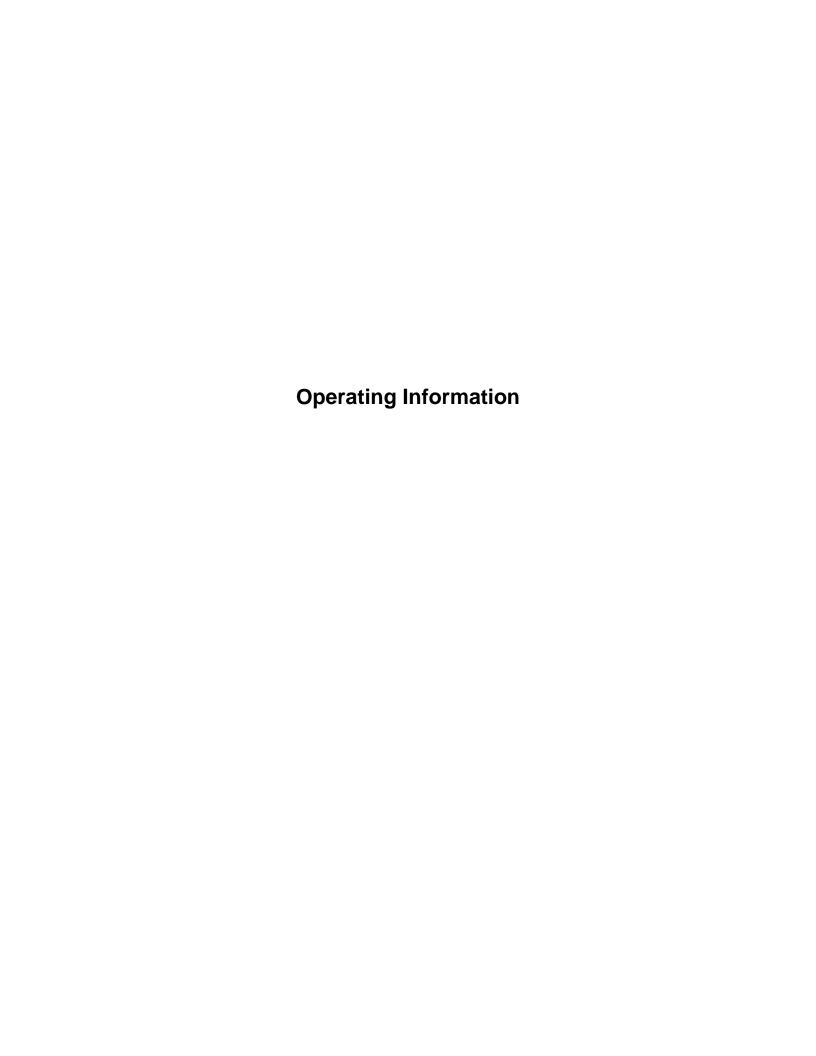
- (1) U.S. Census Bureau data based upon 2010 Census.
- (2) 2013-2017 American Community Survey five-year estimated Median Income of \$74,500.
- (3) Illinois Department of Employment Security and Bureau of Labor Statistics rates that are not seasonally adjusted. The 2019 rates are based upon the average rate from January through June 2019.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal City Employers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

		2021				2011		
Employer	Product/Service	Rank	Approximate Employment (1)	Percent of Total City Population	Rank	Approximate Employment (2)	Percent of Total City Population	
Commonwealth Edison	Utility	1	1,621	76.0%				
Salem Group	Full Service Staffing Services	2	500	23.4%	4	450	21.1%	
Joint Commission on Accreditation	Health Care Facility Accreditation	3	500	23.4%	1	1,000	46.9%	
Ferrara Candy Company	Candy Company	4	300	14.1%				
Crowe Horwath, LLP	Accounting	5	277	13.0%	3	475	22.3%	
SIRVA, Inc.	Moving & Relocation Service Provider	6	300	14.1%				
McCain Foods USA, Inc.	Food Distributor Corporate Headquarters	7	300	14.1%				
Graycor	Industrial Buildings and Warehouses	8	225		7	200	9.4%	
NAI Hiffman	Commercial Real Estate Brokerage	9	200	10.5%				
Drury Lane Oakbrook Terrace	Theather and Restaurant	10	160	7.5%	9			
VanKampen American Capital	Investment Services				5	300	14.1%	
Redbox Automated Retail, LLC	Rental and Leasing Services				2	750	35.1%	
MKS Software	Software Publishing				6	240	11.2%	
Newin's Insurance Holdings LLC	Insurance Carriers and Related Activities				8	150	7.0%	
Mid-America Asset Management	Real Estate				9	120	5.6%	
Home Depot	Building Material & Garden Equipment				10	120	5.6%	
Total			4,383			3,805		

Data Source

2020 Illinois Manufacturers Directory, 2021 Illinois Services Directory and a selective telephone survey 2010 Illinois Manufacturers Directory, 2010 Illinois Services Directory and selective telephone survey



Operating Information Operating Indicators Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2021	2020	2019
General Government			
Building and zoning			
Permits issued	245	294	327
Inspections conducted	564	521	552
Business licenses issued	415	416	360
Complaints/service requests responded to	151	121	265
Vehicle maintenance			
General government equipment repairs	549	575	561
Utilities equipment repairs	168	173	169
Public Safety - Police			
Traffic collision investigations	269	386	455
Administrative tows (first collected in January 2010)	13	48	62
Incident investigations	416	502	559
Traffic citations	433	1,154	944
Parking citations	30	445	676
Arrests	131	150	180
Highways and Streets			
Street repairs - tons of asphalt spread	30	45	40
Sidewalk repairs - cubic yards of concrete poured	10	20	15
Snow and ice control/plowed miles	16,096	12,349	15,577
Snow and ice control/salted miles	5,652	4,930	6,230
Number of street signs replaced	47	54	41
Mailboxes replaced	69	N/A	N/A
Number of snow events	21	18	31
Public Services			
Waterworks and sewerage systems			
Number of JULIE Locates	1,237	1,117	1,114
Number of metered customers	557	556	555
Number of nonmetered customers	0	0	C
Number of customers using both water and sewer at end of year	557	556	555
Number of customers using water only at end of year	557	556	555
Number of customers served by water system at end of year	557	556	555
Maximum daily pumping capacity (MGD)*	0.500	0.500	0.500
Average daily pumpage (MGD)	0.232	0.236	0.243
Gallons of water purchased (MGD)	82,856,000	86,221,000	87,566,000
Gallons of water pumped (MG)**	84,954,000	86,230,000	88,864,000
Gallons of water sold (billed) (MG)	69,909,000	80,201,000	86,198,000
Total gallons received at water reclamation facility (MGD)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Users discharging nondomestic and industrial wastes and	N/A	N/A	N/A
volumes of wastes discharged			

^{*} MGD = million gallons per day

Data Source

^{**} MG = million gallons

[^] Per calendar year

N/A = Not applicable

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
	- 10					
326	348	355	291	280	260	274
602	699	837	621	875	500	409
349	364	388	422	397	352	313
210	106	226	131	171	137	30
565	552	561	548	550	542	515
171	165	166	160	158	151	147
-10		40.4	120	44.0	205	101
518	466	494	428	410	397	421
111	151	131	190	342	253	217
665	656	1,037	712	834	788	787
1,186	1,432	1,982	3,177	4,205	3,672	3,531
346	333	498	466	537	290	309
317	311	359	426	605	523	561
50	45	40	45	40	35	25
25	30	20	60	50	70	60
12,577	8,571	8,416	8,212	9,944	6,315	5,500
5,030	1,310	3,366	3,284	3,860	3,000	2,500
38	43	42	3,284	65	30	34
N/A						
1V/A 24						
24	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,486	1,417	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
561	551	546	542	538	523	517
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
561	551	546	542	538	523	517
561	551	546	542	538	523	517
561	551	546	542	538	523	517
0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500
0.247	0.254	0.241	0.230	0.185	0.178	0.161
90,272,000	92,475,350	87,965,000	83,950,000	67,525,000	65,148,000	58,765,000
90,272,000	92,475,350	87,965,000	83,950,000	67,525,000	65,148,000	58,765,000
88,335,500	88,776,336	82,490,000	76,950,000	60,955,000	58,400,000	53,655,000
N/A						
N/A						

Operating Information Ten Largest Consumers Waterworks and Sewerage Systems Current Fiscal Year and Ten Years Ago

		2021	2011		
Property	Rank	Total Consumption In Millions Gallons	Rank	Total Consumption Gallons	
Regency Place	1	5,240,000			
Pete's Fresh Market	2	4,743,000			
Terra Vista Assisted Living	3	3,214,000			
Staybridge Suites	4	3,153,000	2	3,913,000	
Comfort Suites	5	3,134,000	3	3,461,000	
Courtyard by Marriot	6	2,339,000			
Lincoln Property Company	7	2,200,000	1	4,710,000	
BP Amoco	8	2,126,000			
Oakbrook Terrace Square	9	1,997,000			
Redstone	10	1,440,000	4	2,597,000	
JRC Plaza	11	1,339,000	8	1,012,000	
ComEd			5	1,700,000	
Gullivers			6	1,192,000	
Comar Properties			7	1,042,000	
Oliviabrook			9	1,073,000	
Terrace Oaks II			10	902,000	
Totals		30,925,000		21,602,000	

Data Source

Operating Information Full-Time Equivalent Employees Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
General Government					
	2.75	2.77	2.75	2.50	2.50
Executive management	2.75	2.75	2.75	3.50	3.50
Finance	2.25	2.25	2.25	1.50	2.00
Legislative	0.50	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Special events	-	-	-	-	-
Total general government	5.50	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.50
Public Safety					
Police					
Sworn	21.00	21.00	19.00	19.00	20.00
Nonsworn	7.10	7.10	7.10	6.10	6.10
Total public safety	28.10	28.10	26.10	25.10	26.10
City Services					
Building & zoning	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	3.00
Public works	3.50	4.50	3.50	3.78	3.78
Utilities	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.75
Total City services	10.50	11.50	10.50	10.78	9.53
Total City	44.10	45.60	42.60	41.88	42.13

Data Source

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
2.00	3.00	2.00	2.00	3.00
1.00	1.00	1.90	2.00	2.00
0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
1.00	-	0.70	0.70	0.50
4.50	4.50	5.10	5.20	6.00
20.00	20.00	20.00	19.00	20.00
6.10	6.10	5.10	5.10	4.60
26.10	26.10	25.10	24.10	24.60
·				
2.50	2.50	1.50	2.50	2.50
3.78	4.06	4.06	4.06	4.06
2.50	2.50	2.90	2.90	3.00
8.78	9.06	8.46	9.46	9.56
39.38	39.66	38.66	38.76	40.16

Operating Information Capital Asset Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
General Government					
Equipment maintenance vehicles	7	7	7	6	6
Public Safety - Police					
Vehicles					
Squad cars (marked)	9	8	7	7	7
Squad cars (unmarked)	3	4	5	6	7
Highways and Streets					
Streets (lane miles)	75	75	75	75	75
Right-of-ways (miles)	153	153	153	153	153
Traffic signals	2	2	1	1	1
Public Services					
Stormwater systems					
Stormwater mains (miles)	138	138	138	138	138
Waterworks and sewerage systems					
Vehicles	5	5	5	5	5
Water mains (miles)	14	14	14	14	14
Sanitary sewers (miles)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sanitary sewer lift stations	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

N/A - Not available

Data Source

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
6	5	5	5	5
7	6	7	8	8
7	8	8	8	8
75	75	75	75	77
153	153	153	153	155
1	1	1	1	1
138	138	138	138	138
5	5	5	3	3
14	14	14	13	13
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Operating Information Surety Bonds of Principal Officials April 30, 2021

Principal Official	of	mount Surety Bond
Mayor	\$	3,000
City Administrator		10,000
Assistant to the Mayor and City Administrator		10,000
Chief of Police		10,000
City Clerk		10,000
Deputy Clerk (2)		10,000
Treasurer		10,000
Finance Director		10,000