CITY OF OAKBROOK TERRACE, ILLINOIS

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2023

Prepared by City of Oakbrook Terrace Finance Department Jim Ritz, City Administrator

City of Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois April 30, 2023

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List of City Officials

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor Paul Esposito Charlie Barbari Alderman Joseph Beckwith Alderman Alderman Dennis Greco Mary Fitzgerald Alderwoman Alderman Robert Rada Frank Vlach Alderman City Clerk Michael Shadley

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

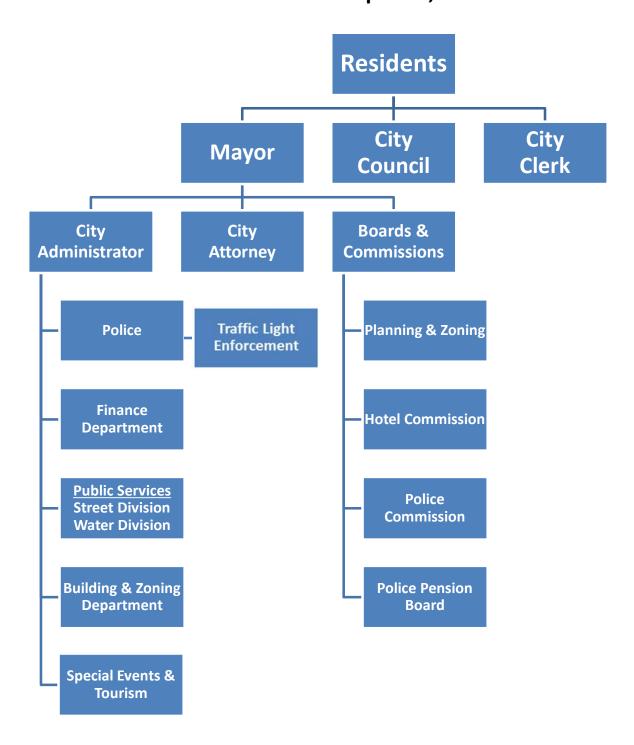
City Attorney Storino, Ramello, & Durkin

City Administrator Jim Ritz

Police Chief Casey Calvello
Building and Zoning Administrator Melissa Headley

Public Services Director Craig Ward

City of Oakbrook Terrace Organization Chart Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2023



MAYOR Paul Esposito

CITY CLERK Michael Shadley

CITY ADMINISTRATOR
Jim Ritz



CITY OF OAKBROOK TERRACE

17W275 BUTTERFIELD ROAD OAKBROOK TERRACE, IL 60181 630-941-8300 FAX 630-617-0036 WARD 1 Iderman Charlie B

Alderman Charlie Barbari Alderman Joseph Beckwith

WARD 2

Alderman Frank Vlach Alderman Dennis Greco

WARD 3

Alderman Robert Rada Alderwoman Mary Fitzgerald

January 12, 2024

The Honorable Mayor Esposito Members of the City Council City of Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois

We are pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois, for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2023. Illinois Compiled Statute numbered 65 ILCS5/8-8-3 requires the Finance Department to submit the audited financial statements to the City Council within six (6) months of the fiscal year-end. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and component units of the City of Oakbrook Terrace. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

In developing and evaluating the City's financial position, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to protect the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable financial records in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Forvis, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has audited the City of Oakbrook Terrace's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Oakbrook Terrace for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Oakbrook Terrace's financial statements for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE CITY OF OAKBROOK TERRACE

The City of Oakbrook Terrace (the "City") is a home rule unit of local government as defined by the Illinois Constitution and Illinois Statutes. It was incorporated in 1958 as the City of Utopia, but its name was

subsequently changed to the City of Oakbrook Terrace. The government operates under the city form as defined by Illinois Statutes, with an elected Mayor and six (6) Aldermen, who collectively form the City Council. A professional City Administrator is employed, along with other staff positions that have been created by local ordinance. The City is located approximately 17 miles directly west of the City of Chicago in DuPage County. The City currently has a land area of 1.8 square miles and an estimated overnight population of 2,751 but has an estimated daytime population of 30,000 to 50,000. The City is home to numerous restaurants, retailers, seven (7) hotels, entertainment venues, and over 4,000,000 square feet of office development. The City's major employer is Commonwealth Edison with about 1,800 employees.

The City Council sets policy through adopting ordinances, resolutions, and the annual budget. The Mayor and City Clerk are elected to four-year terms. Aldermen are elected to staggered four-year terms from three (3) aldermanic districts. The mayor is the Chief Executive Officer of the City and ensures that the laws and ordinances are faithfully executed. The mayor has supervision over all executive officers and employees of the City. The mayor appoints by and with the advice and consent of the City Council, the City Administrator, the City Treasurer, the City Attorney, the Chief of Police, Department Heads, and the Commission members. The City Administrator is responsible for the proper administration of the affairs of the City as assigned by the Mayor. The City has 38 full-time employees, which includes 19 sworn police officers.

The City provides a full range of services including police protection, construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure; potable water utility service; community development and general administrative services. Fire Protection, Emergency Medical Services, and Parks and Recreation are provided by other local governments. In addition to these services, the City also contributes towards a Police Pension Employment System. The police pension is included in this report as a fiduciary component unit. The City levies an annual property tax for the police pension actuarial required contribution. The property tax levy serves as the major revenue source for the police pension.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All departments of the City government are required to submit their budget requests to the City Administrator by the first week in February of each year. The City Administrator, in their role as the appointed Budget Officer, uses these requests as a starting point for developing the budget that will be presented to the City Council pursuant to the provisions of the Illinois Budget Officer Act (65 ILCS 5/8-2-9.1) and the City's home rule powers. After the proposed budget is presented to the City Council, they are required to hold at least one (1) public hearing concerning the proposed budget, and to adopt a final budget prior to May 1st, the beginning of the new fiscal year. The budget is prepared by fund and appropriations are made at the department line-item level. The budget also includes information on the past year actual expenditures, current year estimates, and requested figures for the next fiscal year. Subsequent to budget approval, and during the course of the fiscal year, the budget may be amended by a two-thirds majority of the City Council. In addition, the Budget Officer may make line-item transfers under \$10,000 within a department and/or between departments within the same fund. Budget transfers that are greater than \$10,000 require the approval of the City Council. The City's legal level of budgetary control is that expenditures may not legally exceed the budget at the department level for the General Fund. All other funds, with the exception of the Water Fund, may not legally exceed the budget at the fund level. The Water Fund may not legally exceed the budget by line item.

MAJOR INITIATIVES (Present and Future)

Presented below is a fiscal year 2023 progress report, of the Council's major initiatives.

Develop Vacant Property

Over the past year the City has been working closely with the owners of the vacant and blighted area located in the northern portion of the City of Oakbrook Terrace. Several redevelopment meetings with the owners have been made, and the City is encouraging the development of the entire area of approximately 24 acres. Development discussions will continue into FY 2024.

Southwestern portion of an unincorporated parcel surrounding the City of Oakbrook Terrace, will currently be in discussion with the owners of a possible annexation agreement. This current parcel encompasses approximately 236 acres and would be a tremendous opportunity for new development within the City.

Streambank Stabilization Project

Due to the severe erosion of the streambanks located in the residential subdivision, the City began the process to stabilize it in fiscal year 2019. The erosion is a natural process that occurs from heavy rainfalls and the removal of local protective vegetation. If the banks are not repaired, they will eventually encroach into the residential property. Some of the project costs will be offset with a grant from the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency in the amount of \$234,000. To date, the City has spent \$150,698.41 on constructing and engineering costs for the project. Due to permitting delays, the City plans to begin construction in the spring of 2023. Completion of the project is expected in the second quarter of 2024.

Strategic Plan & Comprehensive Plan

The City is currently working with the Northern Illinois University Center for Governmental Studies to furnish professional consulting services for a Strategic Plan in addition to a Comprehensive Plan update. The City's last Goals & Objectives were approved by the Council in December 2013, and our Comprehensive Plan was initially created in March 2007. With the update of these two (2) plans, it will allow the City to identify and set much needed goals and long-term operational needs.

FINANCIAL POLICIES SIGNIFICANT IMPACT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Budget Reserves

The City's Budget Reserves policy requires that the City will maintain a General Fund reserve equal to at least 40% of estimated yearly revenues. Fiscal year 2023 resulted in an unassigned fund balance of \$9,616,218, which represents approximately 80.4% of the fiscal year 2023 General Fund actual revenues of \$11,966,609. Accordingly, the City continues to surpass the budget reserve criteria. Since the reserve requirement has been met, the excess reserves will provide added flexibility when considering operational and capital project needs.

Debt Administration

The City aspires to maintain good communication with bond rating agencies about its financial condition. The City's most recent bond rating received an AA bond rating from Standard and Poor's, which is the second highest rating possible from this rating agency. The City paid off the 2012B Business District Bonds, saving approximately \$106,000 in principle and interest costs. The City has two (2) general obligation debt issues and one (1) special service area debt issue outstanding at year end. The City's total debt outstanding as of April 30, 2023, is \$4,420,000. There are no plans to issue new bonds. The City annually abates the bonds and uses alternate revenue sources to pay down the principal and interest. Through abating these bonds, no property taxes are collected, thereby lowering tax bills. However, the 2006 Special Service Area bonds are not abated, rather these bonds are paid through owner's annual tax assessments.

Investment Policy

Safety of the principal is the foremost objective of the investment policy. The purpose of the investment policy is to also ensure the liquidity of investments so that the City can pay its bill on-time. Return on investment is of secondary importance compared to the safety and liquidity of the account. The City also has a tri-party collateralization agreement in place so that the fair market value of the City's investments will not be less than 110%. Collateralization is needed because the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation only ensures bank balances up to \$250,000. In fiscal year 2023, the City earned a total of \$62,644 in interest income, which was \$51,491 more than the prior year. The police pension investments resulted in a net increase of \$617,834 for fiscal year 2023. The police pension investments are governed by a separate board and financial advisors.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

Net Position

In previous years, the City implemented GASB 67 and 68 which required the City to record pension liabilities for the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), and Police Pension Plan on the Statement of Net Position. The net pension liability for fiscal year 2023 was \$11,907,530. Beginning in fiscal year 2019, the City implemented GASB 75, which improves the accounting and financial reporting for postemployment benefits other than pensions. Even with this new requirement, the City still ended with a positive net position of \$33,318,456 for Governmental and \$6,258,559 for Business-Type Activities.

Local Economy

The City's financial position remains strong with ample reserve levels. Management is pleased to report that modest initial estimated revenue gains were comfortably exceeded in most significant revenue streams. The local and national economies have a significant impact on the amount of revenue the City receives from sales taxes. Revenue from Sales and Local Use Tax increased by 24.29%, or roughly \$506,000 compared to last year. In recent months, the City has seen positive trends in sales tax revenues, but will still use conservative benchmarks due to its reliance on elastic revenue sources to fund its operations. Staff will continue to monitor revenue trends and budget expenditures accordingly. Robust increases in Local taxes as well as intergovernmental revenues increased General Fund revenues by \$700,527 resulting in total Fiscal Year 2022 General Fund revenues of \$11,966,609.

General Fund fiscal year 2023 expenditures at \$10,315,150 increased by \$264,709 from fiscal year 2022. This increase is attributed to labor costs associated with staff changes in the Executive Management and Finance Departments as well as ongoing traffic management litigation expenses.

The City's equalized assessed valuation increased from \$319,129,068 for the 2021 tax levy to \$326,284,280 for the 2022 tax levy representing an increase of \$7.155 million. For fiscal year 2023, the City collected \$1,063,126 in property taxes that were earmarked for the police pension.

According to the current Census Bureau records, the per capita within the City has officially increased from 2,751 to 2,725 an increase of 26 or approximately 1%. This decrease will have little impact concerning our state shared revenues going forward.

Long-term Financial Planning

The City adopts a budget on an annual basis that serves as the roadmap for all City operations. The City also has a detailed Capital Improvement Program (CIP). The CIP covers the period of one (1) to five (5) years in detail. As part of the budget preparation process, the CIP is reviewed, modified, and approved annually.

The City's pension costs continued to increase at a pace faster than inflation. One way to counteract this increase was to switch to a 15-Year Open from the former normal cost method. Beginning with the 2018 levy, the City Council switched to the 15-Year Open approach to finance the actuarial required contribution. At the start, higher contributions to the police pension are required to remove a few years to arrive at the 15-year point. The City is on target to achieve, if not exceed, the 90% funded actuarial liability by 2040.

OTHER INFORMATION

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awards Certificates of Achievements for Excellence in Financial Reporting to governments who publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual

Financial Report (AFR), which satisfies both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one (1) year only. We believe our current report meets the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for a certificate. If awarded to the City's ACFR for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2023, it will be the twentieth (20th) Certificate of Achievement for the City of Oakbrook Terrace.

Acknowledgements

I would like to thank Mayor Esposito and the City Council for their direction and support in guiding the administration in the planning and conducting the operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Furthermore, the work of the independent auditors from Forvis is greatly appreciated.

Respectfully submitted,

Jim Pitz

City Administrator

Matt Hoffman

Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Oakbrook Terrace Illinois

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

April 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO







1901 S. Meyers Road, Suite 500 / Oakbrook Terrace, IL 60181 **P** 630.282.9511 / **F** 630.282.9495

forvis.com

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Mayor Esposito Members of the City Council City of Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of April 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2023, the City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



The Honorable Mayor Esposito Members of the City Council City of Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, pension, and other postemployment benefit information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Honorable Mayor Esposito Members of the City Council City of Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois Page 3

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules and other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules and other supplementary information are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical section as listed in the table of contents but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

FORVIS, LLP

Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois January 12, 2024

Management's Discussio	n and Analysis	

CITY OF OAKBROOK TERRACE

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

APRIL 30, 2023

The City of Oakbrook Terrace's (the City) Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the City's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the City's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), (d) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the City's basic financial statements (beginning on page 15).

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's net position was \$39,577,015 at the end of the 2023 fiscal year reflecting an increase of \$3,704,660 or approximately 10.3% from \$35,872,355 last year. The Governmental Activities (tax supported) resulted in a year-end increase in net position of \$3,637,631, while the Business-Type Activities (user fees based) experienced an increase of \$67,029.
- ➤ The City's net position for Governmental Activities was \$33,318,456 and \$6,258,559 for Business-Type Activities. Also, the City's total assets and deferred outflows of \$62,602,693 exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows of \$23,025,678 by \$39,577,015 demonstrating the City's ability to meet its current and future obligations.
- The City has outstanding bonded debt of \$4,420,000, which decreased by \$550,000 from the prior year. The City has no intention of issuing any new bonds in the coming years.
- ➤ Total City revenues increased by \$974,536 or approximately 6.3% to \$16,494,644 from last year's total of \$15,520,108. Fiscal year revenues from Governmental Activities equaled \$15,284,338 and \$1,210,306 for Business-Type Activities. The total cost for City programs was \$12,789,984 compared to \$10,990,319 last year reflecting an increase of \$1,799,665.
- The ending fund balance for the General Fund increased by \$1,651,459 from \$8,368,021 last year to \$10,019,480 this year. Of the total General Fund's fund balance, \$9,616,218 is unassigned and can be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to residents and creditors.

In 2023, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Prior year comparative information presented herein has not been restated for adoption of GASB 87.

USING THE FINANCIAL SECTION OF THIS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL REPORT

The financial statements focus is on both the City as a whole (government-wide) and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives (government-wide and major fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year-to-year or government-to-government), and enhance the City's accountability.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements (see pages 19-22) are designed to be corporate-like in that all governmental and business-type activities are consolidated into columns, which add to a total for the Primary Government. The focus of the Statement of Net Position is designed to be similar to bottom line results for the City and its governmental and business-type activities. This statement combines and

consolidates governmental fund's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

The Statement of Activities (see pages 17-18) is focused on both the gross and net cost of various activities (including governmental and business-type), which are supported by the government's general taxes and other resources. This is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the cost of various governmental services and/or subsidies reflected in general revenue of the City.

The governmental activities reflect the City's basic services, including general government, public safety, public services, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities reflect private sector type operations (Water System), where the fee for service typically covers all or most of the cost of operation, including depreciation.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of the City can be divided into three categories: *governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds*.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains five (5) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the General Fund, 2012/2021 Refunding Bond Fund, and the Capital Improvements Fund which are considered major funds, while the Motor Fuel Tax Fund and Debt Service SSA II Fund are considered nonmajor funds.

The City adopts an annual budget for all the major and nonmajor governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund has been provided on page 23 to demonstrate compliance with this budget. Budgetary information for the other funds can be found elsewhere in the report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19-22 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains only one type of proprietary fund, an enterprise fund which is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its Water Utility.

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. This fund accounts for all the operations of the municipal water system.

Water is purchased from the DuPage Water Commission and then sold to municipal customers and distributed through the City's water main system. The City sells water to municipal customers at rates that are intended to provide sufficient resources for current operations as well as necessary investments in the capital infrastructure supporting the water system. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 24-26 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of fiduciary funds are not available to support the City of Oakbrook Terrace's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements for the Police Pension Fund can be found on pages 27 and 28 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 29-71 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Oakbrook Terrace Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, police employee pension and postemployment healthcare benefits obligations. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 72 to 79 of this report. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found beginning on page 80 of this report.

Infrastructure Assets

Prior to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 34, a government's largest group of assets (infrastructure assets – i.e., roads, bridges etc.) had not been reported nor depreciated in governmental financial statements. GASB Statement No. 34 requires that these assets be valued and reported within the Governmental column of the Government-Wide Statements. Additionally, the government must elect to either (1) depreciate these assets over their estimated useful life, or (2) develop a system of asset management designed to maintain the service delivery potential to near perpetuity. If the government develops the asset management system, (the modified approach) which periodically (at least every third year), by category, measures and demonstrates its maintenance of locally established levels of service standards, the government may record its cost of maintenance in lieu of depreciation. The City has chosen to depreciate assets over their useful life.

GOVERNMENT WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

Net position serves as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's net position is comprised of net investment in capital assets, restricted position, and unrestricted position. The City uses the total net investment in capital assets totaling \$34,723,197 to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. These capital assets include land, buildings, streets, water infrastructure, and equipment. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The Governmental Activities net position is used to carry-out the City's daily operations including police, while the Business-Type Activities utilizes net position to finance the operations of water service delivery. The Governmental Activities restricted net position of \$2,021,581, consists of Motor Fuel Tax, Debt Service, DUI Equipment and Pensions and can only be used for these designated purposes. Governmental

Activities has an unrestricted net position of \$1,973,074 due in large part to a more favorable cash position relative to last year.

Table 1 reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position compared to fiscal year 2022. Table 2 focuses on the Changes in Net Position compared to fiscal year 2022.

Table 1 Statement of Net Position As of April 30, 2023 and 2022

	Govern Activ		Busines Activ	• •	Total City			
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Assets								
Current and Other Assets	\$ 20,797,634	\$ 17,673,769	\$ 1,059,946	\$ 906,637	\$ 21,857,580	\$ 18,580,406		
Capital Assets	31,154,295	31,202,449	5,399,396	5,660,356	36,553,691	36,862,805		
Total Assets	51,951,929	48,876,218	6,459,342	6,566,993	58,411,271	55,443,211		
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Unamortized Loss on Refunding	154,639	181,929	-	-	154,639	181,929		
Pensions	3,739,843	1,161,422	296,940	8,583	4,036,783	1,170,005		
Total Deferred Outflows	3,894,482	1,343,351	296,940	8,583	4,191,422	1,351,934		
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities	1,448,300	1,255,083	94,795	87,612	1,543,095	1,342,695		
Long-term Liabilities	18,445,293	16,236,866	390,391	65,774	18,835,684	16,302,640		
Total Liabilities	19,893,593	17,491,949	485,186	153,386	20,378,779	17,645,335		
	2,208,427		324,617					
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unearned Property Taxes	1,124,657	1,112,972	-	-	1,124,657	1,112,972		
Pensions	606,768	1,933,823	12,537	230,660	619,305	2,164,483		
Lease	902,937	-	-	-	902,937	-		
Total Deferred Inflows	2,634,362	3,046,795	12,537	230,660	2,646,899	3,277,455		
Net Position								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	29,323,801	29,105,398	5,399,396	5,660,356	34,723,197	34,765,754		
Restricted	2,021,581	1,720,662	-	-	2,021,581	1,720,662		
Unrestricted	1,973,074	(1,145,235)	859,163	531,174	2,832,237	(614,061)		
Total Net Position	\$ 33,318,456	\$ 29,680,825	\$ 6,258,559	\$ 6,191,530	\$ 39,577,015	\$ 35,872,355		

For more detailed information, see the Statement of Net Position (pages 15 and 16).

Current Year Impacts

The total net pension liability went from \$9,378,406 last year to \$13,765,819 this year for an increase of \$4,387,413. The net pension liability is the unfunded pension liability that is calculated by an actuary and is the City's total pension liability for the Police and IMRF plans, less the amount currently on hand to fund the liability. Deferred inflows and outflows are also recorded because some of the changes to the total pension liability are recognized over time rather than in the current year. Deferred inflows are increases to net position that will be recognized in future years. Deferred outflows will decrease net pension in future years.

The City has \$36,553,691 in capital assets with \$31,154,295 in Governmental Activities and \$5,399,396 in Business-Type Activities. Total capital assets decreased by \$309,114 in aggregate due to the addition of several pieces of capital equipment and a reduction due to depreciation on existing assets, while current and other assets increased by \$3,277,174 as a result of positive cash flows generated from operations and several capital projects with initial start dates in early fiscal year 2023 being delayed until fiscal year 2024. Long-term liabilities increased by \$2,533,044 from the prior year due to an increase in net pension liability stemming from unfavorable market fluctuations impacting the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) being offset by a reduction in general obligation bonds payable from the prior fiscal year of \$549,347. The total OPEB liability increased \$91,799 from Fiscal Year 2022 predominantly due to a change in the discount rate from year to year.

Changes in Net Position

Total revenues increased by \$974,536 due to elevated sales and use tax. Hotel/motel tax and amusement tax revenue also continue to rebound from the slump during the pandemic. Expenses increased by \$1,799,665, due to personnel reorganization and additions in the following departments: Executive Administration, Finance, and Public Safety.

Changes in net position for the year are shown in the following table.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position Years Ended April 30, 2023 and 2022

		Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities			Total City		
		2023		2022	2023		2022	2023		2022
Revenue	· · · · ·									
Program Revenues										
Charges for Service	\$	3,205,356	\$	4,158,412	\$ 818,712	\$	800,193	\$ 4,024,068	\$	4,958,605
Capital Grants and Contributions		361,379		220,762	-		-	361,379		220,762
Operating Grants and Contributions		144,519		208,559	-		-	144,519		208,559
General Revenue										
Property		1,114,948		1,101,053	-		-	1,114,948		1,101,053
Other Taxes and Intergovernmental										
Revenues		10,400,384		8,611,651	386,702		389,342	10,787,086		9,000,993
Other Revenues		57,752		29,564	4,892		572	62,644		30,136
Total Revenue		15,284,338		14,330,001	1,210,306		1,190,107	16,494,644		15,520,108
Expenses										
Governmental										
General Government		3,060,263		2,370,652	-		-	3,060,263		2,370,652
Culture and Recreation		133,835		122,332	-		-	133,835		122,332
Public Safety		6,711,444		6,306,580	-		-	6,711,444		6,306,580
Public Services		1,330,549		887,686	-		-	1,330,549		887,686
Interest		210,616		147,435	-		-	210,616		147,435
Business-Type Activities										
Water		-		-	1,343,277		1,155,634	1,343,277		1,155,634
Total Expenses		11,446,707		9,834,685	1,343,277		1,155,634	12,789,984		10,990,319
Transfers		(200,000)		-	200,000		-	_		_
Change in Net Position		3,637,631		4,495,316	67,029		34,473	3,704,660		4,529,789
Net Position May 1		29,680,825		25,185,509	6,191,530		6,157,057	35,872,355		31,342,566
Net Position, April 30	\$	33,318,456	\$	29,680,825	\$ 6,258,559	\$	6,191,530	\$ 39,577,015	\$	35,872,355

Current Year Impacts

Total City revenues equaled \$16,494,644, while expenses were \$12,789,984, resulting in an increase of \$3,704,660 in net position.

Governmental Activities

Revenues:

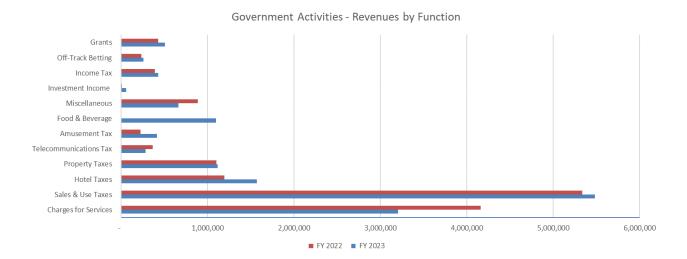
Revenues for Governmental Activities equaled \$15,284,338 in fiscal year 2023 representing an increase of \$954,337 or 6.66% from fiscal year 2022.

Hotel tax, one of the City's Principal revenue sources (equating to 9.5% of aggregate revenues), totaled over \$1.5 million in fiscal year 2023, this represents an increase of 31.9% over last year.

Sales taxes experienced unprecedented growth over the course of the previous fiscal year, posting year-over-year growth of 31.7% in the fiscal year 2022. This extraordinary growth stemmed from the confluence of several factors including: aggressive fiscal and monetary policies in response to the pandemic, which spurred consumer demand; ongoing supply chain issues, which further drove up demand; and statutory changes implemented in fiscal year 2021 regarding how sales tax proceeds are sourced, which now require most on-line retailers to collect both State and locally imposed (including non-home rule) sales taxes on products being used or consumed within Oakbrook Terrace. In the current fiscal year, sales taxes returned to more of a historical norm, posting a year-over-year gain of 2.7%,

ostensibly due to the resiliency of the local economy and the sharp increase in price levels, as inflation reached its highest levels since the early 1980's during the latter half of calendar year 2022.

The graph below depicts the City's diverse revenue groups and the City's reliance on charges for services, sales taxes and hotel taxes. The Sales and Use Tax category were the City's number one (1) revenue source at 35.9% with \$5,481,643 compared to \$5,335,912 last year. Charges for services decreased by \$953,056 from last year as a result of a temporary cessation in the City's Traffic Light Enforcement program in the first quarter of fiscal year 2023. Hotel tax revenue continues to rebound from the pandemic; comprising 10.4% of total revenues, the City saw an increase of \$379,956 from last year.

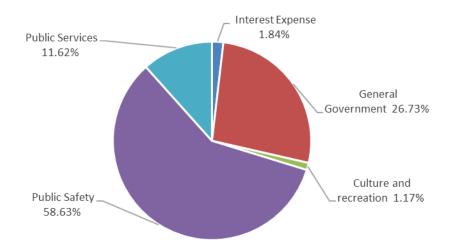


Expenses:

Government activities expenses were up by 16.4% or \$1,612,022 from fiscal year 2022, stemming from the additional costs associated with several new positions in the City, ongoing litigation in regards to traffic light enforcement, vehicle and equipment depreciation expense.

Public safety comprised approximately 58.6% of total expenses at \$6,711,444, and culture and recreation represented 1.2% at \$133,835. Public services at \$1,330,549 represented 11.6% of the total expenses and general government comprised 26.7% at \$3,060,263.

Expenditures by Function - Governmental Activities



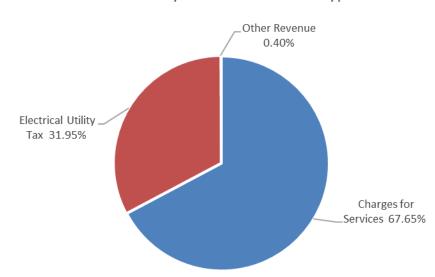
Business-Type Activities

Revenues:

Revenues supporting the City's Business-Type Activities equaled \$1,210,306 in fiscal year 2023. The graph below depicts the revenue sources for Business-Type Activities. Total revenues for the Water Fund increased by \$20,199 or 1.7% over last year, due to an increase in the occupancy rate of office towers within the City. The City continues to recover, albeit slowly, from the negative effects the pandemic had on our business sector.

The last water rate increase was on January 1, 2015. The City purchases water from the DuPage Water Commission at a rate of \$5.39 per 1,000 gallons. Oakbrook Terrace residents pay \$9.97 for every 1,000 gallons, with a bimonthly minimum of 6,000 gallons. The difference between the amount paid to the DuPage Water Commission and the customer rate covers the Water Fund's operational costs and future capital improvements.

In terms of revenues by source, charges for services at \$818,712 comprised 67.6% of total revenues for fiscal year 2023, while the electrical utility tax, at \$386,702, represented 31.9%.

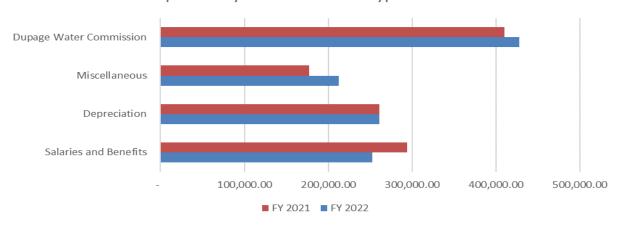


Revenues by Source - Business Type

Expenses:

Expenses for Business-Type Activities equaled \$1,343,277, reflecting an increase of \$187,643 or approximately 16.2% from last year's total of \$1,155,634. This increase is a result of a combination of factors, a decrease of \$40,850 mainly attributable to a decrease in staff, an employee change in health benefit, and less overtime was offset by a \$35,970 increase in miscellaneous expenses. The bulk of the increase was attributable to higher commodity prices. The expenses for the Business-Type Activities included salaries and wages and other personnel benefits totaling \$405,365 or 30.2%. Interest expense for the interfund loan payment made from the water fund to the general fund consisted of \$755 or 0.1%. Water purchased from the DuPage Water Commission (DWC) represented expenses of \$467,184 or 34.8%. Depreciation of the Water System capital assets equaled \$260,960 or 19.4% of total expenses.

Expenses by Class - Business Type Activities



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. The fund balance for the General Fund increased by \$1,651,459 from \$8,368,021 in fiscal year 2022 to \$10,019,480 in fiscal year 2023. This increase is the result of continued sales tax revenue growth and rebound of our hospitality and entertainment industries. The City coffers also benefitted from a recently implemented Food and Beverage tax in fiscal year 2023.

Created in fiscal year 2013, the 2012/2021 Refunding Bond Fund was formed for the purposes of accounting for the revenue and expenditure activity within the Oakbrook Terrace Square Business District. Fund balance increased by \$392,723 from \$1,091,768 in fiscal year 2022 to \$1,484,491 in fiscal year 2023. Tax revenue in the business district has risen in tandem with that of the City in general. Resulting in revenues outpacing the major expense (bond principal and interest payments) in fiscal year 2023 which lead to the increase in fund balance.

The Capital Improvements Fund (CIF) is another major governmental fund. The fund balance of the CIF Fund on April 30, 2023, was \$5,995,732, an increase of \$1,194,540 from fiscal year 2022. With the uncertainty swirling around the pandemic capital expenditures were put on hold until it's full impact of the City's financial situation could be determined The reserves of the Capital Improvement Fund act as a savings account for future capital improvements so from time to time there may be a deficit between the revenues and expenses.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$18,040,995, which is an increase of \$3,119,482 or 20.9% from the beginning of the year at \$14,921,513.

Of the total fund balance, \$9,611,623 is unassigned and represents the portion that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without any constraints. This unassigned fund balance represents 83.7% of fiscal year 2023 General Fund revenues budgeted at \$11,485,643. The City's policy is to maintain a General Fund reserve which is equal to at least 40% of estimated yearly revenues. Accordingly, the City is once again well above the requirement.

The remainder of the fund balance is split between the following three (3) classifications. The non-spendable portion of fund balance represents \$379,628; essentially meaning this amount cannot be spent because it is comprised of inventories and prepaid items. The restricted portion of fund balance at

\$2,054,440 means this amount can only be spent for specific purposes as prescribed by City and State laws. In the City's case, the restricted fund balance is earmarked for roadway maintenance and SSA II debt service payments. The committed fund balance portion at \$5,995,304 can only be spent on capital. The City's Five (5) Year Capital Improvement Plan is approved annually and determines how the committed fund balance can be spent on capital projects.

The table below provides information on the fund balance classifications in the governmental funds.

Table 3
Governmental Funds
Fund Balance Analysis
As of April 30, 2023

	Current Year		Prior			
				Year	Change	% Change
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable						
Prepaid Items	\$	315,580	\$	304,316	11,264	4%
Inventories		64,048		52,495	11,553	22%
Restricted						
Maintenance of Roadways		545,887		661,564	(115,677)	-17%
Debt Service		1,484,491		1,091,768	392,723	36%
DUI Equipment		24,062		6,077	17,985	296%
Committed to						
Capital Improvements		5,995,304		4,800,764	1,194,540	25%
Unassigned		9,611,623		8,004,529	1,607,094	20%
Total Fund Balances	\$ 1	8,040,995	\$	14,921,513	\$ 3,119,482	21%

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

For fiscal year 2023, General Fund actual revenues totaled \$11,966,609 or 4.19% over budget. Actual expenditures for 2023 came in at \$10,315,150, which was \$800,260 lower than projected. No budget amendments were made for the General Fund during fiscal year 2023.

Table 4
General Fund Budgetary Highlights
Year Ended April 30, 2023

Original	&	Final	l
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	0 118 00 1 111011	
General Fund	Budget	Actual
Revenues		
Taxes	\$ 4,765,465	\$ 5,475,040
Intergovernmental	2,602,084	3,179,122
Other	4,118,094	3,312,447
Total Revenue	11,485,643	11,966,609
Expenditures	11,115,410	10,315,150
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over Expenditures	370,233	1,651,459
Other Financing Sources		
Proceeds from Capital Asset Disposal	-	
Change in Fund Balance	\$ 370,233	\$ 1,651,459

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City of Oakbrook Terrace's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of April 30, 2023, was \$36,553,691 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, land improvements, vehicles, machinery and equipment, roads, bridges, and utility infrastructure. Total capital assets decreased by \$309,114 in fiscal year 2023 with a \$48,154 decrease in Governmental Activities and a \$260,960 decrease in Business-Type Activities. The reconciliation below summarizes the changes in Capital Assets which are presented in detail on pages 41 and 42 in the Notes.

Table 5 Capital Assets at Year End Net of Depreciation As of April 30, 2023 and 2022

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type					Total			
				Activities					City			
		2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022
Land	\$	4.499.298	\$	4,498,953	\$	235.000	\$	235,000	\$	4.734.298	\$	4,733,953
Construction in Progress		568,443		150,698		-		-		568,443		150,698
Right of Way Land		4,231,748		4,231,748		-		-		4,231,748		4,231,748
Land Improvements		697,486		770,647		-		-		697,486		770,647
Buildings & Improvements		13,206,877		13,509,152		-		-		13,206,877		13,509,152
Vehicles		455,892		552,140		11,975		19,696		467,867		571,836
Machinery & Equipment		281,071		285,991		-		-		281,071		285,991
Streets, Storm Drainage and Bridges		7,213,480		7,203,120		-		-		7,213,480		7,203,120
Water Distribution System		-		-		5,152,421		5,405,660		5,152,421		5,405,660
Total	\$	31,154,295	\$	31,202,449	\$	5,399,396	\$	5,660,356	\$	36,553,691	\$	36,862,805

Debt Administration

On April 30, 2023, the City had three (3) outstanding General Obligation Debt issues and one (1) Special Service Area Debt issue totaling \$4,420,000, representing a \$550,000 decrease from last year. In fiscal year 2022, the City refunded the 2012A Business District Bond, saving approximately \$70,000 in interest costs. The remaining bond issues include the Business District's General Obligation Debt. The General Obligation Series 2012B, with an outstanding balance of \$750,000, and the refunding of 2012A (General Obligation Bonds 2021), with an outstanding balance of \$1,605,000. The Business District bonds were issued to provide an economic stimulus for the redevelopment of the Oakbrook Terrace Square Shopping Center. Proceeds from the bonds were remitted to the developer for land costs and site improvements, so that the grocery store would provide an anchor for the Shopping Center. The final bond issue is the General Obligation Series 2013 with an outstanding balance of \$1,935,000. These bonds refinanced a portion of the 2008 bonds for the Public Services building to a lower interest rate saving the City approximately \$254,000. The City's rating from Standard and Poor's remains at a rating of AA. The Special Service Area Bonds were issued to provide a connection to the City's potable water supply for several businesses which were served by private wells and has a remaining balance of \$130,000.

The City, under its home-rule authority, does not have a legal debt limit.

For more detailed information, see pages 44 to 47.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

Fiscal year 2023 saw the General Fund continue to build up its reserves, as overall fund balance exceeded \$10 million, eclipsing its previous apex of \$8.4 million in the year prior. Despite all the uncertainty surrounding the last two fiscal years, management is pleased to report that the anticipated negative financial effects of the COVID-19 pandemic did not come to fruition; as the City's primary locally sourced revenue streams, consisting of sales taxes, property taxes, income taxes and Hotel Tax, have thus far remained resilient. Furthermore, based on the overall operating results of fiscal year 2023 and the events that have come to pass thus far in fiscal year 2024, it would appear that the local economy has continued to remain stable and that development in Oakbrook Terrace continues to carry on in a progressive manner, as the City remains committed to developing economic incentives and other measures to attract and retain businesses.

As the City moved forward into the subsequent fiscal year, management continued its practice of conservatively projecting revenues, while looking for ways to reduce expenditures, in order to maintain adequate fund balances and cash reserves. In addition, management continues to monitor the fiscal activities of the State of Illinois, in order to ascertain the impact, if any, of how additional State budget cuts would impact Oakbrook Terrace's share of State revenues. Expenditures in FY 2024, continue to be monitored.

The City's current assessed value has grown by \$118.3 million or 52.5% to \$343,574,533 since 2013, due to economic recovery. The City's lowest assessed value recorded over the last 10 years was \$225,074,325 for the 2014 levy year.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to the City Administrator, 17W275 Butterfield Road, Oakbrook Terrace, IL 60181.



Statement of Net Position April 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,960,389	\$ 1,143,975	\$ 15,104,364
Investments	1,773,863	-	1,773,863
Receivables	, ,		, ,
Local taxes	1,621,525	_	1,621,525
Intergovernmental	1,360,519	32,239	1,392,758
Accounts	_	125,637	125,637
Lease	61,834		61,834
Other	439,684	_	439,684
Internal balances	334,416	(334,416)	-
Inventories	64,048	-	64,048
Prepaid items	315,580	92,511	408,091
Total current assets	19,931,858	1,059,946	20,991,804
		, , ,	
Noncurrent Assets			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation			
Land	4,499,298	235,000	4,734,298
Construction in progress	568,443	, <u>-</u>	568,443
Right of way land	4,231,748	_	4,231,748
Land improvements	697,486	_	697,486
Buildings and improvements	13,206,877	_	13,206,877
Vehicles	455,892	11,975	467,867
Machinery and equipment	281,071	-	281,071
Infrastructure	7-7-		, , , ,
Storm drainage	865,912	_	865,912
Bridges	1,086,894	_	1,086,894
Streets	5,260,674	_	5,260,674
Water distribution system and	2,22,21		2,200,01
improvements	_	5,152,421	5,152,421
Total capital assets, net of		0,102,121	0,102,121
accumulated depreciation	31,154,295	5,399,396	36,553,691
	,,	-,,	,,
Lease receivables	865,776		865,776
Total nocurrent assets	32,020,071	5,399,396	37,419,467
Total assets	51,951,929	6,459,342	58,411,271
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Unamortized loss on refunding	154,639	-	154,639
Pensions	3,739,843	296,940	4,036,783
Total deferred outflows of recourses	2 904 492	206.040	4 101 422
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,894,482	296,940	4,191,422

Statement of Net Position April 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 424,636	\$ 37,583	\$ 462,219
Accrued payroll	88,978	4,776	93,754
Refundable deposits	-	36,023	36,023
Unearned revenue - other	215,431	_	215,431
Accrued interest	32,859	_	32,859
Compensated absences payable - current portion	109,720	15,301	125,021
Special service area bonds - current portion	40,000	· -	40,000
General obligation bonds payable - current portion	520,000	_	520,000
Total OPEB liability - current portion	16,676	1,112	17,788
Total current liabilities	1,448,300	94,795	1,543,095
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Compensated absences payable	233,156	32,515	265,671
Total OPEB liability	705,907	47,060	752,967
Net pension liabilities	13,455,003	310,816	13,765,819
Special service area bonds	90,000		90,000
General obligation bonds payable	3,961,227	_	3,961,227
Total noncurrent liabilities	18,445,293	390,391	18,835,684
Total liabilities	19,893,593	485,186	20,378,779
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property taxes	1,124,657	-	1,124,657
Pensions	606,768	12,537	619,305
Lease	902,937		902,937
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,634,362	12,537	2,646,899
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	29,323,801	5,399,396	34,723,197
Restricted			
Maintenance of roadways	545,887	-	545,887
Debt service	1,451,632	-	1,451,632
DUI equipment	24,062	-	24,062
Unrestricted (deficit)	1,973,074	859,163	2,832,237
Total net position	\$ 33,318,456	\$ 6,258,559	\$ 39,577,015

Statement of Activities Year Ended April 30, 2023

			Program Revenues					
					Operating		Capital	
		_		Charges for		Grants and		Grants and
Functions/Programs		Expenses Services		Services	Contributions		Contributions	
Governmental Activities								
General government	\$	3,060,263	\$	860,632	\$	-	\$	-
Culture and recreation		133,835		-		-		-
Public safety		6,711,444		2,340,720		144,519		-
Public services		1,330,549		4,004		-		361,379
Interest expense		210,616		-		-		-
Total governmental activities		11,446,707		3,205,356		144,519		361,379
Business-Type Activities								
Water Fund		1,343,277		818,712				-
	\$	12,789,984	\$	4,024,068	\$	144,519	\$	361,379

General Revenues

Taxes

Property

Hotel/motel

Utility

Entertainment

Food and beverage

Intergovernmental (unrestricted)

Sales and use

Income

Road and bridge

State replacement

Miscellaneous

Investment income

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position, May 1

Net Position, April 30

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total		
\$	(2,199,631)	\$	-	\$	(2,199,631)	
	(133,835)		-		(133,835)	
	(4,226,205)		-		(4,226,205)	
	(965,166)		-		(965,166)	
	(210,616)		_		(210,616)	
	(7,735,453)		-		(7,735,453)	
			(221 222)		(
			(524,565)		(524,565)	
	(7,735,453)		(524,565)		(8,260,018)	
			•			
	1,114,948		-		1,114,948	
	1,573,010		-		1,573,010	
	283,863		386,403		670,266	
	1,218,482		-		1,218,482	
	1,097,661		-		1,097,661	
	5,481,643		-		5,481,643	
	428,734		-		428,734	
	4,437		-		4,437	
	11,002		-		11,002	
	301,552		299		301,851	
	57,752		4,892		62,644	
	(200,000)		200,000		_	
	11,373,084		591,594		11,964,678	
	2 627 621		67.020		2 704 660	
	3,637,631		67,029		3,704,660	
	29,680,825		6,191,530		35,872,355	
\$	33,318,456	\$	6,258,559	\$	39,577,015	

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds April 30, 2023

Assets		General Fund		012/2021 efunding Bond Fund	lmį	Capital provements Fund		lonmajor vernmental Funds		Total
A00010										
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	7,520,271 1,406,049	\$	1,195,325	\$	4,648,238 367,814	\$	596,555 -	\$	13,960,389 1,773,863
Receivables		1 110 010		124245				4.5.0.5.5		1 521 525
Local taxes		1,448,312		126,247				46,966		1,621,525
Intergovernmental Other taxes and fees		808,036		-		542,709		9,774		1,360,519
Lease		439,684		-		-		-		439,684
Due from other funds		927,610		190.754		- 551 770		-		927,610
		128,204		189,754		551,772		-		869,730
Inventories		64,048		-		-		-		64,048
Advances to other funds		259,043		-		-		-		259,043
Prepaid items		315,152				428				315,580
Total assets	\$	13,316,409	\$	1,511,326	\$	6,110,961	\$	653,295	\$	21,591,991
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	309,699	\$	26,835	\$	75,896	\$	12,206	\$	424,636
Accrued payroll	Ψ	88,978	Ψ	20,033	Ψ	75,676	Ψ	12,200	Ψ	88,978
Unearned revenue - other		215,431		_		_		_		215,431
Due to other funds		702,193		_		39,333		52,831		794,357
		,						,	_	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Total liabilities		1,316,301		26,835		115,229		65,037		1,523,402
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable property taxes		1,077,691		_		_		46,966		1,124,657
Lease		902,937		_		_		-		902,937
		7			-					
Total deferred inflows										
of resources		1,980,628		-				46,966		2,027,594
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable										
Prepaid items		315,152		-		428		-		315,580
Inventories		64,048		-		-		-		64,048
Restricted for								5.45.00 5		5 4 5 0 0 5
Maintenance of roadways		-		-		-		545,887		545,887
Debt service		24.062		1,484,491		-		-		1,484,491
DUI equipment		24,062		-		-		-		24,062
Committed to										
Capital improvements		-		-		5,995,304		-		5,995,304
Unassigned (deficit)		9,616,218		-				(4,595)		9,611,623
Total fund balances		10,019,480		1,484,491		5,995,732		541,292		18,040,995
70 - 11: 12:22										
Total liabilities, deferred										
inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	13,316,409	\$	1,511,326	\$	6,110,961	\$	653,295	\$	21,591,991
runa darances	D	13,310,409		1,311,320	Э	0,110,901		033,293	<u> </u>	41,371,971

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position April 30, 2023

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 18,040,995
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	31,154,295
Deferred outflows of resources, pension related, are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	3,739,843
Deferred inflows of resources, pension related, are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(606,768)
Interest on general obligation bonds is reported when paid by the funds, but accrued in the statement of net position.	(32,859)
Unamortized loss on refunding on long-term debt is reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the statement of net position.	154,639
Some liabilities reported in the statement of net position do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds. These activities consist of	
Total OPEB liability	(722,583)
Compensated absences payable	(342,876)
Special Service Area Bonds payable	(130,000)
General Obligation Bonds payable	(4,481,227)
Net pension liabilities	 (13,455,003)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 33,318,456

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended April 30, 2023

	General Fund	2012/2021 Refunding Bond Fund	Capital Improvements Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Revenues					
Local taxes	\$ 5,475,040	\$ 268,433	\$ 2,167,872	\$ 48,885	\$ 7,960,230
Intergovernmental	3,179,122	451,840	-	127,379	3,758,341
Licenses and permits	640,568	-	-	-	640,568
Charges for services	27,893	-	-	-	27,893
Fines and forfeits	2,334,982	-	-	-	2,334,982
Investment income	38,480	7,933	11,334	5	57,752
Miscellaneous	270,524	-	234,048	-	504,572
Total revenues	11,966,609	728,206	2,413,254	176,269	15,284,338
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	2,971,011	-	-	-	2,971,011
Public safety	6,570,685	-	19,403	-	6,590,088
Public services	639,619	-	-	243,056	882,675
Tourism	133,835	-	-	-	133,835
Capital outlay	-	-	618,686	-	618,686
Debt service					
Principal	-	225,000	285,000	40,000	550,000
Interest	-	109,655	95,625	11,650	216,930
Fees		828		803	1,631
Total expenditures	10,315,150	335,483	1,018,714	295,509	11,964,856
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	1,651,459	392,723	1,394,540	(119,240)	3,319,482
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers out			(200,000)		(200,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,651,459	392,723	1,194,540	(119,240)	3,119,482
Fund Balances	9 249 021	1 001 769	4 901 102	660.522	14 021 512
May 1	8,368,021	1,091,768	4,801,192	660,532	14,921,513
April 30	\$ 10,019,480	\$ 1,484,491	\$ 5,995,732	\$ 541,292	\$ 18,040,995

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended April 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 3,119,482
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded	
capital outlays and disposals in the current period (\$728,901 current additions less \$777,055 depreciation).	(48,154)
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	550,000
Discount and other items from bond issuances are reported currently in the fund statements but amortized over the bond lives in the statement of activities.	2,057
Some transactions reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of	
Increase in net pension liabilities	(3,851,490)
Increase in deferred outflows for pensions	2,578,421
Decrease in deferred inflows for pensions	1,327,055
Increase in total OPEB liability	(81,008)
Decrease in accrued interest	5,888
Decrease in compensated absences	 35,380
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 3,637,631

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2023

	а	Original and Final Budget	Actual	riance With nal Budget Over (Under)
Revenues				
Local taxes	\$	4,765,465	\$ 5,475,040	\$ 709,575
Intergovernmental		2,602,084	3,179,122	577,038
Licenses and permits		651,860	640,568	(11,292)
Charges for services		34,500	27,893	(6,607)
Fines and forfeits		3,059,500	2,334,982	(724,518)
Investment income		21,000	38,480	17,480
Miscellaneous		351,234	270,524	(80,710)
Total revenues		11,485,643	11,966,609	480,966
Expenditures				
General government				
Executive management		1,248,353	1,431,589	183,236
Economic development		242,000	198,835	(43,165)
Building and zoning		1,002,296	510,314	(491,982)
Finance department		740,911	830,273	89,362
Public safety				
Police department		5,681,783	5,558,667	(123,116)
Red light camera		1,392,371	998,960	(393,411)
Police commission		26,991	13,058	(13,933)
Public services		638,713	639,619	906
Tourism		141,992	133,835	(8,157)
Total expenditures		11,115,410	10,315,150	(800,260)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	370,233	1,651,459	\$ 1,281,226
Fund Balance				
May 1			 8,368,021	
April 30			\$ 10,019,480	

Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position April 30, 2023

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Water billing Taxes and fees Prepaid items Total current assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total assets Total assets Copital assets Total assets	
Water billing 125, Taxes and fees 32, Prepaid items 92, Total current assets 1,394, Noncurrent Assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 5,399, Total assets 6,793,) 75
Taxes and fees 32, Prepaid items 92, Total current assets 1,394, Noncurrent Assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 5,399, Total assets 6,793,	
Prepaid items 92, Total current assets 1,394, Noncurrent Assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 5,399, Total assets 6,793,	537
Total current assets Noncurrent Assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total assets Total assets 6,793,	239
Noncurrent Assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 5,399, Total assets 6,793,	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 5,399, Total assets 6,793,	362
accumulated depreciation 5,399, Total assets 6,793,	
Total assets 6,793,	
	396
Deferred Outflows of Resources	758
IMRF pension 296,) 40
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable 37,	583
Accrued payroll 4,	776
Compensated absences payable - current portion 15,	301
Deposits 36,)23
Due to other funds 75,	373
	112
Total current liabilities 170,	168
Long-Term Liabilities	
Compensated absences payable 32,	515
Net pension liability 310,	
Total OPEB liability 47,	
Advances from other funds 259,	
Total long-term liabilities 649,	134
Total liabilities 819,	502
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
IMRF pension 12,	537
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets 5,399,	396
Unrestricted 859,	163
Total net position \$ 6,258,	559

Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Year Ended April 30, 2023

Operating Revenues	
Charges for services	
User charges	\$ 802,630
Water meter sales	270
Penalties/fines	15,812
Total operating revenues	 818,712
Operating Expenses Excluding Depreciation	 1,081,562
Operating Loss Before Depreciation	(262,850)
Depreciation Expense	 260,960
Operating Loss	 (523,810)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	
Electric utility tax	386,403
Investment income	4,892
Miscellaneous	299
Interest expense	 (755)
Total nonoperating revenues	 390,839
Loss Before Transfers	(132,971)
Transfers in	 200,000
Change in Net Position	67,029
Net Position, May 1	6,191,530
Net Position, April 30	\$ 6,258,559

Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended April 30, 2023

Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Cash received from residents for services	\$	803,520
Cash received from miscellaneous revenue		299
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(678,600)
Payments to employees for services		(350,364)
Net cash used in operating activities	_	(225,145)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities		
Other receipts - electric utility tax		386,287
Interfund transfers		200,000
Interfund borrowings, net		(24,623)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	<u> </u>	561,664
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Interest paid		(755)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Interest received		4,892
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		340,656
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
May 1		803,319
April 30	\$	1,143,975
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash		
Used in Operating Activities		
Operating loss	\$	(523,810)
Items not requiring (providing) cash		
Depreciation		260,960
Miscellaneous revenue		299
Deferred outflows		(288,357)
Deferred inflows		(218,123)
Net pension liability/asset		535,923
OPEB liability		5,400
Changes in		
Receivables		(15,192)
Prepaid items		2,171
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		14,834
Deposits		750
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(225,145)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position April 30, 2023

	Pension Trust Fund
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 407,417
Investments, at fair value	
pooled investment accounts	19,072,172
Receivables	2 200
Other	3,380
Total assets	19,482,969
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	6,260
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	\$ 19,476,709

Pension Trust Fund Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended April 30, 2023

Additions	
Contributions	
Employer	\$ 1,557,730
Participants	184,437
Total contributions	1,742,167
Investment earnings	
Increase in fair value of investments	336,990
Less investment expense	(45,067)
Net investment earnings	291,923
Total additions	2,034,090
Deductions	
Administration	46,790
Benefit payments	1,369,466
Total deductions	1,416,256
Change in Net Position	617,834
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	
May 1	18,858,875
April 30	\$ 19,476,709

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois (City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The City is a home rule community governed by the seven-member City Council consisting of six Aldermen and the Mayor. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operation, and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The blended component unit has an April 30 year end.

Fiduciary Component Unit

The City's police employees participate in the Police Pension Employees Retirement System (PPERS or Police Pension Fund). PPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members appointed by the City's Mayor, one elected pension beneficiary and two elected police employees constitute the pension board. The City and PPERS participants are obligated to fund all PPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the City is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. The PPERS, a fiduciary component unit, is included as a pension trust fund and also issues a stand-alone financial report, which may be obtained from the Treasurer at 17W275 Butterfield Rd., Oakbrook Terrace, IL 60181.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (*i.e.*, the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report the overall financial activities of the City. The effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of net position presents the City's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities with the differences reported in three categories:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Net Investment in Capital Assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors and the like, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position consists of net position that does not meet the criteria of the two preceding categories.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from, goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and standard revenues that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in fund financial statements.

The City administers the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

This is the City's primary fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The services which are administered by the City and accounted for in the General Fund include general government, public safety, public services and tourism.

2012/2021 Refunding Bond Fund

This debt service fund accounts for the servicing of debt related to the Business District redevelopment project, including the 2021 refunding.

Capital Improvements Fund

This capital projects fund accounts for resources, including the City's Home Rule Sales taxes, which provides infrastructure construction and other capital improvements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

The City administers the following major proprietary fund:

Water Fund

This enterprise fund accounts for the provision of water to certain residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service and billing and collections.

Additionally, the City administers one fiduciary fund, a pension trust fund for assets held by the City in a fiduciary capacity to pay retirement benefits to sworn public safety employees. Activity in this fund is excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and pension trust fund financial statements. Revenues and additions are recorded when earned and expenses and deductions are recorded when a liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied (*i.e.*, intended to finance). Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, charges for services and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and are recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports other unearned revenue on its financial statements. Unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them, as when fees and licenses are received prior to the fee and license period. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. All unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Cash and Investments

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is based on quoted market prices, except for the Police Pension Fund's pooled investment in Illinois Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund, which is carried at the net asset value per share (or its equivalent).

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (*i.e.*, the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (*i.e.*, the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

Prepaid Items and Inventories

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report are recorded as prepaid items/expenses, consistent with the consumption method of accounting. Inventories of supplies are valued at cost and inventories held for resale are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (*e.g.*, roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$25,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred. Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Governmental activities

Buildings and improvements	50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Vehicles, machinery and equipment	10 years
Infrastructure	50 years

Business-type activities

Water distribution system and improvements	10 - 40 years
Building improvements	10 years
Equipment and vehicles	3 - 10 years

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Other noncurrent liabilities are reported in the statement of net position. The General Fund is typically used to liquidate these liabilities.

Vested or accumulated vacation benefits of proprietary funds are recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund-type financial statements. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as deferred amount on refunding, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium, discount or deferred amount on refunding. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The City reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources on its statement of net position, governmental funds balance sheet and proprietary fund statement of net position. Deferred inflows of resources arise when resources are acquired by the City that represent an acquisition of net assets that is applicable to a future reporting period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. In subsequent periods, when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the deferred inflows are removed from the statement of net position, governmental funds balance sheet and the proprietary fund statement of net position and a revenue is recognized. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category in the government-wide statements; deferred inflows related to property taxes levied for future periods, deferred inflows related to pensions which represents pension items that will be recognized as reductions in pension expense in future periods and deferred inflows related to its lease. In the governmental funds balance sheet, both unavailable revenues and deferred inflows related to its lease are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that is applicable to a future reporting period which will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/reduction of liability) until that time. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category; the deferred outflows related to pensions, which represents pension items that will be recognized either as pension expense or a reduction in net pension liability in future periods, and amounts deferred for debt refunding that will be amortized to interest expense in future periods.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's Police Pension Fund, IMRF and SLEP pension plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefits

The City offers retiree healthcare benefits to retirees. For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB plan. For this purpose,

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Fund Balances

The City has implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The Statement specifies five classifications of fund balance that describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- (1) Nonspendable amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- (2) Restricted amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders and higher levels of government) or imposed through constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation.
- (3) Committed amounts constrained to specific purposes by formal action of the Council (the highest level of decision-making authority). These actions are generally enacted through Council ordinance. To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- (4) Assigned amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted or committed.
- (5) Unassigned amounts that are available for any purpose. These amounts are only reported in the General Fund. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those purposes.

Fund balance is displayed in the order of the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used.

The City's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending, the City considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned and unassigned funds.

The City will maintain a General Fund unassigned balance equal to at least 40% of estimated yearly revenues. The Council shall determine the disposition of fund balance in excess of this amount.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Change in Accounting Principles

The City adopted the provisions of GASB Statements No. 87, *Leases*, for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The adoption had no impact on beginning net position/fund balance.

Note 2: Legal Compliance and Accountability

Budgets

All departments of the City submit requests for appropriation to the City Administrator so that a budget may be prepared. The budget is prepared by fund, function and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year.

The proposed budget is presented to the governing body for review. The governing body holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget.

The budget may be amended by the governing body. In addition, the City Administrator may make line item transfers under \$10,000 within a department and/or between departments within the same fund. Budget transfers that are greater than \$10,000 require the approval of the City Council.

Excess of Expenditures Over Budget

The following funds had an excess of actual expenditures/expenses over approved budget for the year ended April 30, 2023:

General Fund - by department	
General government	
Executive management	\$ 183,236
Finance department	89,362
Public services	906
Debt Service Fund - SSA II	
Debt service	5,150

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Water Fund - by line item	
Public services	
Risk management and workers' compensation contribution	\$ 137
Top of the range award	1,185
Utilities	3,068
Legal expense	11,183
Full and part-time	15,955
Health and life insurance/dental insurance	5,653
Unemployment insurance	47
Payroll taxes	541
IMRF	26,629
Dues and meetings	134
Supplies	1,149
Communications	2,138
Water purchase	22,184
Credit card fees	1,861
Depreciation expense	31,815

Note 3: Deficit Fund Balance

The Debt Service Fund – SSA II had a deficit in fund balance as of April 30, 2023, of \$4,595.

Note 4: Deposits and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds except the pension trust fund. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the statement of net position as deposits. In addition, investments are separately held by several of the City's funds. The deposits and investments of the Pension Trust Fund are held separately from those of other funds.

Related disclosures pertaining to the Pension Trust Fund can be found in Note 15.

Permitted Deposits and Investments

Statutes authorize the City to make deposits/invest in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreements to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, the Illinois Funds Money Market Fund and the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund. Pension funds may also invest in certain non-U.S. obligations of the State of Illinois and its political subdivisions, Illinois insurance company general and separate accounts, and certain equities, subject to limitations.

Cash on hand of \$727 has been excluded from the amounts shown below.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Deposits

At April 30, 2023, the carrying value of the City's deposits totaled \$15,103,637 and the bank balances totaled \$15,042,706.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's investment policy requires that all funds on deposit in excess of FDIC insured amounts be collateralized by not less than 110% of the net amount of funds secured. As of April 30, 2023, the City was properly collateralized in accordance with its policy.

Investments

As of April 30, 2023, the City's investments were as follows:

		Investm	nent	Maturities (i	n Ye	ears)
	Fair	Less				
	 Value	Than 1		1 to 5		6 to 10
Certificates of deposit	\$ 1,259,894	\$ 442,955	\$	816,939	\$	-
U.S. Treasury notes	144,737	54,573		90,164		-
U.S. government agency securities						
Federal Home Loan Bank	153,546	19,896		133,650		-
Federal Farm Credit Bank	94,434	24,408		70,026		-
Federal Home Loan Mortgage						
Corporation	46,111	-		46,111		-
Tennessee Valley Authority	 9,609	 		9,609		
	1,708,331	\$ 541,832	\$	1,166,499	\$	
Investments not sensitive to interest rate risk -						
Money market mutual funds	 65,532					
	\$ 1,773,863					

Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy requires the investment portfolio to be structured so the securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity. Investments of operating funds should primarily be in shorter-term securities, money market funds or similar investment pools.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Credit Risk

The City limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity, by limiting investments to the safest type of securities, pre-qualifying the financial institutions the City does business with, and by diversifying the portfolio to minimize potential losses. As of April 30, 2023, the City investments were rated as follows:

Investment Type	Standard and Poor's
Money Market Mutual Funds	AAA
Tennessee Valley Authority	AA+
Federal Home Loan Bank	AA+
Federal Farm Credit Bank	AA+
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	AA+

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The City does not have investments in excess of 5% invested in any one issuer.

Investment Valuation

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- **Level 1** Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for an identical asset or liability that a government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
- **Level 3** Unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities recognized in the accompanying statement of net position measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at April 30, 2023:

Investment Type	in Mai Id	ted Prices Active rkets for lentical Assets Level 1)	Ol	ignificant Other oservable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		
Brokered certificates of deposit U.S. Treasury notes Government agencies Money market mutual funds	\$	- - - 65,532	\$	1,259,894 144,737 303,700	\$	- - -	
·	\$	65,532	\$	1,708,331	\$	_	

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies and inputs used for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying statement of net position, as well as the general classification of such assets and liabilities pursuant to the valuation hierarchy. There have been no significant changes in the valuation techniques during the year ended April 30, 2023.

Investments

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections and cash flows. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy.

Note 5: Receivables - Taxes

Property taxes for 2022 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2022, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and are payable in two installments on or about June 1, 2023 and September 1, 2023. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically. The allowance for uncollectible taxes has been stated at 1% of the tax levy to reflect actual collection experience. As the 2022 tax levy is used to fund operations of the 2023-2024 fiscal year, the revenue has been deferred at April 30, 2023, and reported as a deferred inflow of resources in both the governmental funds balance sheet and statement of net position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Note 6: Lease Receivables

The City, as lessor, leases a portion of the land on which the City's public services facility is located to a third party for the erection and maintenance of a highway advertising sign through 2033. The City initially measured the lease receivable at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Payment increases are based on the rent schedule enumerated in the lease agreement.

Revenue recognized under the lease contract during the year ended April 30, 2023, was \$98,000 which includes both lease revenue and interest.

Note 7: Capital Assets

Governmental Activities

A summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities of the City is as follows:

		Balances May 1		dditions/ ransfers	Delet Trans	ions/ sfers	Balances April 30		
Capital assets not being depreciated									
Land	\$	4,498,953	\$	345	\$	-	\$	4,499,298	
Construction in progress		150,698		417,745		-		568,443	
Right of way land		4,231,748		_				4,231,748	
		8,881,399		418,090		-		9,299,489	
Capital assets being depreciated									
Land improvements		1,506,299		-		-		1,506,299	
Buildings and improvements		16,670,476		27,641		-		16,698,117	
Vehicles		1,110,919		-		-		1,110,919	
Machinery and equipment		941,571		47,780		-		989,351	
Infrastructure									
Storm drainage		1,975,756		235,390		-		2,211,146	
Bridges		1,847,296		-		-		1,847,296	
Streets		7,354,218		-		-		7,354,218	
		31,406,535		310,811		-		31,717,346	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

		Balances May 1		dditions/ ransfers	Deletion Trans			Balances April 30
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Land improvements	\$	735,652	\$	73,161	\$	-	\$	808,813
Buildings and improvements		3,161,324		329,916		-		3,491,240
Vehicles		558,779		96,248		-		655,027
Machinery and equipment		655,580		52,700		-		708,280
Infrastructure								
Storm drainage		1,303,365		41,869		-		1,345,234
Bridges		723,456		36,946		-		760,402
Streets		1,947,329		146,215				2,093,544
		9,085,485		777,055		-		9,862,540
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	,	22,321,050		(466,244)		_		21,854,806
Governmental activities capital								
assets, net	\$	31,202,449	\$	(48,154)	\$	-	\$	31,154,295
Depreciation was charged to the gove	ernn	nental funct	ions	of the City	as follow	vs:		
General government						\$;	43,196
Public safety								261,554
Public services								472,305
						\$	1	777,055

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Business-Type Activities

A summary of changes in capital assets for business-type activities of the City is as follows:

	Balances May 1	Additions/ Transfers	Deletions/ Transfers	Balances April 30
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 235,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 235,000
Capital assets being depreciated Water distribution system and				
improvements	10,167,891	-	-	10,167,891
Building improvements	8,647	-	-	8,647
Machinery and equipment	110,179	-	10,778	99,401
Vehicles	191,906			191,906
	10,478,623	_	10,778	10,467,845
Less accumulated depreciation for Water distribution system and improvements Building improvements Machinery and equipment Vehicles	4,762,231 8,647 110,179 172,210 5,053,267	253,239 - - - 7,721 260,960	10,778 - 10,778	5,015,470 8,647 99,401 179,931 5,303,449
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	5,425,356	(260,960)		5,164,396
Business-type activities capital				
assets, net	\$ 5,660,356	\$ (260,960)	\$ -	\$ 5,399,396
Depreciation was charged to the bus	siness-type funct	ion of the City a	as follows:	
Water				\$ 260,960

Note 8: Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health and net income losses. To insure against the various risks, the City purchases commercial third-party insurance. The City has not had any settlements that exceeded insurance coverage for the past four years.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Note 9: Long-Term Debt

General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Governmental Activities

Issue	Fund Debt Retired By	Balances May 1	Increases	Decreases	Balances April 30	Due Within One Year
\$1,100,000 Series 2012B General Obligation Bonds (Taxable Business District), first principal installment of \$10,000 due on December 15, 2015. Subsequent annual principal installments of \$35,000 to \$100,000 through December 15, 2030; interest at 2.00% to 3.40%.	2012 Bond Fund	\$ 825,000	\$ -	\$ 75,000	\$ 750,000	\$ 75,000
\$3,695,000 Series 2013 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, first principal installment of \$85,000 due on December 15, 2013. Subsequent annual principal installments of \$35,000 to \$375,000 beginning December 15, 2013 through December 15, 2028; interest at 2% to 3%.	Capital Improvements Fund	2,220,000	_	285,000	1,935,000	295,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Issue	Fund Debt Retired By	E	Balances May 1	Increases Decreases				Balances April 30	Due Within One Year		
\$1,900,000 Series 2021 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, first principal installment of \$145,000 due on December 15, 2021. Subsequent annual principal installments of \$150,000 to \$225,000 beginning December 15, 2022 through December 15, 2030; interest at 1.25% to	2012										
4.00%.	Bond Fund	\$	1,755,000	\$	_	\$	150,000	\$ 1,605,000	\$	150,000	
Plus bond premium Less bond discount			4,800,000 231,724 (11,150)		- - -		510,000 30,739 (1,392)	4,290,000 200,985 (9,758)		520,000	
		\$	5,020,574	\$	_	\$	539,347	\$ 4,481,227	\$	520,000	

Special Service Area Bonds

Special service area bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Governmental Activities

Issue	Fund Debt Retired By	 alances May 1	Increase	s	De	creases	_	alances April 30	 e Within ne Year
\$600,000 Series 2006									
Special Service Area									
Number 2 Bonds, due									
in annual scheduled									
principal installments									
of \$25,000 to \$45,000									
beginning December 15,									
2006 through									
December 15, 2025;	Debt								
interest at 3.50%	Service -								
to 5.00%.	SSA II Fund	\$ 170,000	\$	-	\$	40,000	\$	130,000	\$ 40,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Changes in Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of the long-term obligation activities of the City for the year ended April 30, 2023:

Governmental Activities

	 Balances May 1	Increases		Decreases		Balances April 30		Due in ne Year
General obligation bonds	\$ 4,800,000	\$	_	\$	510,000	\$	4,290,000	\$ 520,000
Premiums and discounts	220,574		-		29,347		191,227	-
Special service area bonds	170,000		-		40,000		130,000	40,000
Total OPEB liability*	641,575		149,118		68,110		722,583	16,676
Net pension liability/(asset) - IMRF Regular**	(1,099,052)		3,287,745		671,182		1,517,511	-
Net pension liability/(asset) - IMRF SLEP**	(747)		51,726		21,017		29,962	-
Net pension liability - Police Pension*	10,703,312		4,610,219		3,406,001		11,907,530	-
Compensated absences*	378,256		278,334		313,714		342,876	109,720
-								
	\$ 15,813,918	\$	8,377,142	\$	5,059,371	\$	19,131,689	\$ 686,396

Business-Type Activities

	 Balances May 1	In	creases	De	ecreases	alances April 30	_	Due in ne Year
Compensated absences Total OPEB liability Net pension liability/(asset) - IMRF Regular**	\$ 35,957 42,772 (225,107)	\$	34,019 9,941 673,395	\$	22,160 4,541 137,472	\$ 47,816 48,172 310,816	\$	15,301 1,112
	\$ (146,378)	\$	717,355	\$	164,173	\$ 406,804	\$	16,413

^{*}The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate the postemployment healthcare benefits, net pension liabilities and compensated absences liabilities.

^{**}Balances in 2022 were presented as net pension asset.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Governmental Activities

Fiscal	G	General Obligation Bonds				Special Service Area Bonds			
Year	P	Principal		Interest		rincipal	Interest		
2024	\$	520,000	\$	135,620	\$	40,000	\$	6,500	
2025	·	565,000	·	118,520		45,000	·	4,500	
2026		600,000		99,770		45,000		2,250	
2027		625,000		79,870		-		-	
2028		660,000		58,920		-		=	
2029-2031		1,320,000		54,622		-		_	
	\$	4,290,000	\$	547,322	\$	130,000	\$	13,250	

Legal Debt Margin

Effective December 18, 2002, the City is a home rule municipality. To date, the General Assembly has set no debt limits for home rule municipalities.

Note 10: Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description

The City provides other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan, which is administered by the City, allows employees who retire and meet retirement eligibility requirements under the applicable retirement plan to continue medical insurance coverage as a participant in the City's plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and any employer contributions are governed by the City and can be amended by the City through its personnel manual and union contracts. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as no assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The plan does not issue a separate report.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Eligibility

Police

Tier 1 Hired before January 1, 2011, 100% coverage at age 54 and 20 years of service Tier 2 Hired after January 1, 2011, 100% coverage at age 56 and 10 years of service

Other IMRF - Covered Employees and Elected Officials

Tier 1 Hired before January 1, 2011, 100% coverage at age 55 and 8 years of credited service Tier 2 Hired after January 1, 2011, 100% coverage at age 62 and 10 years of credited service

Benefits

A retired employee and his or her spouse are eligible to continue health insurance identical to active employees if they meet the eligibility for retirements under the applicable plan. The retiree is responsible for paying the entire monthly premium for health coverage and that of any covered spouse or eligible dependents. Sworn police employees that suffer a catastrophic injury or are killed in the line of duty may receive 100% City paid lifetime coverage for the employee, their spouse and each dependent child under the *Public Safety Employee Benefits Act*.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At April 30, 2023, the following City employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees	33
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	2
Total	35

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$770,755 was measured as of April 30, 2023, as determined by valuation procedures as of May 1, 2022, rolled forward to April 30, 2023.

The City has elected to use the alternative measurement method to measure its total OPEB liability as provided for under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75 for employers with fewer than 100 employees (active and inactive) being provided benefits as of the beginning of the measurement period.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Balance at May 1, 2022	\$	684,347
Changes for the year		
Service cost including administrative expenses		9,366
Interest on the total OPEB liabilities		25,075
Differences between expected and actual experience		(54,863)
Assumption changes		124,618
Benefit payments		(17,788)
Net changes		86,408
	<u></u>	
Balance at April 30, 2023	\$	770,755

Changes in assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.98% in 2022 to 4.14% in 2023.

OPEB Expense

For the year ended April 30, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$107,296.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Valuation Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the May 1, 2022 valuation was determined using the following assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Measurement date April 30, 2023

Measurement Alternative measurement method, for plans with fewer than 100 covered

method members

Cost method Entry age

Funding method Entry age cost method (level % of pay)

Discount rate 3.98% used as of April 30, 2022

4.14% as of April 30, 2023

The discount rate was based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High

Grade Rate Index as published by S&P Dow Jones Indices at

April 30, 2023

Retirement rates 100% at normal retirement eligibility

Inflation 3.0%

Salary increase 2.5% per annum

Marital status 100% assumed married with male spouses 3 years older than female

spouses

Health care participation

20% participation assumed, with 50% electing spouse coverage

Mortality PubG-2010 Mortality Table projected to the valuation date using

MP-2019.

Healthcare cost trend rates

Starting at 7.25% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% for 2075 and after

Termination rates Age 20 - 29.60%; age 30 - 59.30%; age 40 - 84.10%; age 50 - 100.00%

Disability rates None assumed

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trend rates.

The table below presents the total OPEB liability of the City calculated using the discount rate of 4.14% (3.98% in the prior year) as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.14%) or 1 percentage point higher (5.14%) the current rate:

		C	Current			
	 1% Decrease (3.14%)		Discount Rate (4.14%)		1% Increase (5.14%)	
City's total OPEB liability	\$ 867,185	\$	770,755	\$	688,091	

The table below illustrates the sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates assumption for a 1% decrease and a 1% increase in the rates.

			Current Healthcare Cost Trend					
	1% Decrease 3.00% - 6.25%		4.00	Rates)% - 7.25%	1% Increase 5.00% - 8.25%			
City's total OPEB liability	\$	684,987	\$	770,755	\$	869,993		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Note 11: Other Individual Fund Disclosures

Due From/to Other Funds

Interfund receivable and payable balances as of April 30, 2023, were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Mount
General Fund	Water Fund	\$ 75,373
General Fund	Debt Service Fund - SSA II	44,197
General Fund	Motor Fuel Tax Fund	8,634
Total General Fund		 128,204
2012/2021 Refunding Bond Fund	General Fund	150,421
2012/2021 Refunding Bond Fund	Capital Improvements Fund	 39,333
Total 2012/2021 Refunding Bond Fund		 189,754
Capital Improvements Fund	General Fund	 551,772
		\$ 869,730

The interfund balance between the General Fund and other funds arose from normal operations and are routinely settled with cash payments.

Advances From/to Other Funds

Advances as of April 30, 2023, were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount		
General Fund	Water Fund	\$ 259,043		

The General Fund issued a cash advance to the Water Fund to be repaid within ten years. This advance is to assist the funding of the repayment related to a water billing settlement payment in April of 2019. The balance as of April 30, 2023, is \$259,043 and will be paid off on April 30, 2029.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Transfers

Transfers between funds during the year ended April 30, 2023, were as follows:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount		
	W. F. 1	Φ	200.000	
Capital Improvements Fund	Water Fund	\$	200,000	

The transfer above was made to support the Water Fund operations for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023.

Note 12: Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

Litigation

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City's attorney that the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Sales Tax Incentives

The City has entered into economic incentive agreements with a retailer and developers.

On July 29, 2002, the City Council approved an ordinance to enter into an agreement with a developer whereby the City agrees to reimburse the developer for redevelopment costs in the amount of \$2,500,000 plus interest at a fixed rate of 8% per annum. The agreement was to expire either on April 30, 2023, or when total payments to the developer aggregate \$4,500,000. However, the payable due to the developer is limited by actual sales tax revenues. Payments shall be applied first to interest then to principal. The City's obligation to reimburse the developer is payable only from municipal sales tax revenues and will be paid quarterly. During the first 12 years of the agreement, the City is entitled on an annual basis to the first \$125,000 of municipal sales tax revenue collected. The developer shall be entitled to the next \$125,000. A provision in the agreement for 2004 was not met by the developer. After 10 years, as the provision was not met, the City is released from paying the developer the next \$125,000 allocation. Therefore, after the City receives \$125,000, any remaining municipal sales tax revenues shall be divided equally for the remainder of that year but due in subsequent years. All payments of municipal sales tax revenues have been recorded as expenditures in the General Fund. Through the year ended April 30, 2023, the City has expended \$3,144,389 under this agreement, including \$185,104 in the current year.

In July of 2008, the City approved a Business District Redevelopment Area (the Business District) pursuant to State Statutes and a companion agreement with a developer for the redevelopment of the Oakbrook Square Mall into the Oakbrook Terrace Square Shopping Center located at the southwest corner of Roosevelt and Summit. A Business District allows local governments to revitalize economically sluggish commercial areas. The Business District included the levying of a

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

new 1% Business District Retailers' Occupation Tax (BDROT) on all tangible property sold only within the Business District and a Business District Service Occupation Tax (BDSOT) on sales of service within the business district that, incident to those sales of service, transfer personal property within the Business District. This new tax does not impact any other areas within the City.

State of Illinois law allows the Business District to exist for a period of 23 years. The City issued 2010 and 2012 General Obligations Bonds which were payable from the proceeds from home rule sales tax, Business District sales tax and local use taxes (see Note 9). In fiscal year 2020, the City paid off the 2010 Business District bonds and saved the City approximately \$1,008,460 in interest costs. The 2012A Business District bonds were defeased by a current refunding transaction in April 2021 with the issuance of Series 2021 Refunding bonds at a lower interest rate, saving the City approximately \$70,000. The 2012B bonds remain outstanding and became callable on December 15, 2022. While there are no current plans to do so, if the bonds are paid off, then the Council may vote to terminate the Business District at any time.

Note 13: Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

The City evaluated whether the plan is a fiduciary activity based on GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, and concluded that it is not a fiduciary activity. The City does not contribute to the plan and has no control over the plan assets. The assets of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the plan participants and their beneficiaries. The assets cannot be diverted for any other purpose.

Note 14: Segment Information – Enterprise Funds

As the City maintains only one Enterprise Fund (Water Fund), this disclosure requirement is effectively met in these basic financial statements.

Note 15: Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The City contributes to three defined benefit pension plans: the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF - Regular), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel Fund (SLEP), an agent multi-employer defined benefit plan, both of which are administered by the IMRF, an agent multiple-employer public retirement system, and the Police Pension Fund, which is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions for all plans are governed by Illinois

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Compiled Statutes and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. The Police Pension Fund issues a stand-alone financial report which may be obtained by request from the Treasurer at 17W275 Butterfield Rd., Oakbrook Terrace, IL 60181. IMRF issues a publicly available report that includes financial statements and supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not for individual employers. That report may be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org.

The aggregate totals for all pension items for the three plans are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities*	Total City
Net pension liability IMRF IMRF - SLEP Police	\$ 1,517,511 29,962 11,907,530	\$ 310,816	\$ 1,828,327 29,962 11,907,530
	\$ 13,455,003	\$ 310,816	\$ 13,765,819
Deferred outflows of resources IMRF IMRF - SLEP Police	\$ 1,449,767	\$ 296,940	\$ 1,746,707
	34,142	-	34,142
	2,255,934	-	2,255,934
	\$ 3,739,843	\$ 296,940	\$ 4,036,783
Deferred inflows of resources IMRF IMRF - SLEP Police	\$ 61,211	\$ 12,537	\$ 73,748
	874	-	874
	544,683	-	544,683
	\$ 606,768	\$ 12,537	\$ 619,305
Pension expense IMRF IMRF - SLEP Police	\$ 254,417	\$ 52,110	\$ 306,527
	19,351	-	19,351
	1,353,287	-	1,353,287
	\$ 1,627,055	\$ 52,110	\$ 1,679,165

^{*}Same amounts are also reported in the proprietary fund statements.

Illinois Municipal Retirement

The City's agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for regular employees (other than those covered by the Police Pension Plan) provides retirement, disability, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. IMRF acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local governments and school districts in Illinois. The City maintains accounts for Regular employees and for Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

which provides benefits solely to the police chief. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" described below. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. The Illinois Pension Code establishes the benefit provisions of the plan which can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at www.imrf.org or by writing to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, 2211 York Road, Suite 500, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523.

Benefits Provided

Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least 8 years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with 8 years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after 10 years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with 10 years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of: 3% of the original pension amount, or one-half of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel Fund (SLEP) members, having accumulated at least 30 years of SLEP service and terminating IMRF participation on or after July 1, 1988, may elect to retire at or after age 50 with no early retirement discount penalty. SLEP members meeting these two qualifications are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 2.50% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 20 years, 2.00% of their final earnings rate for the next 10 years of credited service and 1.00% for each year thereafter. For those SLEP members retiring with less than 20 years of SLEP service, the regular IMRF pension formula applies. SLEP also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statutes. SLEP members are required to contribute 7.50% of their annual salary to SLEP. Currently, the only SLEP participant is the police chief.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of December 31, 2022, the measurement date for the net pension liability (asset), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Regular	SLEP
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Terminated employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits Current employees	43 13 21	- - 1
	77	1

Contributions

As set by statute, employees participating in the IMRF Regular Plan are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The member rate is also established by State statute. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2022 was 8.60% and for calendar year 2023, it is 5.68%. For the year ended April 30, 2023, the City contributed \$133,336 to the plan. The City also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. The employer contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the IMRF Board of Trustees. For the SLEP Plan, members are required to contribute 7.50% of their annual covered salary. The employer annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2022 was 10.03% and for calendar year 2023, it is 10.68%. For the year ended April 30, 2023, the City contributed \$12,642 to the plan.

Investments

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Portfolio Target Percentage	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	
Domestic equity	35.5%	6.5%	
International equity	18.0%	7.6%	
Fixed income	25.5%	4.9%	
Alternative investments	9.5%	6.25 - 9.90%	
Real estate	10.5%	6.2%	
Short-term	1.0%	4.0%	
	100.0%		

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability (asset) as of April 30, 2023, was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine the net pension liability (asset) as of April 30, 2023:

Actuarial valuation date	December 31, 2022
Measurement date	December 31, 2022
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Assumptions Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	2.85% - 13.75%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.25%
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets

Retirement age is based on Experienced-Based Table of Rates, specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2020 valuation according to an experience study from years 2017 to 2019.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

For nondisabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

Discount Rate

A single discount rate (SDR) of 7.25% (same as last year) for the Regular Plan and 7.25% for the SLEP Fund (same as last year) was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flows used to determine the SDR assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate.

Based on those assumptions, the Regular Plan's fiduciary net position and the SLEP Plan's fiduciary net position were both projected to be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for both plans of 7.25% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Regular Plan

	Net Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a)-(b)
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 9,195,517	\$ 10,519,676	\$ (1,324,159)
Changes for the year			
Service cost	138,290	-	138,290
Interest	655,571	-	655,571
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	1,463,308	-	1,463,308
Contributions - employer	-	150,316	(150,316)
Contributions - employee	-	142,370	(142,370)
Net investment income	-	(1,259,368)	1,259,368
Benefit payments, including refunds			
of employees' contributions	(444,602)	(444,602)	-
Other (net transfer)		71,365	(71,365)
Net changes	1,812,567	(1,339,919)	3,152,486
Balance, end of year	\$ 11,008,084	\$ 9,179,757	\$ 1,828,327

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) - SLEP

	Net Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a)-(b)	
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 134,262	\$ 135,009	\$ (747)	
Changes for the year				
Service cost	19,980	-	19,980	
Interest	10,458	-	10,458	
Differences between expected				
and actual experience	9,393	-	9,393	
Contributions - employer	-	12,025	(12,025)	
Contributions - employee	-	8,992	(8,992)	
Net investment income	-	(9,468)	9,468	
Other (net transfer)		(2,427)	2,427	
Net changes	39,831	9,122	30,709	
Balance, end of year	\$ 174,093	\$ 144,131	\$ 29,962	

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the City's net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The tables below represent the net pension liability (asset) of the City's Regular Plan and SLEP Fund calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using discount rates that are one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

Regular Plan

	Current 1% Decrease Discount Rate (6.25%) (7.25%)		1% Increase (8.25%)	
City's net pension liability	\$ 3,271,674	\$ 1,828,327	\$ 678,759	
SLEP Fund				
	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)	
City's net pension liability	\$ 52,331	\$ 29,962	\$ 10,916	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$306,527 and \$19,351 for the Regular Plan and SLEP Plan, respectively. At April 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	IMRF Regular Plan			
	Deferred Outflows of Plan		Inf	eferred lows of Plan
	Res	sources	Res	sources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	953,374 -	\$	73,748
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments Pension contributions made subsequent to the		759,823		-
measurement date		33,510		
	\$	1,746,707	\$	73,748
		IMRF SL	.EP Pla	n
	Out	IMRF SL eferred flows of Plan	De Inf	n eferred lows of Plan
	Out	eferred flows of	De Inf	eferred lows of
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	Out	eferred flows of Plan	De Inf	eferred lows of Plan
Changes of assumptions Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	Out Res	eferred flows of Plan sources	De Inf Res	eferred lows of Plan sources
Changes of assumptions Net differences between projected and actual earnings	Out Res	eferred flows of Plan sources 17,535 553	De Inf Res	eferred lows of Plan sources

At April 30, 2023, the City reported \$39,477 of deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions made subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability in the year ended April 30, 2024. Other

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ending April 30,	Regul	Regular		Total	
2024	\$ 422	2,567 \$	5,258	\$	427,825
2025	577	7,585	5,977		583,562
2026	235	5,472	6,514		241,986
2027	403	3,825	7,230		411,055
2028			2,322		2,322
	\$ 1,639	9,449 \$	27,301	\$	1,666,750

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IMRF schedule of changes in fiduciary net position by employer.

Police Pension Fund

Plan Description and Provisions

Police sworn personnel are covered by the Police Pension Fund, which is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contributions levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (Chapter 40-Article 5/3) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the fund as a pension trust fund. The Fund does issue a stand-alone financial report, which can be obtained by contacting the Oakbrook Terrace Finance Department at 17W275 Butterfield Road, Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois 60181.

Benefits Provided

The Police Pension Fund provides retirement benefits through two tiers as well as death and disability benefits. Covered employees hired before January 1, 2011 (Tier 1), attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least 8 years but less than 20 years of credited services may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a pension participant who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977, shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Covered employees hired on or after January 1, 2011 (Tier 2), attaining the age of 55 or older with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Beginning in 2011, police officers' salary for pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of one-half of the change in the Consumer Price Index or 3% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such a salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least 10 years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (*i.e.*, ½% for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 pension participant shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the pension participant retires or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Noncompounding increases occur annually, effective each January 1st thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3% or ½ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At April 30, 2023, the Police Pension Fund membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	21
and terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	
Active	20
	41

Contributions

Employees are required by ILCS to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Fund. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. For the year ended April 30, 2023, the City's contribution was 83.70% of covered payroll for total contributions of \$1,557,730. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. However, effective January 1, 2011, ILCS requires the City to contribute a minimum amount annually calculated using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method that will result in the funding of 90% of the past service cost by the year 2040.

The Police Pension Fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned (*i.e.*, when due pursuant to formal commitments), benefits and refunds are recognized when owed to retirees (*i.e.*, due and payable).

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Investments

Investments of the Police' Pension Plan are combined in a commingled external investment pool and held by the Illinois Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund (IPOPIF). IPOPIF is an investment trust fund established by Illinois Public Act 101-0610, which was effective as of January 1, 2020. Participation in IPOPIF is mandatory for Illinois police pension funds. IPOPIF consolidates the assets of the state's police pension fund assets under its management for the purpose of obtaining a total return on investments to provide pension benefits to the beneficiaries of the participating pension funds.

IPOPIF is authorized to invest in all investments allowed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS). The IPOPIF shall not be subject to any of the limitations applicable to investments of pension fund assets currently held by the transferor pension funds under Sections 1-113.1 through 1-113.12 or Article 4 of the Illinois Pension Code.

For additional information on IPOPIF's investments, please refer to their annual reports as of June 30, 2021 and 2022. A copy of the reports can be obtained from IPOPIF at 456 Fulton Street, Suite 402 Peoria, IL 61602 or at www.IPOPIF.org. On December 17, 2021, the IPOPIF Board adopted its Investment Policy, which provided for a short-term asset allocation to accommodate the initial transition of investment assets from Participating Pension Funds and the subsequent buildout of diversified strategies. The policy was amended to provide long-term allocation targets.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

	Short Term				Long Term
	Target	Rebalancing R	tage		Target
Asset Classes	Allocation	Brand	Lower	Upper	Allocation
Growth	58.00%	10.00%	53.00%	63.00%	65.00%
US Large	23.00%	4.00%	21.00%	25.00%	23.00%
US Small	5.00%	2.00%	4.00%	6.00%	5.00%
International Developed	18.00%	4.00%	16.00%	20.00%	18.00%
International Developed Small	5.00%	2.00%	4.00%	6.00%	5.00%
Emerging Markets	7.00%	2.00%	6.00%	8.00%	7.00%
Private Equity (Direct)	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	7.00%
Income	16.00%	4.00%	14.00%	18.00%	14.00%
Bank Loans	-	N/A	N/A		3.00%
High Yield Corp. Credit	10.00%	2.00%	9.00%	11.00%	3.00%
Emerging Market Debt	6.00%	2.00%	5.00%	7.00%	3.00%
Private Credit	-	N/A	N/A	-	5.00%
Inflation Protection	9.00%	4.00%	7.00%	11.00%	11.00%
US TIPS	3.00%	2.00%	2.00%	4.00%	3.00%
REITs	4.00%	2.00%	3.00%	5.00%	-
Real Estate/Infrastructure	2.00%	N/A	N/A		8.00%
Risk Mitigation	17.00%	8.00%	13.0%	21.00%	10.00%
Cash	1.00%	2.00%	13.00%	2.00%	1.00%
Short-Term Gov't/Credit	13.00%	4.00%	11.00%	15.00%	3.00%
US Treasury	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.00%
Core Fixed Income	3.00%	2.00%	20.00%	4.00%	-
Core Plus Fixed Income	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.00%

The long-term expected rate of return of the Police Pension Fund's investments of 6.50% was determined using best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) developed for each major asset class. Thes ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates or arithmetic real rates of return excluding inflation for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of April 30, 2023, are listed in the table above.

Investment Rate of Return

For the year ended April 30, 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was (7.09%). The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Investment Valuations

All investments in the plan are stated at fair value and recorded as of the trade date. Fair value measurements are categorized based on a hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles using one of three levels determined by valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset.

Level 1 includes quoted prices in active markets for an identical asset or liability that a government can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 includes inputs other than quoted prices included with Level 1, which are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 includes unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

The Police Pension Fund had no investments subject to these fair value measurements at April 30, 2023.

The valuation method for the pooled investment in IPOPIF is measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent). The Net Asset Value (NAV) of the plan's pooled investment in IPOPIF was \$19,072,172 at April 30, 2023. The pooled investments consist of the investments as noted in the target allocation table available at www.IPOPIF.org. Investments in IPOPIF are valued at IPOPIF's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold. There are no unfunded commitments at April 30, 2023. The Plan may redeem shares by submitting requests at least seven calendar days prior to the requested transfer date to ensure availability and to minimize costs. IPOPIF may, in its sole discretion and based on the circumstances, process cash withdrawal requests with fewer than seven calendar days before the requested transfer date. Multiple transactions can be entered up to 13 months in advance.

Deposits With Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of a bank's failure, the Police Pension Fund's deposits may not be returned to them. The Police Pension Fund's Investment Policy requires all bank balances to be covered by federal depository insurance.

At April 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the Police Pension Fund's deposits totaled \$407,417 and the bank balance totaled \$417,438.

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability as of April 30, 2023, was measured as of that date and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of May 1, 2023.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Actuarial Assumptions

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine the total pension liability as of April 30, 2023:

Actuarial valuation date May 1, 2023

Measurement date April 30, 2023

Actuarial cost method Entry-age normal

Assumptions

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases Graded schedule based on service ranging from 3.5% to 11%

Discount rate 6.50%

Investment rate of return 6.50%

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Mortality rates for active lives were based on the PubS-2010 Employee mortality, unadjusted, with generational improvements with most recent projection scale (currently Scale MP-2021). The mortality rates for inactive lives were based on PubS-2010 Healthy Retiree mortality, adjusted by a factor of 1.15 for male retirees and unadjusted for female retirees, with generational improvements with most recent projections scale (currently Scale MP-2021). The mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on PubS-2010 Survivor mortality, unadjusted for male beneficiaries and adjusted by a factor of 1.15 for female beneficiaries, with generational improvements with most recent projection scale (currently Scale MP-2021). The disabled mortality rate was based on PubS-2010 Disabled mortality, adjusted by a factor of 1.08 for male disabled members and unadjusted for a female disabled members, with generational improvements with most recent projection scale (currently Scale MP-2021).

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Termination, Disability and Retirement Rate Tables

% Term	inating	% Becomi	% Becoming Disabled % Retiring % Retiring		% Retiring		tiring
During t	During the Year		During the Year		During the Year (Tier 1)		Year (Tier 2)
Service	Rate	Age	Rate	Age	Rate	Age	Rate
0	13.00%	20	0.000%	50 - 54	20%	50 - 54	5%
1	8.00%	25	0.029%	55 - 62	25%	55	40%
2	7.00%	30	0.133%	63	33%	56 - 62	25%
3	6.00%	35	0.247%	64	40%	63	33%
4	5.00%	40	0.399%	65 - 69	55%	64	40%
5	4.50%	45	0.561%	70+	100%	65 - 69	55%
6	4.00%	50	0.675%			70+	100%
7	3.50%	55	0.855%				
8	3.00%	60	1.093%				
9	2.50%						
10	2.25%						
11	2.00%						
12	1.75%						
13	1.50%						
14+	1.25%						

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 29,562,187	\$ 18,858,875	\$ 10,703,312
Changes for the year			
Service cost	504,516	-	504,516
Interest	1,909,828	-	1,909,828
Differences between expected			
and actual experience	777,174	-	777,174
Contributions - employer	-	1,557,730	(1,557,730)
Contributions - employee	=	184,437	(184,437)
Net investment income	=	291,923	(291,923)
Benefit payments, including refunds			
of employees' contributions	(1,369,466)	(1,369,466)	-
Administrative expenses		(46,790)	46,790
Net changes	1,822,052	617,834	1,204,218
Balance, end of year	\$ 31,384,239	\$ 19,476,709	\$ 11,907,530

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50% (same as last year). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. City contributions have been 100% the actuarially determined contribution based upon a five-year historical average. Based on those assumptions, the Police Pension Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the City's net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below represents the pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.50% as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	Current								
	1% Decrease (5.50%)	Discount Rate (6.50%)	1% Increase (7.50%)						
City's police pension net pension liability	\$ 16,577,082	\$ 11,907,530	\$ 8,123,531						

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,353,287. At April 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Oı	Deferred utflows of Plan esources	In	Deferred Inflows of Plan Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Net differences between projected and actual earnings	\$	940,667 412,402	\$	501,582 43,101			
on pension plan investments		902,865					
	\$	2,255,934	\$	544,683			

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ending April 30,	Amount
2024	\$ 312,53
2025	153,07
2026	777,52
2027	338,58
2028	129,52
	\$ 1,711,25

Pension Fund Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Pension Fund's fiduciary net position is available in the basic financial statements.

Note 16: Pronouncements to Be Implemented in the Future

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following pronouncements, some of which are expected to have a material impact on the City's financial statements in future periods:

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription - Based Information Technology Arrangements (GASB 96)

GASB 96 provides guidance on governments utilizing more cloud-based solutions for their information technology (IT) needs and paying for the use of third-parties' IT software on a subscription basis. The accounting and financial reporting for what GASB refers to as subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) has been inconsistent because of a lack of authoritative guidance. The standard is effective for reporting periods after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter, with early implementation encouraged. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the City's fiscal year ending April 30, 2024. The statement would be applied retroactively, using the facts and circumstances that exist at the beginning of the fiscal year of implementation.

GASB Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022 (GASB 99)

GASB 99 addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements. The statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to derivative investments, leases, subscription-based information technology arrangements, extension of the period that LIBOR is considered appropriate and other accounting

Notes to Basic Financial Statements April 30, 2023

and reporting matters. GASB 99 is effective for reporting periods based on individual topics discussed therein.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections (GASB 100)

GASB 100 updates accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to address current diversity in practice by amending GASB Statement No. 62. It defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes. The standard clarifies that a change to or within the financial reporting entity results from: the addition or removal of a fund that results from movement of continuing operations within the primary government, including its blended component units; change in fund presentation as major or nonmajor; generally, the addition or removal of a component unit to or from the financial reporting entity; or a change in the presentation (blended or discretely presented) of a component unit. For each type of accounting change and error correction, the standard addresses accounting and reporting requirements, display, including display in the financial statements, note disclosures, and impact on required supplementary information (RSI) and supplementary information (SI). The standard is effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences (GASB 101)

GASB 101 updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences under a unified model. It defines compensated absences and requires that liabilities be recognized in financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus for leave that has not been used and leave that has been used but not yet paid or settled. A liability for compensated absences should be accounted for and reported on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles for financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus. GASB 101 also amends the disclosure requirements related to compensated absences. The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter, with early application encouraged.

While not effective in the short-term, the City will begin assessing the potential impact on the financial statements of these standards and begin the process of communicating the impact with those charged with governance and other stakeholders, where appropriate.

Management has not currently determined what impact, if any, these statements may have on its financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

(Unaudited)

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) and Related Ratios Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - Regular Plan April 30, 2023

	_	2023		2022	2021	2020	2019			2018	2017		2016	
Total pension liability Service costs Interest	\$	138,290 655,571	\$	145,083 643,011	\$ 151,994 636,967	\$ 158,955 613,429	\$	140,336 576,013	\$	147,736 584,800	\$	142,179 548,055	\$ 134,446 519,704	
Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Benefit payments including refunds of		1,463,308		(223,154)	(283,631) (77,343)	(125,438)		83,360 250,018		(295,930) (222,882)		96,277 (31,781)	(82,394) 19,677	
member contributions		(444,602)	_	(332,002)	 (350,316)	 (287,307)		(268,924)	_	(385,435)		(208,431)	 (185,947)	
Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning		1,812,567 9,195,517		232,938 8,962,579	 77,671 8,884,908	359,639 8,525,269		780,803 7,744,466		(171,711) 7,916,177		546,299 7,369,878	 405,486 6,964,392	
Total pension liability - ending	\$	11,008,084	\$	9,195,517	\$ 8,962,579	\$ 8,884,908	\$	8,525,269	\$	7,744,466	\$	7,916,177	\$ 7,369,878	
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - City Contributions - members Net investment income Benefit payments including refunds of member contributions Other (net transfer)	\$	150,316 142,370 (1,259,368) (444,602) 71,365	\$	181,398 69,828 1,499,574 (332,002) (25,687)	\$ 191,276 73,567 1,093,409 (350,316) (34,705)	\$ 167,728 73,137 1,243,733 (287,307) (63,353)	\$	200,794 78,899 (316,398) (268,924) 20,314	\$	180,587 64,779 1,086,166 (385,435) (149,318)	\$	179,399 59,229 406,901 (208,431) 59,077	\$ 166,043 58,392 30,259 (185,947) (89,633)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan net position - beginning		(1,339,919) 10,519,676		1,393,111 9,126,565	 973,231 8,153,334	 1,133,938 7,019,396		(285,315) 7,304,711		796,779 6,507,932		496,175 6,011,757	 (20,886) 6,032,643	
Plan net position - ending	\$	9,179,757	\$	10,519,676	\$ 9,126,565	\$ 8,153,334	\$	7,019,396	\$	7,304,711	\$	6,507,932	\$ 6,011,757	
City's net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,828,327	\$	(1,324,159)	\$ (163,986)	\$ 731,574	\$	1,505,873	\$	439,755	\$	1,408,245	\$ 1,358,121	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		83.39%		114.40%	101.83%	91.77%		82.34%		94.32%		82.21%	81.57%	
Covered payroll	\$	1,747,860	\$	1,551,734	\$ 1,634,835	\$ 1,625,278	\$	1,523,476	\$	1,394,502	\$	1,316,206	\$ 1,297,610	
City's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		104.60%		(85.3)%	(10.0)%	45.01%		98.84%		31.53%		106.99%	104.66%	

GASB Statement No. 68 requires the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, the fiscal years completed prior to the adoption of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule. The pronouncement was adopted in Fiscal Year 2016. Information in this schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (December 31) of the City's net pension liability.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) and Related Ratios Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel Fund April 30, 2023

	 2023	2022	2021	2020	2019		2018
Total pension asset Service costs Interest	\$ 19,980 10,458	\$ 19,165 7,941	\$ 19,760 5,929	\$ 19,468 4,002	\$	18,188 2,238	\$ - -
Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions	 9,393	7,201	 3,858 (1,495)	2,967		2,770 1,528	21,586 (844)
Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning	39,831 134,262	34,307 99,955	 28,052 71,903	26,437 45,466		24,724 20,742	20,742
Total pension liability - ending	\$ 174,093	\$ 134,262	\$ 99,955	\$ 71,903	\$	45,466	\$ 20,742
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - City Contributions - members Net investment income Other (net transfer)	\$ 12,025 8,992 (9,468) (2,427)	\$ 12,351 8,755 14,524 (2,470)	\$ 11,581 8,695 9,190 (1,345)	\$ 10,484 8,621 7,727 (1,465)	\$	15,092 8,523 (590) (785)	\$ 17,578 9,625 90 (1,172)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan net position - beginning	 9,122 135,009	33,160 101,849	 28,121 73,728	 25,367 48,361		22,240 26,121	26,121
Plan net position - ending	\$ 144,131	\$ 135,009	\$ 101,849	\$ 73,728	\$	48,361	\$ 26,121
City's net pension liability/(asset)	\$ 29,962	\$ (747)	\$ (1,894)	\$ (1,825)	\$	(2,895)	\$ (5,379)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.79%	100.56%	101.89%	102.54%		106.37%	125.93%
Covered payroll	\$ 119,892	\$ 116,740	\$ 115,929	\$ 114,952	\$	113,654	\$ 112,408
City's net pension liability/(asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	0.25	(0.64)%	(1.63)%	(1.59)%		(2.55)%	(4.79)%

GASB Statement No. 68 requires the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, Fiscal Year 2018 is the first year for this plan. Information in this schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (December 31) of the City's net pension liability.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Police Pension Fund April 30, 2023

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total pension liability Service cost Interest on the total pension liability	\$ 504,516 1,909,828	\$ 511,522 1,855,113	\$ 528,826 1,761,447	\$ 465,649 1,691,623	\$ 429,350 1,612,233	\$ 475,653 1,542,084	\$ 535,882 1,484,841	\$ 512,999 1,409,789	\$ 498,995 1,334,696
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms	777,174	(330,827) 127,581	381,707	(54,531) - 50,530	(901,809) 1,145,712	524,313 (301,707)	(134,518) 202,498	224,119 56,687	266,104
Contributions - buy back Benefit payments	(1,369,466)	(1,259,760)	(1,167,575)	(1,116,880)	(1,083,921)	10,347 (1,166,415)	(1,129,211)	(1,014,414)	(902,657)
Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning	1,822,052	903,629	1,504,405	1,036,391	1,201,565	1,084,275	959,492	1,189,180	1,197,138
of period	29,562,187	28,658,558	27,154,153	26,117,762	24,916,197	23,831,922	22,872,430	21,683,250	20,486,112
Total pension liability - end of period	\$ 31,384,239	\$ 29,562,187	\$ 28,658,558	\$ 27,154,153	\$ 26,117,762	\$ 24,916,197	\$ 23,831,922	\$ 22,872,430	\$ 21,683,250
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - members Contributions - buy back Contributions - other	\$ 1,557,730 184,437	\$ 1,561,329 182,080	\$ 1,493,842 192,577	\$ 1,378,855 190,747	\$ 1,115,199 172,255	\$ 1,039,771 160,821 10,347	\$ 995,185 168,948	\$ 912,363 171,032 - 56,687	\$ 755,538 169,288 - 266,104
Net investment income (loss) Other Benefit payments Administrative expense	291,923 (1,369,466) (46,790)	(959,818) - (1,259,760) (42,370)	4,257,710 183,885 (1,167,575) (39,468)	270,372 - (1,116,880) (39,882)	890,839 15 (1,083,921) (40,280)	1,070,751 - (1,166,415) (42,132)	969,766 - (1,129,211) (43,720)	(79,870) - (1,014,414) (33,226)	747,126 - (902,658) (34,198)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan net position - beginning of period	617,834 18,858,875	(518,539) 19,377,414	4,920,971 14,456,443	683,212 13,773,231	1,054,107 12,719,124	1,073,143 11,645,981	960,968 10,685,013	12,572 10,672,441	1,001,200 9,671,241
Plan net position - end of period	\$ 19,476,709	\$ 18,858,875	\$ 19,377,414	\$ 14,456,443	\$ 13,773,231	\$ 12,719,124	\$ 11,645,981	\$ 10,685,013	\$ 10,672,441
City's net pension liability	\$ 11,907,530	\$ 10,703,312	\$ 9,281,144	\$ 12,697,710	\$ 12,344,531	\$ 12,197,073	\$ 12,185,941	\$ 12,187,417	\$ 11,010,809
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage Percentage of the total pension liability	62.06%	63.79%	67.61%	53.24%	52.74%	51.05%	48.87%	46.72%	49.22%
Covered payroll	\$ 1,861,120	\$ 1,837,336	\$ 1,943,259	\$ 1,924,783	\$ 1,738,194	\$ 1,622,815	\$ 1,707,810	\$ 1,725,853	\$ 1,709,980
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	639.80%	582.55%	477.61%	659.70%	710.19%	751.60%	713.54%	706.17%	643.91%

GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68 require the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, the fiscal years completed prior to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 67 are not required to be presented in this schedule. The pronouncement was adopted in Fiscal Year 2015. Information in this schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (April 30) of the City's net pension liability.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Contributions Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - Regular Plan April 30, 2023

Year Ended	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contribution Excess/ (Deficiency)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
4/30/2023	\$ 133,336	\$ 133,336	\$ -	\$ 1,750,730	7.62%
4/30/2022	168,895	168,895	-	1,598,256	10.57%
4/30/2021	188,354	188,354	-	1,610,329	11.70%
4/30/2020	181,951	181,951	-	1,687,526	10.78%
4/30/2019	194,831	200,794	5,963	1,587,343	12.65%
4/30/2018	180,588	185,352	4,764	1,423,492	13.02%
4/30/2017	179,399	185,102	5,703	1,362,319	13.59%
4/30/2016	166,094	192,511	26,417	1,323,329	14.55%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Valuation date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each

year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which

contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2022 Contribution Rates

Actuarial cost method Aggregate entry-age normal
Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 21-years closed period

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage growth 2.75% Price inflation 2.25%

Salary increases 2.85% to 13.75%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.259

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition; last updated for the 2020 valuation pursuant to an experience study

of the period 2017 to 2019.

Mortality For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income,

General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using

scale MP-2020.

Other information There were no benefit changes during the year.

Information above based on valuation assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation.

GASB Statement No. 68 requires the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, the fiscal years completed prior to the adoption of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule. The pronouncement was adopted in 2016.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Contributions

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel Fund April 30, 2023

Year Ended	Det	tuarially termined tribution	in R the A	tributions elation to Actuarially termined htribution	Exc	bution ess/ ciency)	-	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
4/30/2023	\$	12,642	\$	12,642	\$	-	\$	153,171	8.25%
4/30/2022		12,484		12,484		-		149,551	8.35%
4/30/2021		12,105		12,105		-		144,636	8.37%
4/30/2020		11,457		11,457		-		144,842	7.91%
4/30/2019		13,526		15,092		1,566		138,540	10.89%
4/30/2018		15,358		15,358		-		131,162	11.71%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Valuation date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each

year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which

contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2022 Contribution Rates

Actuarial cost method Aggregate entry-age normal
Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 21-years closed period

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage growth 2.75% Price inflation 2.25%

Salary increases 2.85% to 13.75%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.25%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition; last updated for the 2020 valuation pursuant to an experience study

of the period 2017 to 2019.

Mortality For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income,

General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using

scale MP-2020.

Other information There were no benefit changes during the year.

Information above based on valuation assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation.

GASB Statement No. 68 requires the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, Fiscal Year 2018 is the first year of this plan.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Contributions Police Pension Fund April 30, 2023

Fiscal Year			Contribution Excess/ (Deficiency)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
4/30/2023	\$ 1,474,465	\$ 1,557,730	\$ 83,265	\$ 1,861,120	83.70%
4/30/2022	1,563,231	1,561,329	(1,902)	1,837,336	84.98%
4/30/2021	1,494,254	1,493,842	(412)	1,943,259	76.87%
4/30/2020	1,380,875	1,378,856	(2,019)	1,924,783	71.64%
4/30/2019	1,115,355	1,115,199	(156)	1,738,194	64.16%
4/30/2018	1,039,771	1,039,771	-	1,622,815	64.07%
4/30/2017	992,007	995,185	3,178	1,707,810	58.27%
4/30/2016	910,055	912,363	2,308	1,725,853	52.86%
4/30/2015	757,001	755,538	(1,463)	1,709,980	44.18%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Valuation date

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of May 1 two years prior to the year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2023 Contribution Rates

Actuarial cost method Entry-age normal Amortization method Level % pay (closed)

Remaining amortization period 14 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market
Interest rate 6.50% compounded annually

Salary increases Graded schedule based on service ranging from 3.50% to 11%

Payroll growth 2.00% per year

Cost of living adjustments Tier 1: 3.00% per year after age 55

Tier 2: 1.25% per year after the later of attainment of age 60 or first

anniversary of retirement

Retirement age See the notes to the financial statements.

Mortality rate Active Lives:

PubS-2010 Employee mortality, unadjusted, with generational improvements with most recent projection scale (currently Scale MP-2021). 10% of active deaths are assumed

to be in the line of duty.

Inactive Lives:

1.15 for male retirees and unadjusted for female retirees, with generational improvements with most recent projection scale (currently Scale MP-2021).

Beneficiaries:

PubS-2010 Survivor mortality, unadjusted for male beneficiaries and adjusted by a factor of 1.15 for female beneficiaries, with generational improvements

with most recent projection scale (currently Scale MP-2021).

Disabled Lives:

PubS-2010 Disabled mortality, adjusted by a factor of 1.08 for male disabled members and unadjusted for female disabled members, with generational improvements with most recent projection scale (currently Scale MP-2021).

GASB Statement No. 67 requires the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, the fiscal years completed prior to the adoption of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule. The pronouncement was adopted by the Pension Plan in 2015.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Investment Returns Police Pension Fund April 30, 2023

Fiscal Year	Annual Money- Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense
2023	(7.09)%
2022	(4.88)%
2021	31.45%
2020	2.23%
2019	9.36%
2018	9.20%
2017	10.11%
2016	(1.14)%
2015	8.50%

GASB Statement No. 67 requires the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, the fiscal years completed prior to the adoption of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule. The pronouncement was adopted in 2015.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios April 30, 2023

	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019
Total OPEB liability									
Service cost	\$	9,366	\$	19,985	\$	20,460	\$	14,308	\$ 12,918
Interest		25,075		16,457		30,813		31,380	32,953
Differences between expected and actual experience		(54,863)		-		34,572		-	-
Changes of assumptions		124,618		(219,743)		(206,515)		47,660	53,111
Benefit payments		(17,788)		(23,179)		(29,039)		(31,896)	 (29,330)
Net change in total OPEB liability		86,408		(206,480)		(149,709)		61,452	69,652
Total OPEB liability - beginning of period	_	684,347		890,827		1,040,536		979,084	 909,432
Total OPEB liability - end of period	\$	770,755	\$	684,347	\$	890,827	\$	1,040,536	\$ 979,084
Covered - employee payroll	\$	3,681,015	\$	4,164,926	\$	4,063,342	\$	3,778,571	\$ 3,686,411
City's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered - employee payroll		20.94%		16.43%		21.92%		27.54%	26.56%

GASB Statement No. 75 requires the presentation of ten fiscal years of data. As of April 30, 2023, only four years of information is available.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

 Fiscal Year Ending April 30, 2023:
 4.14%

 Fiscal Year Ending April 30, 2022:
 3.98%

 Fiscal Year Ending April 30, 2021:
 1.83%

 Fiscal Year Ending April 30, 2020:
 2.85%

 Fiscal Year Ending April 30, 2019:
 3.21%

Also reflected as assumption changes are updated mortality rates, updated health care costs and premiums, and updated health care costs trend rates.

Benefit Payments:

The plan sponsor did not provide actual net benefits paid by the Plan for the fiscal year ending on April 30, 2023. Expected net benefit payments produced by the valuation model for the same period are shown in the table above.

Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules

General Fund - to account for	r resources tradition	ally associated with	governments which	are
not required to be account	ed for in another fur	1d.		

General Fund Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
Local taxes		
Property tax - police pension	\$ 1,068,627	\$ 1,063,126
Hotel/motel taxes	1,087,000	1,573,010
Off track betting tax	225,000	256,618
Telecommunications utility tax	345,474	283,863
Cannabis tax	313,364	238,898
Amusement tax	330,000	414,957
Video gaming	490,000	546,907
Food and beverage tax	906,000	1,097,661
Total local taxes	4,765,465	5,475,040
Intergovernmental		
Sales and use tax	2,083,163	2,589,259
Property tax	-	2,937
Replacement tax	5,747	11,002
Income tax	363,957	428,734
Road and bridge tax	6,612	4,437
Grant revenue	142,605	142,753
Total intergovernmental	2,602,084	3,179,122
Licenses and permits		
Liquor licenses	102,960	124,960
Business licenses	136,000	138,869
Business license/reg penalty	1,300	1,629
Other licenses	22,500	30,600
Building permits	200,000	158,196
Other permits	100	-
Franchise fees	80,000	78,614
Video gaming fees	109,000	107,700
Total licenses and permits	651,860	640,568
Charges for services		
Library fees	3,000	4,004
Zoning hearings, maps, books	28,000	20,404
Other charges for services	3,500	3,485
Total charges for services	34,500	27,893

General Fund Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	
Fines and forfeits			
Court fines/tickets	\$ 69,500	\$ 48,271	
Towing fees	20,000	23,000	
Red light camera fines	2,950,000	2,251,901	
DUI tech fees	20,000	11,810	
Total fines and forfeits	3,059,500	2,334,982	
Investment income	21,000	38,480	
Miscellaneous			
Antenna income	152,309	76,920	
Auction proceeds	-	_	
July 4th sponsor	35,000	33,250	
Other	163,925	160,354	
Total miscellaneous	351,234	270,524	
Total revenues	\$ 11,485,643	\$ 11,966,609	

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Original and Final Budget		Actual	
General Government				
Executive management				
Full-time	\$	313,778	\$	300,875
Part-time and special pay		245,969		262,344
Office supplies		2,500		4,086
Health/life insurance/dental insurance		42,996		35,633
Unemployment insurance		1,636		1,863
COVID expenses		-		1,173
Dues and meetings		12,200		11,633
Payroll taxes		34,655		32,996
Postage		2,500		473
Supplies		4,000		4,363
Newsletter		18,900		16,960
IMRF		36,285		28,732
Publications and books		325		208
Library services		17,000		19,895
Public information		4,425		5,490
Phone service		4,400		6,923
Communications		31,220		33,985
Training and conferences		-		2,625
Codification		6,000		9,571
Professional/tech services		27,500		26,618
Equipment rental		380		330
Equipment purchase		-		3,405
Software		12,200		11,869
Equipment and noncapital equipment		2,304		2,666
Legal services		213,500		407,639
Contingency		5,000		-
Employee assistance program		630		2,876
Recognition		10,300		5,023
Special events programming		197,750		191,335
Total executive management		1,248,353		1,431,589
Economic development				
Home Depot - tax incentive		242,000		185,104
Stimulus Rebate program				13,731
Total economic development		242,000		198,835

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Original and Final Budget			Actual	
Duilding and ganing		_			
Building and zoning Full-time	\$	226 152	\$	270 572	
Overtime	Ф	336,152 528	Ф	279,573 649	
		423,304		34,562	
Part-time - other		423,304 600		34,302	
Office supplies		1,600		2,816	
Supplies		,		*	
Top of the range award		4,349		628	
Postage		700		721	
Health/life insurance/dental insurance		62,723		60,533	
Unemployment insurance		1,309		1,371	
Dues and meetings		350		838	
Payroll taxes		27,871		21,230	
Communications		1,575		1,108	
Equipment repairs		800		1,145	
IMRF		31,455		21,031	
Publications and books		1,000		27	
Professional and technical		97,000		77,777	
Public information		600		599	
Public hearing expenses		8,000		1,163	
Hardware		-		783	
Equipment rental		380		330	
Training and conferences		-		274	
Phone service		2,000		2,783	
Total building and zoning		1,002,296		510,314	
Finance department					
Full and part-time		247,110		253,388	
Office supplies		2,000		856	
Health/life insurance/dental/vision insurance		16,984		42,803	
Unemployment insurance		1,308		1,831	
Risk management contribution		279,642		268,392	
Supplies		350		933	
Dues and meetings		160		709	
Phone service and communications		7,100		7,931	
Equipment rental		8,661		13,638	
Payroll taxes		18,904		18,815	
IMRF		22,405		18,189	
Software purchase		22,000		-	
Hardware		,000		607	
Training and conferences		_		260	
Professional and technical		98,987		126,604	
1 1010001011til tild tooliniotil		70,701		120,004	

(Cont.)

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
Investment management fees	\$ 2,400	\$ 43,956
Equipment repair	900	1,010
Public information	3,000	3,431
Postage	3,000	2,104
Credit card transactions	6,000	24,794
Filing fees	-	22
Total finance department	740,911	830,273
Total general government	3,233,560	2,971,011
Public Safety		
Police department		
Full-time	2,381,202	2,263,469
Overtime	174,422	243,940
Holiday pay	74,500	64,986
Vacation buy back pay	32,416	33,827
Court time	43,514	28,713
Top of the range award	3,705	3,705
Office supplies	5,800	5,602
Office furniture	3,000	2,300
Health/life insurance/dental insurance	613,160	573,614
Unemployment insurance	8,180	8,568
Deductible payments	· -	1,000
Dues and meetings	1,000	931
Payroll taxes	205,742	224,443
IMRF	37,056	33,122
Police pension funding	1,563,231	1,557,730
Phone service	5,100	6,494
Ducomm	253,585	253,585
Communications	11,550	10,960
Gas and oil	81,000	53,874
Utilities	4,800	5,044
Supplies	7,000	6,384
Vehicle maintenance	30,000	20,105
Postage	1,500	2,068
Printing	2,000	2,028
Equipment rental	13,139	6,176
Software purchase	· -	1,098
Hardware	-	5,177
Uniform allowance	15,800	23,717
Books and publications	600	219

(Cont.)

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	
	Budget	Actual	
Training and conferences	\$ 18,946	\$ 15,683	
Support services	20,635	22,659	
Continuing education	3,500	-	
Professional/technical services	1,300	1,164	
Equipment	16,000	19,253	
Equipment repair	5,600	3,464	
Building maintenance	36,800	44,435	
Animal control	-	700	
Filing fees	1,000	718	
DUI equipment	-	343	
Special events	5,000	7,369	
Total police department	5,681,783	5,558,667	
D 11.14			
Red light camera Part-time	70.600	40.065	
Court time	70,699	49,965	
	9,849	2,577	
Payroll taxes	6,162	4,081	
Unemployment insurance	895	1,013	
Professional services	125,000	73,779	
Communication	715	793	
Legal services	29,000	16,365	
Safespeed ticket fees	1,138,051	841,387	
Safespeed monthly fee	12,000	9,000	
Total red light camera	1,392,371	998,960	
Police commission			
Part-time - regular	8,250	6,500	
Office supplies	200	52	
Dues and meetings	500	375	
Payroll taxes	631	463	
Postage	200	-	
Supplies	150	-	
Advertising and publications	560	-	
Professional and technical services	1,500	-	
Testing and exams	15,000	5,668	
Total police commission	26,991	13,058	
Total public safety	7,101,145	6,570,685	

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
Public Services		
Full-time	\$ 291,182	\$ 303,280
Overtime	2,500	1,033
Part-time - other	18,200	2,912
Office supplies	500	160
Supplies	5,000	3,998
Postage	200	139
Building maintenance	32,000	37,401
Top of the range award	5,942	5,636
Health/life insurance/dental insurance	52,844	50,492
Unemployment insurance	1,375	1,426
Professional and technical	2,000	1,280
Dues and meetings	680	784
Physical exams	500	-
Phone service	4,200	4,511
Communications and public information	4,000	3,664
Equipment rental and service agreement	9,380	14,784
Gas and oil	24,150	8,942
Payroll taxes	24,505	24,154
IMRF	27,393	24,562
Street repair materials and street sweeping	16,975	16,599
Vehicle maintenance and repair	20,000	26,228
Uniform allowance	2,300	2,384
Publications and books	-	30
Training and conferences	500	51
Lawn supplies	2,000	2,374
Lawn maintenance contract	4,100	6,756
Tree trimming	16,000	10,885
Equipment purchase	6,000	9,624
Street light maintenance	10,000	9,251
Equipment repair	13,500	9,758
Mosquito abatement	16,300	16,300
Traffic signals	8,200	19,185
Testing and exams	-	184
Utilities	13,500	16,904
NPDES permit	1,600	1,991
Easement maintenance	1,187	1,188
Hardware		769
Total public services	638,713	639,619

(Cont.)

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Original and Final Budget		Actual	
Tourism				
Membership and association fees	\$	55,992	\$ 76,252	
OBT Historical Society		6,000	6,000	
Special events		-	6,617	
Marketing and advertising		80,000	 44,966	
Total tourism		141,992	 133,835	
Total expenditures	\$ 1	11,115,410	\$ 10,315,150	



Nonmajor Funds Combining Balance Sheet April 30, 2023

	R Mo	Special evenue otor Fuel ax Fund		Debt Service SSA II Fund	Gov	Total onmajor ernmental Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$	553,703	\$	42,852	\$	596,555
Local taxes		- 0.774		46,966		46,966
Intergovernmental		9,774				9,774
Total assets	\$	563,477	\$	89,818	\$	653,295
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	8,956	\$	3,250	\$	12,206
Due to other funds		8,634		44,197		52,831
Total liabilities		17,590		47,447		65,037
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable property taxes				46,966		46,966
Fund Balances Restricted for						
Maintenance of roadways		545,887		_		545,887
Unassigned				(4,595)		(4,595)
Total fund balances (deficit)		545,887		(4,595)		541,292
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	563,477	\$	89,818	\$	653,295
of resources and fund varances	\$	303,477	ф	07,010	φ	033,473

Nonmajor Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Motor Fuel Tax Fund	Revenue Service Motor Fuel SSA II	
Revenues			
Local taxes	\$ -	\$ 48,885	\$ 48,885
Intergovernmental	127,379	-	127,379
Investment income	-	5	5
Miscellaneous	-	-	-
Total revenues	127,379	48,890	176,269
Expenditures			
Public services	241,774	-	241,774
Professional services	1,282	-	1,282
Debt service			
Principal	=	40,000	40,000
Interest	-	11,650	11,650
Fees		803	803
Total expenditures	243,056	52,453	295,509
Net Change in Fund Balances	(115,677)	(3,563)	(119,240)
Fund Balances (Deficit)			
May 1	661,564	(1,032)	660,532
April 30	\$ 545,887	\$ (4,595)	\$ 541,292

Motor Fuel Tax Fund - to ac financing is provided by the	ecount for the projects wit he City's share of state ga	hin the street maintenance departmen soline taxes.

Motor Fuel Tax Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
D		
Revenues		
Intergovernmental		
Motor fuel tax allotments	\$ 109,804	\$ 103,939
Rebuild Illinois grant	23,440	23,440
Total revenues	133,244	127,379
Expenditures		
Professional services	-	1,282
Public services	287,500	241,774
Total expenditures	287,500	243,056
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (154,256)	(115,677)
Fund Balance		
May 1		661,564
April 30		\$ 545,887

Debt Service Fund - SSA II - to account for the servicing of the general long-term debt of the City not accounted for in other funds.

Debt Service Fund – SSA II Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	
Revenues			
Local taxes			
Property taxes	\$ 48,884	\$ 48,8	885
Interest income	, -,		5
Total revenue	48,884	48,8	
Expenditures			
Debt service			
Principal	40,000	40,0	000
Interest	6,500	11,0	650
Fees	803_		803
Total expenditures	47,303	52,4	453
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 1,581	(3,	563)
Fund Balance (Deficit)			
May 1		(1,0	032)
April 30		\$ (4,5	595)

2012/2021 Refunding Bond Fund (Major Fund) Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	
	Buuget	Actual	
Revenues			
Local taxes			
Home rule sales tax	\$ 120,300	\$ 140,006	
Business district sales tax	117,400	128,427	
Intergovernmental			
Sales and use tax	495,000	451,840	
Investment income	1,000	7,933	
Total revenues	733,700	728,206	
Expenditures			
Debt service			
Principal	975,000	225,000	
Interest	82,820	109,655	
Fees	856_	828	
Total expenditures	1,058,676	335,483	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (324,976)	392,723	
Fund Balance			
May 1		1,091,768	
April 30		\$ 1,484,491	

Capital Improvements Fund (Major Fund) - to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital expenditures.	

Capital Improvements Fund (Major Fund) Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
Revenues		
Local taxes		
Home rule sales tax	\$ 1,616,000	\$ 2,167,872
Investment income	3,500	11,334
Grants	234,000	-
Miscellaneous	-	234,048
Total revenues	1,853,500	2,413,254
Expenditures		
Public safety		
Police ETSB system	32,722	19,403
Police squad video cameras	20,000	=
Capital outlay		
Equipment purchase	-	57,476
Infrastructure improvements	984,563	460,816
Infrastructure repairs	30,000	-
Professional/technical services	40,004	100,049
Vehicles	35,000	-
Land	-	345
Debt service		
Principal	285,000	285,000
Interest	99,900_	95,625
Total expenditures	1,527,189	1,018,714
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	326,311	1,394,540
Other Financing Sources		
Transfers out	-	200,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 326,311	1,394,540
Fund Balance		4 001 102
May 1		4,801,192
April 30		\$ 6,195,732



Enterprise Funds are established to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Water Fund - to account for the provision of water services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operations, financing and related debt service.

Water Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual
Operating Revenues		
Charges for services		
User charges	\$ 810,000	\$ 802,630
Connection charges	5,000	- -
Water meters	1,500	270
Penalties/fines	12,000	15,812
Total operating revenues	828,500	
Expenses		
Public services		
Risk management and workers		
compensation contribution	133,321	133,458
Top of the range award	6,084	7,269
Utilities	11,500	14,568
Public information	2,600	14,500
Legal expense	250	11,433
Full and part-time	227,501	243,456
Overtime	17,510	,
Health and life insurance/dental insurance	62,019	67,672
Unemployment insurance	818	865
Payroll taxes	19,538	20,079
IMRF	23,156	49,785
Phone service	5,000	4,511
Dues and meetings	836	970
Postage	2,400	2,393
Supplies	1,200	2,349
Professional and technical services	6,000	671
Equipment purchase	5,000	4,868
Equipment repair and maintenance	19,895	11,110
Fuel	7,158	3,958
Fuel replacement	2,050	3,736
Capital expenses	183,000	7,000
Vehicle maintenance - truck	2,500	532
Training and conferences	5,000	48
Equipment rental	430	330
Equipment rental Travel	100	330
Emergency services	5,000	-
Communications	•	2 020
	1,800	3,938
Water meters	12,000	2,915
Water purchase Uniform allowance	445,000	467,184
	1,000	2.061
Credit card fees	2,100	
Total expenses	1,211,766	1,081,562

Water Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Actual
Operating Loss Before Depreciation	\$ (383,266)	(262,850)
Depreciation Expense	229,145	260,960
Operating Loss	(612,411)	(523,810)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Electric utility tax	385,000	386,403
Investment income	1,200	4,892
Miscellaneous	200	299
Interest expense	(755)	(755)
Total nonoperating revenues	385,645	390,839
Loss Before Transfers	(226,766)	(132,971)
Transfers in		200,000
Change in Net Position	\$ (226,766)	67,029
Net Position, May 1		6,191,530
Net Position, April 30		\$ 6,258,559



Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Activities Schedule of Capital Assets by Source April 30, 2023

Governmental Funds Capital Assets

Land and right of way	\$ 8,731,046
Land improvements	1,506,299
Construction in progress	568,443
Buildings and improvements	16,698,117
Vehicles	1,110,919
Machinery and equipment	989,351
Storm drainage	2,211,146
Streets and bridges	 9,201,514
Total governmental capital assets	\$ 41,016,835
and the Comment of Control of the Comment	

Investment in Governmental Capital Assets by Source From General Revenues and Debt Issuances

\$ 41,016,835

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Activities Schedule by Function and Activity April 30, 2023

	Land and Right of Way		lmp	Land provements	 nstruction Progress	Buildings and Improvements		
General government	\$	1,921,149	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,231,028	
Public safety		112,590		-	-		10,031,337	
Public works		6,697,307		1,506,299	 568,443		5,435,752	
	\$	8,731,046	\$	1,506,299	\$ 568,443	\$	16,698,117	

 Vehicles	Machinery and Equipment			Storm Orainage	Streets and Bridges	Total		
\$ 19,257	\$	315,903	\$	-	\$ -	\$	3,487,337	
518,163		182,228		-	-		10,844,318	
573,499		491,220		2,211,146	9,201,514		26,685,180	
\$ 1,110,919	\$	989,351	\$	2,211,146	\$ 9,201,514	\$	41,016,835	

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Activities Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Balance May 1, 2022	Additions/ Transfers	Deletions/ Transfers	Balance, April 30, 2023
General government	\$ 3,459,350	\$ 27,987	\$ -	\$ 3,487,337
Public safety	10,844,318	-	-	10,844,318
Public works	25,984,266	700,914		26,685,180
	\$ 40,287,934	\$ 728,901	\$ -	\$ 41,016,835



Long-Term Debt Requirements Special Service Area No. 2 Bonds April 30, 2023

Date of issue February 15, 2006
Date of maturity December 15, 2025
Authorized issue \$600,000
Interest rates 3.50% - 5.00%

Interest dates June 15 and December 15
Principal maturity date December 15, 2025
Payable at Harris Bank

Fiscal			Requ	uirements		Interest Due on							
Year	Р	rincipal	lr	nterest	Totals	June 15	Α	mount	December 15	Aı	mount		
2024	\$	40,000	\$	6,500	\$ 46,500	2023	\$	3,250	2023	\$	3,250		
2025		45,000		4,500	49,500	2024		2,250	2024		2,250		
2026		45,000		2,250	 47,250	2025		1,125	2025		1,125		
	\$	130,000	\$	13,250	\$ 143,250		\$	6,625		\$	6,625		

Long-Term Debt Requirements General Obligation Taxable Business District Bond Series 2012B April 30, 2023

Date of issueDecember 11, 2012Date of maturityDecember 15, 2030Authorized issue\$ 1,100,000Interest rates2.00% - 3.40%

Interest dates June 15 and December 15 Principal maturity date December 15, 2030

Payable at Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company

Fiscal			Req	uirements					Inter	est Due on		
Year	Principal		ĺ	Interest		Totals	June 15	Amount		December 15	Amount	
2024	\$	75,000	\$	23,900	\$	98,900	2023	\$	11,950	2023	\$	11,950
2025		75,000		21,650		96,650	2024		10,825	2024		10,825
2026		100,000		19,400		119,400	2025		9,700	2025		9,700
2027		100,000		16,400		116,400	2026		8,200	2026		8,200
2028		100,000		13,300		113,300	2027		6,650	2027		6,650
2029		100,000		10,200		110,200	2028		5,100	2028		5,100
2030		100,000		6,800		106,800	2029		3,400	2029		3,400
2031		100,000		3,400		103,400	2030		1,700	2030		1,700
	\$	750,000	\$	115,050	\$	865,050		\$	57,525		\$	57,525

Long-Term Debt Requirements General Obligation (Refunding) Bond Series 2013 April 30, 2023

 Date of issue
 May 2, 2013

 Date of maturity
 December 15, 2028

 Authorized issue
 \$ 3,695,000

 Interest rates
 2.00% - 3.00%

Interest dates June 15 and December 15
Principal maturity date December 15, 2028

Payable at Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company

Fiscal			Req	uirements		Interest Due on							
Year	F	Principal	ĺ	nterest	Totals	June 15	F	Mount	December 15	ļ	Amount		
2024	\$	295,000	\$	58,050	\$ 353,050	2023	\$	29,025	2023	\$	29,025		
2025		310,000		49,200	359,200	2024		24,600	2024		24,600		
2026		310,000		39,900	349,900	2025		19,950	2025		19,950		
2027		315,000		30,600	345,600	2026		15,300	2026		15,300		
2028		330,000		21,150	351,150	2027		10,575	2027		10,575		
2029		375,000		11,250	 386,250	2028		5,625	2028		5,625		
	\$	1,935,000	\$	210,150	\$ 2,145,150		\$	105,075		\$	105,075		

Long-Term Debt Requirements General Obligation Refunding Bond Series 2021 April 30, 2023

 Date of issue
 April 6, 2021

 Date of maturity
 December 15, 2030

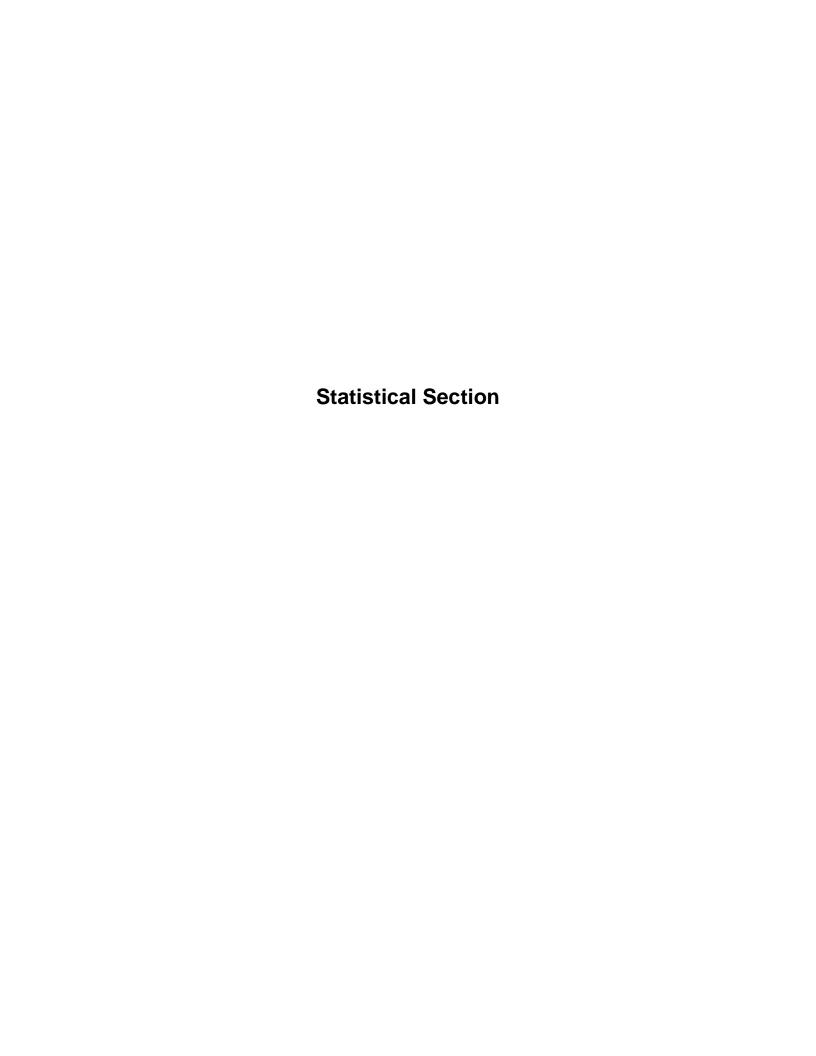
 Authorized issue
 \$ 1,900,000

 Interest rates
 1.25% - 4.00%

Interest dates June 15 and December 15 Principal maturity date December 15, 2030

Payable at Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company

Fiscal		Req	uirements				est Due on	st Due on		
Year	Principal	I	nterest	Totals	June 15	- 1	Amount	December 15	- 1	Amount
2024	\$ 150,000	\$	53,670	\$ 203,670	2023	\$	26,835	2023	\$	26,835
2025	180,000		47,670	227,670	2024		23,835	2024		23,835
2026	190,000		40,470	230,470	2025		20,235	2025		20,235
2027	210,000		32,870	242,870	2026		16,435	2026		16,435
2028	230,000		24,470	254,470	2027		12,235	2027		12,235
2029	255,000		15,270	270,270	2028		7,635	2028		7,635
2030	195,000		5,070	200,070	2029		2,535	2029		2,535
2031	 195,000		2,632	 197,632	2030		1,316	2030		1,316
	\$ 1,605,000	\$	222,122	\$ 1,827,122		\$	111,061		\$	111,061



Statistical Section April 30, 2023

This portion of the City of Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall economic condition.

Contents

Fi	nancial Trends	.104
	These schedules contain information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
R	evenue Capacity	.114
	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, the sales tax and the property tax.	
D	ebt Capacity	.127
	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt.	
D	emographic and Economic Information	.133
	These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
0	perating Information	.135
	These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for the relevant year.



Financial Trends Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2023	2022	2021	2020
Governmental Activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 29,323,801	\$ 29,105,398	\$ 29,076,606	\$ 29,390,209
Restricted	2,021,581	1,720,662	1,254,475	769,390
Unrestricted	1,973,074	(1,145,235)	(5,145,572)	(6,717,534)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 33,318,456	\$ 29,680,825	\$ 25,185,509	\$ 23,442,065
Business-Type Activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 5,399,396	\$ 5,660,356	\$ 5,921,316	\$ 6,182,276
Unrestricted	859,163	531,174	235,741	(35,935)
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 6,258,559	\$ 6,191,530	\$ 6,157,057	\$ 6,146,341
Primary Government*				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 34,723,197	\$ 34,765,754	\$ 34,997,922	\$ 35,572,485
Restricted	2,021,581	1,720,662	1,254,475	769,390
Unrestricted	2,832,237	(614,061)	(4,909,831)	(6,753,469)
Total primary government net position	\$ 39,577,015	\$ 35,872,355	\$ 31,342,566	\$ 29,588,406

^{*}The term "Primary Government" refers to the organizations that make up the City's legal entity. It does not include its discretely presented component unit, the Pension Trust Fund, which is governed by a separate five-member pension board.

Data Source

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$ 28,790,779 921,911 (8,542,975)	\$ 27,433,435 995,972 (8,874,195)	\$ 27,596,485 977,815 (12,365,074)	\$ 17,299,268 1,068,588 (14,053,780)	\$ 22,665,815 1,034,141 580,837	\$ 18,541,115 1,029,728 3,143,267
(0,542,773)	(0,074,173)	(12,303,074)	(14,033,780)	360,637	3,143,207
\$ 21,169,715	\$ 19,555,212	\$ 16,209,226	\$ 4,314,076	\$ 24,280,793	\$ 22,714,110
\$ 5,654,555 396,198	\$ 4,681,411 86,815	\$ 4,745,118 56,032	\$ 4,761,606 6,658	\$ 4,617,983 212,145	\$ 4,685,775 (145,006)
\$ 6,050,753	\$ 4,768,226	\$ 4,801,150	\$ 4,768,264	\$ 4,830,128	\$ 4,540,769
\$ 34,445,334 921,911 (8,146,777)	\$ 32,114,846 995,972 (8,787,380)	\$ 32,341,603 977,815 (12,309,042)	\$ 22,060,874 1,068,588 (14,047,122)	\$ 27,283,798 1,034,141 792,982	\$ 23,226,890 1,029,728 2,998,261
\$ 27,220,468	\$ 24,323,438	\$ 21,010,376	\$ 9,082,340	\$ 29,110,921	\$ 27,254,879

Financial Trends Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		2023		2022		2021		2020
Expenses								
Governmental activities								
General government	\$	3,060,263	\$	2,370,652	\$	2,507,052	\$	2,364,140
Public safety	·	6,711,444		6,306,580	·	5,777,607		7,806,814
Public services		1,330,549		887,686		1,030,752		1,127,278
Culture and recreation		133,835		122,332		52,040		88,765
Interest expense		210,616		147,435		230,411		280,729
Total governmental activities expenses	•	11,446,707		9,834,685		9,597,862		11,667,726
Business-type activities								
Water Fund		1,343,277	_	1,155,634		1,142,596		1,345,247
Total primary government expenses	\$	12,789,984	\$	10,990,319	\$	10,740,458	\$	13,012,973
Program Revenues								
Governmental activities								
Charges for services								
General government	\$	860,632	\$	869,114	\$	1,067,802	\$	887,469
Public safety		2,340,720		3,285,051		2,962,318		4,575,241
Other activities		4,004		4,247		2,974		3,726
Capital grants and contributions		361,379		220,762		146,725		117,095
Operating grants and contributions		144,519		208,559	_	162,329		9,154
Total governmental activities								
program revenues		3,711,254		4,587,733	_	4,342,148	_	5,592,685
Business-type activities								
Charges for services								
Water Fund		818,712		800,193		776,007		817,748
Capital grants and contributions								186,500
Total business-type activities		818,712		800,193		776,007		1,004,248
Total primary government program								
revenues	\$	4,529,966	\$	5,387,926	\$	5,118,155	\$	6,596,933
Net (Expense) Revenues								
Governmental activities	\$	(7,735,453)	\$	(5,246,952)	\$	(5,255,714)	\$	(6,075,041)
Business-type activities		(524,565)		(355,441)		(366,589)		(340,999)
Total primary government net								
(expense) revenues	\$	(8,260,018)	\$	(5,602,393)	\$	(5,622,303)	\$	(6,416,040)

Data Source

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$ 2,131,315	\$ 2,057,549	\$ 2,044,231	\$ 1,961,867	\$ 2,100,215	\$ 1,978,451
7,661,720	6,715,554	5,152,760	4,996,796	4,398,444	4,074,615
1,059,601	989,664	969,327	1,026,711	750,516	807,702
152,794	166,971	169,897	168,873	201,514	259,324
343,699	357,852	373,772	390,574	403,871	406,240
11,349,129	10,287,590	8,709,987	8,544,821	7,854,560	7,526,332
1,637,929	1,235,839	1,208,978	1,376,514	1,155,548	1,123,499
					•
\$ 12,987,058	\$ 11,523,429	\$ 9,918,965	\$ 9,921,335	\$ 9,010,108	\$ 8,649,831
\$ 988,986	\$ 902,195	\$ 953,508	\$ 1,016,859	\$ 911,201	\$ 734,733
5,596,982	4,029,845	188,621	236,544	305,003	375,707
3,939	4,264	3,909	3,921	4,801	4,584
54,171	54,487	54,089	54,585	142,274	66,924
9,056	7,436	5,246	3,092	2,426	
	4.000.005	4 207 252		4.0.5.50	4 404 040
6,653,134	4,998,227	1,205,373	1,315,001	1,365,705	1,181,948
882,112	919,975	955,191	1,189,857	991,593	739,266
-	´ -	, <u>-</u>	-	-	,
882,112	919,975	955,191	1,189,857	991,593	739,266
\$ 7,535,246	\$ 5,918,202	\$ 2,160,564	\$ 2,504,858	\$ 2,357,298	\$ 1,921,214
,,-		. , , , -	. ,- , ,	, ,,	7 7
\$ (4,695,995)	\$ (5,289,363)	\$ (7,504,614)	\$ (7,229,820)	\$ (6,488,855)	\$ (6,344,384)
(755,817)	(315,864)	(253,787)	(186,657)	(163,955)	(384,233)
\$ (5,451,812)	\$ (5,605,227)	\$ (7,758,401)	\$ (7,416,477)	\$ (6,652,810)	\$ (6,728,617)

Financial Trends Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		2023	2022	2021		2020	
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Pos	ition						
Governmental activities							
Taxes							
Property	\$	1,114,948	\$ 1,101,053	\$ 1,074,842	\$	1,053,561	
Hotel/motel		1,573,010	1,193,054	514,905		1,313,201	
Sales and Use		5,481,643	5,335,912	4,052,178		4,100,520	
Income		428,734	390,597	277,210		209,897	
Utility		283,863	367,586	367,669		482,233	
Off-track betting and amusement		-	457,705	229,203		522,511	
Entertainment		1,218,482	-	-		-	
Food and beverage		1,097,661	-	-		-	
Other		15,439	15,610	10,988		9,953	
Unrestricted investment earnings		57,752	10,581	56,870		329,167	
Miscellaneous		301,552	851,187	415,293		324,553	
Capital contribution		-	-	-		-	
Gain on sale of capital assets		-	18,983	-		1,795	
Transfers		(200,000)		_		<u>-</u>	
Total governmental activities		11,373,084	9,742,268	6,999,158		8,347,391	
Business-type activities							
Taxes							
Utility		386,403	389,193	375,539		414,953	
Off-track betting		-	-	-		-	
Miscellaneous		299	149	-		50	
Unrestricted investment earnings		4,892	572	1,766	18,584		
Gain on sale of capital assets		-	-	-		3,000	
Transfers		200,000	 	 _			
Total business-type activities		591,594	 389,914	377,305		436,587	
Total primary government	\$	11,964,678	\$ 10,132,182	\$ 7,376,463	\$	8,783,978	
Change in Net Position							
Governmental activities	\$	3,637,631	\$ 4,495,316	\$ 1,743,444	\$	2,272,350	
Business-type activities		67,029	 34,473	 10,716		95,588	
Total primary government/change in							
net position	\$	3,704,660	\$ 4,529,789	\$ 1,754,160	\$	2,367,938	

Data Source

	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	
\$	1,025,782	\$	998,001	\$	978,529	\$	975,181	\$	952,432	\$	931,324	
	1,562,493		1,613,857		1,671,769		1,830,536		1,631,069		1,475,414	
	4,157,426		3,993,719		5,123,266		3,942,630		3,947,756		3,694,912	
	220,636		207,702		201,210		218,280		214,991		203,794	
	518,145		716,241		735,704		855,468		800,514		924,907	
	685,930		568,214		420,124		421,059		407,817		414,395	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	9,701		6,965		5,725		5,297		3,794		5,413	
	259,846		99,766		27,275		35,384		(51,087)		35,816	
	303,390		279,799		236,162		204,119		148,252		63,475	
	-		151,085		-		292,915		-		-	
	_		-		_				_		_	
	(1,665,000)		-		_		_		_		_	
	7,078,349		8,635,349		9,399,764		8,780,869		8,055,538		7,749,450	
	_											
	436,154		280,265		285,671		274,371		453,109		474,542	
	430,134		280,203		203,071		2/4,3/1		433,109		474,342	
	_		_		_		_		_		_	
	12,946		2,675		1,002		352		205		151	
			_,=,=,=		-,		-				-	
	1,665,000		-		-		-		-		-	
	2,114,100		282,940		286,673		274,723		453,314		474,693	
\$	9,192,449	\$	8,918,289	\$	9,686,437	\$	9,055,592	\$	8,508,852	\$	8,224,143	
¢	2 202 254	¢	2 245 006	Ф	1 905 150	¢	1 551 040	¢	1 566 602	¢	1 405 066	
\$	2,382,354 1,358,283	\$	3,345,986	\$	1,895,150 32,886	\$	1,551,049 88,066	\$	1,566,683 289,359	\$	1,405,066 90,460	
_	1,330,403	_	(32,924)		32,000		00,000	_	207,339		70,400	
\$	3,740,637	\$	3,313,062	\$	1,928,036	\$	1,639,115	\$	1,856,042	\$	1,495,526	

Financial Trends Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		2023	2022			2021		2020
General Fund								
Nonspendable								
Prepaid items	\$	315,152	\$	303,888	\$	324,172	\$	275,148
Inventories		64,048		52,495		50,805		44,927
Restricted for								
DUI equipment		24,062		6,077		41,983		62,412
Committed to								
Storm water best management practice fee		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		9,616,218		8,005,561		6,735,420	7,759,438	
Total General Fund		10,019,480		8,368,021		7,152,380		8,141,925
All Other Governmental Funds								
Nonspendable								
Prepaid items		428		428		428		428
Advances		-		-		-		-
Restricted for								
Business district		-		-		-		-
Maintenance of roadways		545,887		661,564		577,262		474,986
Debt service		1,484,491		1,091,768		679,377	283,580	
Committed to								
Capital improvements		5,995,304		4,800,764		3,678,389		2,675,241
Assigned to								
Capital projects		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		(4,595)		(1,032)		(735)		(403)
Total all other governmental funds		8,021,515		6,553,492		4,934,721		3,433,832
Total all governmental funds	\$	18,040,995	\$	14,921,513	\$	12,087,101	\$	11,575,757

Data Source

 2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$ 247,684	\$ 218,348	\$ 201,243	\$ 196,598	\$ 161,489	\$ 121,216
40,717	48,054	39,801	33,719	35,295	38,701
31,840	19,778	40,548	99,694	62,595	55,092
-	-	-	2,363	2,363	316
 9,786,309	 8,575,827	 6,379,449	5,819,950	5,362,966	4,980,150
10,106,550	 8,862,007	6,661,041	 6,152,324	5,624,708	5,195,475
-	-	-	-	-	70,593
					, 0,0,0
-	-	-	-	-	1,351
441,116	427,598	405,047	455,568	444,443	423,333
552,177	548,596	532,220	513,326	527,103	549,952
2,417,907	2,877,737	1,730,100	516,753	4,031,836	7,018,444
-	-	-	-	-	-
(104)					
3,411,096	3,853,931	 2,667,367	1,485,647	5,003,382	8,063,673
\$ 13,517,646	\$ 12,715,938	\$ 9,328,408	\$ 7,637,971	\$ 10,628,090	\$ 13,259,148

Financial Trends

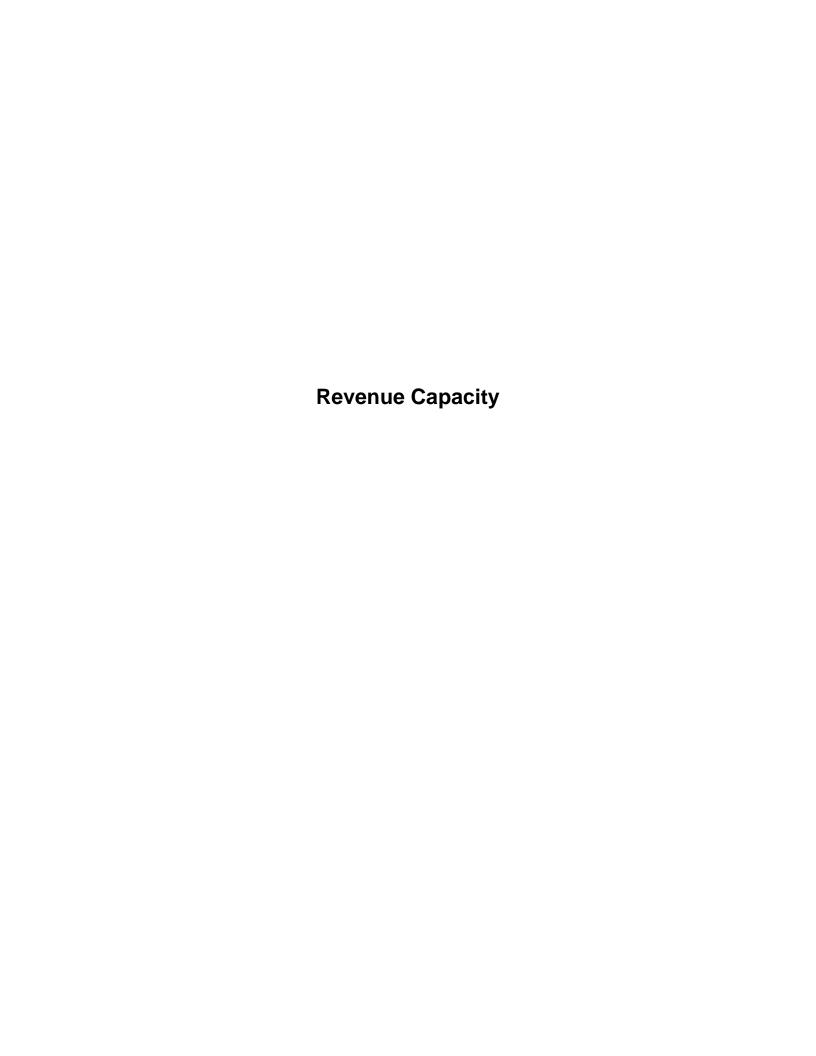
Changes in Fund Balance and Percentage of Debt Service to Noncapital Expenditures of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		2023		2022	2021	2020		2019
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	7,960,230	\$	6,253,741	\$ 4,359,381	\$ 5,478,338	\$	5,891,992
Intergovernmental		3,758,341		3,709,291	2,871,678	2,582,876		2,605,017
Charges for services		27,893		35,954	36,190	37,576		54,848
Fines and forfeitures		2,334,982		3,277,857	2,951,600	4,573,354		5,586,706
Fees, licenses & permits		640,568		572,426	775,513	598,544		695,108
Investment income		57,752		10,581	56,870	329,167		259,846
Grants		-		-	-	910		-
Miscellaneous		504,572		362,358	290,074	300,079		302,966
Total revenues		15,284,338		14,222,208	11,341,306	13,900,844		15,396,483
Expenditures								
General government		2,971,011		2,430,864	2,623,744	2,263,754		2,060,145
Public safety		6,590,088		6,930,694	6,732,363	7,524,710		7,333,465
Public services		882,675		653,994	593,226	695,847		640,000
Tourism		133,835		122,332	52,040	88,765		152,794
Capital outlay		618,686		613,878	193,144	1,054,450		1,830,776
Debt service				,	,	,,		,,
Principal		550,000		505,000	475,000	3,910,000		610,000
Interest		216,930		153,853	169,121	311,561		329,595
Fees and issuance costs		1,631		1,231	51,863	2,947		_
Total expenditures		11,964,856		11,411,846	10,890,501	15,852,034		12,956,775
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		3,319,482	_	2,810,362	450,805	(1,951,190)		2,439,708
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Bond proceeds		-		-	1,900,000	-		_
Proceeds on capital asset disposal		_		24,050	11,500	9,301		27,000
Premium (discount) on bonds		_		-	198,445	-		-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-		-	(2,049,406)	-		_
Transfers in		-		40,166	-	2,950,000		_
Transfers out		(200,000)		(40,166)	-	(2,950,000)		(1,665,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(200,000)		24,050	60,539	9,301		(1,638,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	3,119,482	\$	2,834,412	\$ 511,344	\$ (1,941,889)	\$	801,708
Debt Service as a Percentage of								
Noncapital Expenditures								
Total expenditures	\$	11,964,856	\$	11,411,846	\$ 10,890,501	\$ 15,852,034	\$	12,956,775
Less capital outlay*	_	(728,901)		(547,983)	 (270,072)	 (1,102,860)	_	(1,844,568)
Net noncapital expenditures	\$	11,235,955	\$	10,863,863	\$ 10,620,429	\$ 14,749,174	\$	11,112,207
Total debt service	\$	766,930	\$	658,853	\$ 644,121	\$ 4,221,561	\$	939,595
Percentage of Debt Service to Noncapital		c 0261		- 0-6:	. 0.00	20. 6261		0.466
Expenditures		6.83%		6.06%	6.06%	28.62%		8.46%

Data Source

2018			2017		2016		2015		2014
\$	5,912,924	\$	6,369,095	\$	6,004,754	\$	5,662,550	\$	5,440,689
·	2,474,218		3,013,431		2,440,688		2,545,397	·	2,297,431
	46,324		77,158		30,107		70,453		45,743
	4,025,831		187,134		233,507		300,198		371,837
	624,207		646,509		752,595		628,094		589,650
	99,766		27,275		35,384		(51,087)		35,816
	-		-		-		-		-
	299,221		284,535		304,420		265,638		150,232
	13,482,491		10,605,137		9,801,455		9,421,243		8,931,398
	2,014,805		1,978,635		1,856,583		1,795,041		1,607,455
	6,281,282		4,541,870		4,459,476		4,192,260		3,774,995
	587,800		663,454		587,276		634,206		618,875
	166,971		169,897		168,873		201,514		259,324
	156,488		650,281		4,837,671		4,375,050		2,059,131
	130,400		050,201		4,037,071		4,373,030		2,037,131
	570,000		550,000		505,000		465,000		405,000
	343,365		360,563		376,695		389,230		393,859
	-		<u>-</u>		-		-		-
	10,120,711		8,914,700		12,791,574		12,052,301		9,118,639
	3,361,780		1,690,437		(2,990,119)		(2,631,058)		(187,241)
	3,301,700		1,000,107		(2,770,117)	-	(2,031,030)		(107,211)
	-		-		-		-		3,695,000
	25,750		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		138,604
	-		-		-		-		(3,747,538)
	-		-		-		1,291		341,161
					-		(1,291)		(341,161)
	25,750				<u> </u>		-		86,066
\$	3,387,530	\$	1,690,437	\$	(2,990,119)	\$	(2,631,058)	\$	(101,175)
								_	
\$	10,120,711	\$	8,914,700	\$	12,791,574	\$	12,052,301	\$	9,118,639
Ψ	(196,024)	Ψ	(783,845)	Ψ	(4,403,834)	Ψ	(2,113,972)	Ψ	(560,426)
	(170,021)		(703,013)		(1,103,031)		(2,113,772)		(500,120)
\$	9,924,687	\$	8,130,855	\$	8,384,476	\$	9,938,329	\$	8,558,213
\$	913,365	\$	910,563	\$	881,695	\$	819,832	\$	764,461
Ψ	713,303	Ψ	710,505	Ψ	001,0/3	Ψ	017,032	Ψ	701,101
	9.20%		11.20%		10.52%		8.25%		8.93%



Revenue Capacity Taxable Sales by Category (in thousands) Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year		2022*	2021	2020	2019
General merchandise, manufacturers, lumber, building and hardware, furniture, household and radio**	\$	600,973	\$ 599,702	\$ 556,371	\$ 510,865
Food		456,340	418,013	408,366	398,026
Drinking and eating places		758,627	648,606	438,667	644,972
Apparel		109,298	90,854	67,690	112,413
Automobile and filling stations		495,341	228,891	204,538	221,228
Drugs and miscellaneous retail		469,339	445,175	246,545	261,265
Agriculture and all others		186,600	168,318	 139,677	 140,090
	\$	3,076,518	\$ 2,599,559	\$ 2,061,854	\$ 2,288,859
City statutorily allocated sales tax rate		1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
% Change from prior year		18.3%	26.1%	(9.9)%	3.3%

^{*}Taxable sales information for calendar year 2022 is the most current available.

Sales Tax is imposed on a seller's receipts from sales of tangible personal property for use or consumption. Tangible personal property does not include real estate, stocks, bonds and other "paper" assets representing an interest. The above-referenced Sales Tax catergories are determined by the State of Illinois.

Data Source

Illinois Department of Revenue

_	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	2013	
	\$	485,314	\$	1,426,424	\$	160,755	\$ 467,154	\$	450,552	\$	461,897
		402,524		407,381		386,547	376,340		382,059		339,224
		601,314		603,214		600,115	534,615		494,477		479,582
		124,015		116,599		101,346	111,261		105,340		106,991
		195,234		142,986		125,984	184,137		147,759		181,782
		257,348		(113,289)		592,037	264,656		268,287		252,907
_		150,477		132,284		160,299	222,787		208,223		164,659
=	\$	2,216,225	\$	2,715,599	\$	2,127,085	\$ 2,160,950	\$	2,056,696	\$	1,987,042
		1.00%		1.00%		1.00%	1.00%		1.00%		1.00%
		(18.4)%		27.7%		(1.6)%	5.1%		3.5%		0.0%

Revenue Capacity Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Issuing Body	2023	2022	2021	2020
DIRECT (Locally Imposed):				
City of Oakbrook Terrace	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
OVERLAPPING (State Imposed):				
State of Illinois	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
DuPage County	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%
DuPage Water Commission (1)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Regional Transportation Authority	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%
City of Oakbrook Terrace	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
Total Overlapping	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%
Total sales tax rate	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%

⁽¹⁾ The DuPage Water Commission .25 sales tax expired May 31, 2016.

Data Source

Illinois Department of Revenue

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%
0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%
1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.25%	7.25%	7.25%
8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.25%	8.25%	8.25%

Revenue Capacity Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Levy Years

	Residential			Comme	rcial		Ratio of			
Levy Year	Amount	% of Total Assessed Value		Amount	% of Total Assessed Value	Total Assessed Value	Assessed Value to Estimated Actual Value		Estimated Actual Value	City Property Tax Rate*
2022	\$ 65,823,430	19.9%	\$	260,460,850	79.8%	\$ 326,284,280	0.333	\$	978,852,840	0.3283
2021	63,607,788	19.9%		255,521,280	80.1%	319,129,068	0.333		957,387,204	0.3349
2020	61,687,032	19.4%		255,607,660	80.6%	317,294,692	0.333		951,884,076	0.3316
2019	59,074,315	19.2%		249,395,580	80.8%	308,469,895	0.333		925,409,685	0.3332
2018	55,203,783	19.1%		234,340,390	80.9%	289,544,173	0.333		868,632,519	0.3476
2017	50,720,681	18.3%		226,655,730	81.7%	277,376,411	0.333		832,129,233	0.3535
2016	46,576,075	18.2%		209,574,610	81.8%	256,150,685	0.333		768,452,055	0.3715
2015	42,535,916	17.5%		200,963,990	82.5%	243,499,906	0.333		730,499,718	0.3851
2014	44,963,360	19.8%		182,572,150	80.2%	227,535,510	0.333		682,606,530	0.4070
2013	45,777,905	20.3%		179,296,420	79.7%	225,074,325	0.333		675,222,975	0.4035

^{*}Property tax rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation.

Property in the City is reassessed each year.

Data Source

Office of DuPage County Clerk

Revenue Capacity Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Levy Years

Tax Levy Year	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Fiscal Year	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
DIRECT - City of Oakbrook Terrace					
General	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Police Pension	0.3283	0.3349	0.3316	0.3332	0.3476
Total direct rate	0.3283	0.3349	0.3316	0.3332	0.3476
OVERLAPPING					
DuPage County	0.1428	0.1587	0.1609	0.1655	0.1673
DuPage County Forest Preserve District	0.1130	0.1177	0.1205	0.1242	0.1278
DuPage Airport Authority	0.0139	0.0144	0.0148	0.0141	0.0146
DuPage County Spc Svc 25 (1)	0.0000	0.0000	0.8988	0.9420	0.9379
Oakbrook Terrace Spc Svc 2	0.9506	1.0152	1.0706	1.0158	1.0861
Oakbrook Terrace Park District	0.4298	0.4268	0.4214	0.4335	0.4592
Oakbrook Terrace Fire District	0.8130	0.8009	0.7746	0.7880	0.8235
York Center Fire	0.8442	0.8382	0.8308	0.8423	0.9130
York Center Park District	0.4370	0.4238	0.4276	0.4585	0.4684
York Township	0.0908	0.0890	0.0886	0.0894	0.0909
Grade School District 45	3.4927	3.4361	3.4287	3.3180	3.5257
Grade School District 48	1.3543	1.5416	1.5504	1.5578	1.6009
High School District 88	2.0542	2.0378	2.0537	2.0906	2.1815
College DuPage 502	0.1946	0.2037	0.2114	0.2112	0.2317
Total direct and overlapping rates	11.2592	11.4388	12.3844	12.3841	12.9761

Rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation.

Special service area is not based on assessed value.

The purpose of this overlapping property tax rates schedule is to present comparative rate data for other governmental bodies extend rates against the City's revenue base, so that a sense of "overall" property tax burden on the City's taxpayers may be that determined. However, different overlapping governmental rates may apply for individual parcels, dependent upon each individual parcel's geographic location within the City.

(1) The Westlands Subdivision Sewer Project Spc Svc Area 25 matured in 2022.

Data Source

Office of DuPage County Clerk

2017 2019	2016 2018	2015 2017	2014 2016	2013 2015
0.0000	0.0000	-	0.0059	0.0674
0.3535	0.3715	0.3851	0.4011	0.3361
0.3535	0.3715	0.3851	0.4070	0.4035
0.1749	0.1848	0.1971	0.2057	0.2040
0.1306	0.1514	0.1622	0.1691	0.1657
0.0166	0.0176	0.0188	0.0196	0.0178
1.0279	1.1394	1.2562	1.2665	1.2901
1.0535	1.1570	1.3205	1.5080	1.4099
0.4828	0.5172	0.5365	0.5639	0.5530
0.8487	0.8789	0.9194	0.9596	0.7723
0.8160	0.8891	0.9264	0.9674	0.9215
0.4771	0.4999	0.5274	0.5474	0.5394
0.0924	0.0952	0.1002	0.1049	0.1017
3.6219	3.7870	4.0035	3.9651	3.8736
1.6577	1.4198	1.4773	1.5491	1.5030
2.2462	2.3995	2.5477	2.5581	2.4373
0.2431	0.2626	0.2786	0.2975	0.2956
13.2429	13.7709	14.6569	15.0889	14.4884

Revenue Capacity Principal Property Taxpayers 2022 Tax Levy and Nine Years Ago

Assessed Valuation Year		2022		2013				
Taxpayer	Equalized Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total City Equalized Assessed Valuation		Equalized Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total City Equalized Assessed Valuation	
Oakbrook Terrace Tower	\$ 36,582,670	1	11.21%	\$	30,511,320	1	13.56%	
Versailles North Association	28,859,840	2	8.84%		17,860,230	2	7.94%	
Mid America Plaza	18,333,330	3	5.62%		12,936,030	3	5.75%	
Commonwealth Edison	17,314,540	4	5.31%		7,452,230	4	3.31%	
One Lincoln Center	12,005,190	5	3.68%		-		0.00%	
Park View Plaza	9,439,840	6	2.89%		7,104,310	5	3.16%	
Parkway Bank and Trust	8,220,830	7	2.52%		7,403,860	6	3.29%	
Regency Place	7,488,330	8	2.30%		4,035,220	10	1.79%	
Oakbrook Terrace Corporate Center III	7,228,460	9	2.22%		4,854,410	8	2.16%	
One Oakbrook Terrace (formerly Northern Trust)	5,877,140	10	1.80%		3,424,470	9	1.52%	
Joint Commission	 				5,031,290	. 7	2.24%	
Totals	 151,350,170		46.39%		100,613,370	į	44.70%	
City Equalized Assessed Value	\$ 326,284,280		100.00%	\$	225,074,325	-	100.00%	

Data Source

DuPage County Clerk's Office

Revenue Capacity Retailers' Occupation, Service Occupation and Use Tax Last Ten Fiscal Years

Cianal .	State Salas Tay	A	Change
Fiscal Year	Sales Tax Distributions	Annual (_
rear	Distributions	Amount	Percentage
2023	\$ 5,348,977	\$ 859,747	16.51%
2022	5,208,724	1,266,018	32.11%
2021	3,942,706	(60,010)	(1.50)%
2020	4,002,716	(76,719)	(1.88)%
2019	4,079,435	161,667	4.13%
2018	3,917,768	(1,128,493)	(22.36)%
2017	5,046,261	1,166,350	30.06%
2016	3,879,911	(17,044)	(0.44)%
2015	3,896,955	249,749	6.85%
2014	3,647,206	49,869	1.39%

Data Source

Illinois Department of Revenue

Revenue Capacity Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Tax Levy Year Fiscal Year Collected	2022 2024	2021 2023	2020 2022	2019 2021		
Equalized assessed valuation	\$ 326,284,280	\$ 319,129,068	\$ 317,294,692	\$	308,469,895	
General tax levy extension	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	
Police Pension tax levy extension	1,071,191	1,068,763	1,052,149		1,027,822	
Special service area tax levy extension	46,966	 48,885	50,803		47,432	
Total tax levy extension	\$ 1,118,157	\$ 1,117,648	\$ 1,102,952	\$	1,075,254	
Total tax collections	 (1)	\$ 1,114,948	\$ 1,101,053	\$	1,074,842	
Percent of total tax collections to total tax levy extension		 99.76%	 99.83%		99.96%	

^{(1) 2022} Tax Levy to be collected in Fiscal Year 2024.

Property in the City is reassessed each year. Property is assessed at 33% of actual value.

Data Source

2018 2017 2020 2019		2016 2018		2015 2017		2014 2016	2013 2015		
\$ 289,544,173	\$	277,376,411	\$	256,150,685	\$	243,499,906	\$ 227,535,510	\$	225,074,325
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 13,425	\$	151,700
1,006,456		980,526		951,600		937,718	912,645		756,475
49,111		45,395		46,730		48,061	49,394		45,381
\$ 1,055,567	\$	1,025,921	\$	998,330	\$	985,779	\$ 975,464	\$	953,556
\$ 1,053,562	\$	1,025,782	\$	998,001	\$	978,529	\$ 975,181	\$	952,432
 99.81%		99.99%		99.97%		99.26%	99.97%	_	99.88%

Revenue Capacity Hotel Tax Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Issuing Body	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Hotel tax	\$ 1,481,913	\$ 1,104,501	\$ 469,650	\$ 1,248,064	\$ 1,484,271
Online hotel taxes	40,486	28,229	18,963	27,064	29,151
Extended stay hotel taxes	50,611	60,324	26,292	38,073	49,071
Total	1,573,010	1,193,054	514,905	1,313,201	1,562,493
Percentage change	31.8%	131.7%	(60.8)%	(16.0)%	(3.2)%

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
4.1.505.04 6	ф. 1.55 с 200	Φ 1 626 074	Ф 1.540.14 7	ф. 1. 410. 40 <i>с</i>
\$ 1,527,946	\$ 1,556,389	\$ 1,626,074	\$ 1,549,147	\$ 1,410,486
30,518	25,411	-	-	-
55,393	89,969	105,191	81,922	64,928
1,613,857	1,671,769	1,731,265	1,631,069	1,475,414
(3.5)%	(3.4)%	6.1%	10.5%	2.1%



Debt Capacity Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Go	vernmental Activ	/ities	Business-Type Activities				
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Special Service Area Bonds	Installment Contract Payable	General Obligation Bonds	Special Service Area Bonds	Installment Contract Payable		
2023	\$ 4,481,227	\$ 130,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
2022	5,020,574	170,000	-	-	-	-		
2021	5,515,113	210,000	-	-	-	-		
2020	5,904,663	245,000	-	-	-	-		
2019	9,787,310	280,000	-	-	-	-		
2018	10,374,957	310,000	-	1,165,000	-	-		
2017	10,922,604	340,000	-	1,335,000	-	-		
2016	11,450,251	370,000	-	1,560,000	-	-		
2015	11,932,898	400,000	-	1,765,000	-	-		
2014	12,270,000	425,000	-	1,930,000	-	-		

N/A - Not available

Data Source

A brief description of the City's outstanding debt may be found in the paragraphs below.

In 2006, the City issued \$600,000 of special service area unlimited ad valorem special tax bonds to provide a potable water supply and distribution for several office buildings.

In 2008, the City issued \$5.0 million of general obligation debt to finance the new Public Services Facility.

In **2010**, the City issued \$3.9 million in general obligation debt and \$325,000 in taxable business district bonds to provide an economic stimulus for the redevelopment of the Oakbrook Terrace Square Shopping Center.

In **2012**, the City issued \$2.8 million in general obligation debt and \$1.1 million in taxable business district bonds to provide the final economic stimulus payment for the redevelopment of the Oakbrook Terrace Square Shopping Center.

In **2022**, Bond series 2012B General Obligation Bonds were repaid before the maturity date, saving the City approximately \$110,000 to \$120,000 in principle and interest payements per year.

^{*} Refer to the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

Total utstanding Debt of Primary overnment	Total Outstanding Debt as a Percentage of Personal Income*	Outs De	Total standing ebt Per apita*
\$ 4,611,227	2.32%	\$	1,676
5,190,574	3.06%		1,887
5,725,113	2.88%		2,082
6,149,663	4.02%		2,882
10,067,310	6.33%		4,718
11,849,957	7.78%		5,553
12,597,604	8.66%		5,903
13,380,251	9.04%		6,270
14,097,898	10.19%		6,606
14,625,000	16.99%		6,853

Debt Capacity

Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Levy Years

Tax Levy Year	2023	2022	2021	2020
Population (1)	2,751	2,751	2,751	2,134
Assessed value (2)	\$ 326,284,280	\$ 319,129,068	\$ 317,294,692	\$ 308,469,895
Gross general obligation bonded debt (Tax supported debt only) (3)	4,481,227	5,020,574	5,515,113	5,904,663
Less debt service funds* (3)	1,484,491	1,091,768	678,643	283,580
Net general obligation bonded debt	2,996,736	3,928,806	4,836,470	5,621,083
Ratio of net general obligation bonded debt to assessed value	0.92%	1.23%	1.52%	1.82%
Net general obligation bonded debt per capita	1,089	1,428	1,758	2,634

Data Source

- (1) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census
- (2) Office of the County Clerk
- (3) City Records

 2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
2,134	2,134	2,134	2,134	2,134	2,134
\$ 289,544,173	\$ 277,376,411	\$ 256,150,685	\$ 243,499,906	\$ 227,535,510	\$ 225,074,325
9,787,310	11,539,957	12,257,604	13,010,251	13,697,898	14,625,000
552,177	548,596	532,220	513,324	527,103	549,952
9,235,133	10,991,361	11,725,384	12,496,927	13,170,795	14,075,048
3.19%	3.96%	4.58%	5.13%	5.79%	6.25%
4,328	5,151	5,495	5,856	6,172	6,596

Debt Capacity Schedule of Direct and Overlapping Debt - General Obligation Debt April 30, 2023

	(1) Gross Debt	(2) Percentage of Debt Applicable to City of Oakbrook Terrace	(3) City of Dakbrook Terrace are of Debt
City of Oakbrook Terrace	\$ 4,481,227	100.00%	\$ 4,481,227
Other governments			
Grade School District 45	54,485,000	8.73%	4,756,541
Grade School District 48	-	28.21%	-
High School District #88	53,365,000	9.61%	5,128,377
College of DuPage 502	122,060,000	0.66%	805,596
DuPage County	82,995,000	0.74%	614,163
Forest Preserve	80,425,000	0.74%	595,145
Oakbrook Terrace Park District	-	70.06%	-
York Center Park District		25.61%	
	393,330,000		 11,899,822
Total other governments	\$ 397,811,227		\$ 16,381,049

- (1) As of August 18, 2022. Amount includes general obligation/alternate revenue bonds series.
- (2) Determined by ratio of assessed value of property in City of Oakbrook Terrace subject to taxation to property subject to taxation in the government unit noted above.
- (3) Amount in column (1) multiplied by amount in column (2).

Data Source

(1) Business District 2012A Bond Refinance Official Statement

Debt Capacity Schedule of Legal Debt Margin April 30, 2023

The City is a home rule municipality.

Article VII, Section 6(k) of the 1970 Illinois Constitution governs computation of legal debt margin.

"The General Assembly may limit by law the amount and require referendum approval of debt to be incurred by home rule municipalities, payable from ad valorem property tax receipts, only in excess of the following percentage of the assessed value of its taxable property [...] (3) if its population is 25,000 or less, an aggregate of one-half percent. Indebtedness which is outstanding on the effective date of this constitution (July 1, 1971) or which is thereafter approved by referendum or assumed from another unit of local government shall not be included in the foregoing percentage amounts."

To date the General Assembly has set no debt limits for home rule municipalities.

Demographic and Economic Information	

Demographic and Economic Information Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Estimated Total			Unem	ployment Rate	es (3)
_	Fiscal Year	Population <i>(1)</i>	Personal Income of Population (2)	P	er Capita ersonal come <i>(2)</i>	City of Oakbrook Terrace	DuPage County	State of Illinois
	2023	2,751	\$ 167,153,511	\$	60,761	4.7%	4.8%	4.9%
	2022	2,751	169,359,813		61,563	5%	4.5%	6.1%
	2021	2,751	198,968,826		72,326	N/A	5.9%	7.5%
	2020	2,134	153,048,346		71,719	10%	7.9%	9.5%
	2019	2,134	158,983,000		74,500	3.0%	3.1%	4.0%
	2018	2,134	152,290,776		71,364	2.5%	3.3%	4.4%
	2017	2,134	145,468,378		68,167	4.6%	4.0%	5.0%
	2016	2,134	147,956,622		69,333	5.4%	4.8%	5.9%
	2015	2,134	138,310,942		64,813	4.4%	4.8%	6.0%
	2014	2,134	86,074,890		40,335	5.0%	5.8%	7.2%

The U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census defines personal income as a measure of income received from all sources by residents of the City during a calendar year.

Data Source

- (1) U.S. Census Bureau data based upon 2020 Census.
- (2) U.S. Census Bureau, 2016-2020 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.
- (3) Illinois Department of Employment Security, Economic Information and Analysis Illinois Department of Employment Security and Bureau of Labor Statistics rates that are not seasonally adjusted. The 2019 rates are based upon the average rate from January through June 2019.

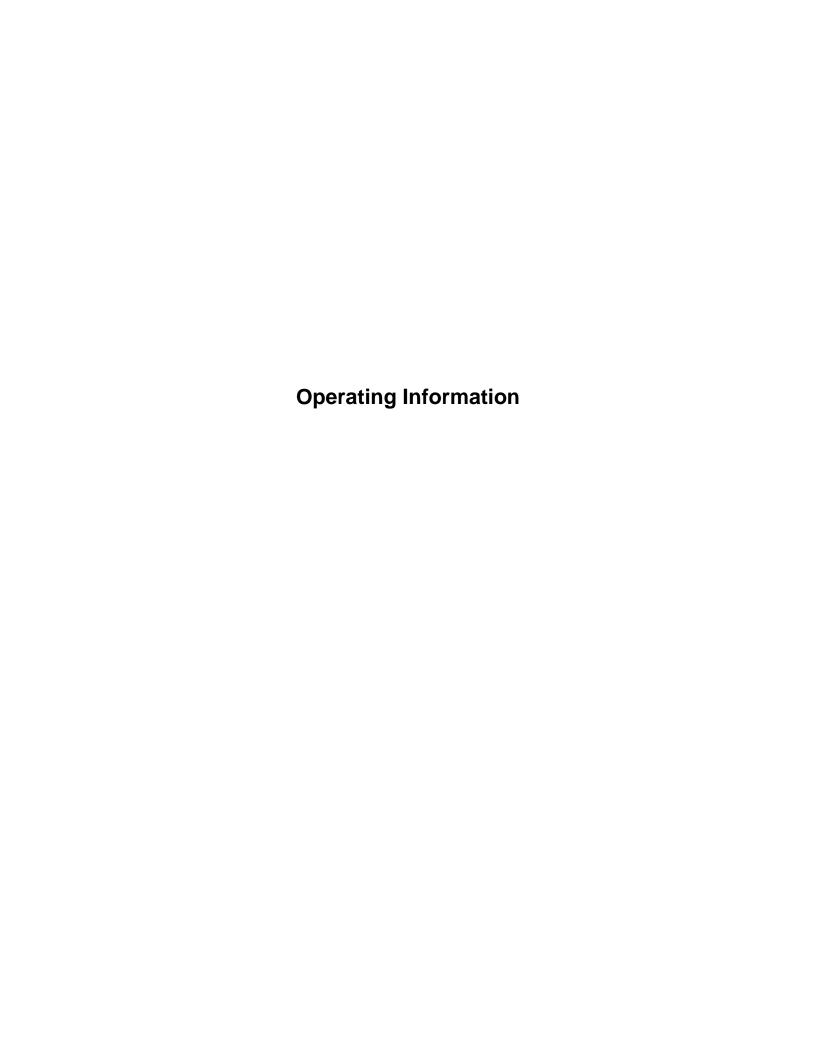
Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal City Employers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

			2023			2013	
			Approximate	Percent of Total City		Approximate	Percent of Total City
Employer	Product/Service	Rank	Employment (1)	Population	Rank	Employment (2)	Population
Exelon	Utility	1	1,870	40.6%			
Joint Commission on Accreditation	Health Care Facility Accreditation	2	500	10.9%	3	500	12.5%
Robert Bosch	Automotive Products	2	500	10.9%			
McCain Foods USA, Inc.	Food Distributor Corporate Headquarters	2	500	10.9%			
SIRVA, Inc.	Moving & Relocation Service Provider	3	300	6.5%			
ACH Food Companies, Inc.	Food Products	3	300	6.5%			
Barcoding, Inc.	System Integrators	4	150	3.3%			
Hassett Express, LLC	Transportation and Logistics	5	140	3.0%			
Matson Logistics, Inc.	Transportation and Logistics	6	100	2.2%			
vAuto, Inc.	Automotive Management	7	90	2.0%			
Sara Lee Frozen Bakery	Food Distributor Corporate Headquarters	8	65	1.4%			
Silvon Software, Inc.	Software Development	9	50	1.1%			
CBC Customhouse Brokers, Inc.	International Freight Forwarding & Custom House Brokerage	10	40	0.9%			
Redbox Automated Retail, LLC	Rental and Leasing Services				1	800	20.1%
Salem Group	Full Service Staffing Services				2	600	15.1%
Crowe Horwath, LLP	Accounting				4	500	12.5%
Computer Sciences Corp. Consulting Group	Computer and Management Consultants				5	450	11.3%
Experis	Project Implementation & Management Services				6	325	8.2%
Invesco LTD.	Investment Services				7	250	6.3%
Graycor	Industrial Buildings and Warehouses				8	225	5.6%
Safeway Services LLC	Industrial Coating and Painting				9	180	4.5%
Mid-America Asset Management	Real Estate				10	155	3.9%
Total			4,605			3,985	

Data Source

2023 Industry Select and selective telephone survey

2010 Illinois Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity and selective telephone survey



Operating Information Operating Indicators Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2023	2022	2021
General Government			
Building and zoning			
Permits issued	244	282	245
Inspections conducted	532	569	564
Business licenses issued	377	393	415
Complaints/service requests responded to	440	68	151
Vehicle maintenance			
General government equipment repairs	562	581	549
Utilities equipment repairs	201	166	168
ublic Safety - Police			
Traffic collision investigations	385	348	269
Administrative tows (first collected in January 2010)	58	32	13
Incident investigations	471	586	416
Traffic citations	997	993	433
Parking citations	131	75	30
Arrests	184	212	131
ighways and Streets			
Street repairs - tons of asphalt spread	75	40	30
Sidewalk repairs - cubic yards of concrete poured	30	15	10
Snow and ice control/plowed miles	6,765	18,707	16,096
Snow and ice control/salted miles	2,255	6,235	5,652
Number of street signs replaced	69	69	47
Mailboxes replaced	65	91	69
Number of snow events	11	17	21
ublic Services			
Waterworks and sewerage systems			
Number of JULIE Locates	1,611	1,335	1,237
Number of metered customers	558	558	557
Number of nonmetered customers	0	0	(
Number of customers using both water and sewer at end of year	558	558	557
Number of customers using water only at end of year	558	558	557
Number of customers served by water system at end of year	558	558	557
Maximum daily pumping capacity (MGD)*	0.500	0.500	0.500
Average daily pumpage (MGD)	0.270	0.262	0.232
Gallons of water purchased (MGD)	98,676,000	93,724,000	82,856,000
Gallons of water pumped (MG)**	101,322,000	95,444,000	84,954,000
Gallons of water sold (billed) (MG)	97,489,000	72,517,000	69,909,000
Total gallons received at water reclamation facility (MGD)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Users discharging nondomestic and industrial wastes and	N/A	N/A	N/A
volumes of wastes discharged			

^{*} MGD = million gallons per day

N/A = Not applicable

Data Source

^{**} MG = million gallons

[^] Per calendar year

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
294	327	326	348	355	291	280
521	552	602	699	837	621	875
416	360	349	364	388	422	397
121	265	210	106	226	131	171
575	561	565	552	561	548	550
173	169	171	165	166	160	158
386	455	518	466	494	428	410
48	62	111	151	131	190	342
502	559	665	656	1,037	712	834
1,154	944	1,186	1,432	1,982	3,177	4,205
445	676	346	333	498	466	537
150	180	317	311	359	426	605
45	40	50	45	40	45	40
20	15	25	30	20	60	50
12,349	15,577	12,577	8,571	8,416	8,212	9,944
4,930	6,230	5,030	1,310	3,366	3,284	3,860
54	41	38	43	42	85	65
N/A						
18	31	24	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,117	1,114	1,486	1,417	N/A	N/A	N/A
556	555	561	551	546	542	538
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
556	555	561	551	546	542	538
556	555	561	551	546	542	538
556	555	561	551	546	542	538
0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500
0.236	0.243	0.247	0.254	0.241	0.230	0.185
86,221,000	87,566,000	90,272,000	92,475,350	87,965,000	83,950,000	67,525,000
86,230,000	88,864,000	90,272,000	92,475,350	87,965,000	83,950,000	67,525,000
80,201,000	86,198,000	88,335,500	88,776,336	82,490,000	76,950,000	60,955,000
N/A						
N/A						

Operating Information Ten Largest Consumers Waterworks and Sewerage Systems Current Fiscal Year and Ten Years Ago

		2023		2013	
Property	Rank	Total Consumption In Millions Gallons	Rank	Total Consumption Gallons	
Regency Place	1	5,573,000			
Terra Vista Assisted Living	2	4,605,000			
Courtyard by Marriot	3	4,144,000			
Pete's Fresh Market	4	4,055,000	3	3,445,000	
Comfort Suites	5	3,526,000	2	3,611,000	
Mainstay by Choice	6	2,531,000			
Lincoln Property Company	7	2,350,000	1	7,570,000	
BP Amoco	8	2,086,000			
Staybridge Suites	9	1,507,000	4	3,140,000	
Redstone	10	1,487,000	6	2,646,000	
ComEd			5	2,740,000	
Gullivers			7	1,395,000	
Terrace Oaks II			8	1,046,000	
Giordanos			9	1,042,000	
Tilted Kilt			10	1,036,000	
Totals		31,864,000		27,671,000	

Data Source

Operating Information Full-Time Equivalent Employees Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
General Government					
Executive management	2.00	2.50	2.75	2.75	2.75
Finance	2.00	2.50	2.25	2.25	2.25
Legislative	0.50	0.50	0.50	1.00	1.00
Special events	-	-	-	-	-
Total general government	4.50	5.50	5.50	6.00	6.00
Public Safety					
Police					
Sworn	20.00	19.00	21.00	21.00	19.00
Nonsworn	3.00	4.00	7.10	7.10	7.10
Total public safety	23.00	23.00	28.10	28.10	26.10
City Services					
Building & zoning	3.50	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Public works	3.50	3.50	3.50	4.50	3.50
Utilities	3.00	2.50	3.00	3.00	3.00
Total City services	10.00	10.00	10.50	11.50	10.50
Total City	37.50	38.50	44.10	45.60	42.60

Data Source

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
3.50	3.50	2.00	3.00	2.00
1.50	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.90
1.00	1.00	0.50	0.50	0.50
-	-	1.00	-	0.70
6.00	6.50	4.50	4.50	5.10
19.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00
6.10	6.10	6.10	6.10	5.10
25.10	26.10	26.10	26.10	25.10
	• • •			
4.00	3.00	2.50	2.50	1.50
3.78	3.78	3.78	4.06	4.06
3.00	2.75	2.50	2.50	2.90
10.78	9.53	8.78	9.06	8.46
41.88	42.13	39.38	39.66	38.66

Operating Information Capital Asset Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
General Government					
Equipment maintenance vehicles	10	10	7	7	7
Public Safety - Police					
Vehicles					
Squad cars (marked)	8	9	9	8	7
Squad cars (unmarked)	5	3	3	4	5
Highways and Streets					
Streets (lane miles)	75	75	75	75	75
Right-of-ways (miles)	153	153	153	153	153
Traffic signals	3	3	2	2	1
Public Services					
Stormwater systems					
Stormwater mains (miles)	138	138	138	138	138
Waterworks and sewerage systems					
Vehicles	5	5	5	5	5
Water mains (miles)	14	14	14	14	14
Sanitary sewers (miles)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sanitary sewer lift stations	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

N/A - Not available

Data Source

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
6	6	6	5	5
7	7	7	6	7
6	7	7	8	8
75	75	75	75	75
153	153	153	153	153
1	1	1	1	1
138	138	138	138	138
5	5	5	5	5
14	14	14	14	14
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Operating Information Surety Bonds of Principal Officials April 30, 2023

Principal Official	Amount of Surety Bond	
Mayor	\$	3,000
City Administrator		10,000
Assistant to the Mayor and City Administrator		10,000
Chief of Police		10,000
City Clerk		10,000
Deputy Clerk (2)		10,000
Treasurer		10,000
Finance Director		10,000